Rochester Electronics

Datasheet

Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All recreations are done with the approval of the OCM.

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceed the OCM data sheet.

Quality Overview

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-35835
    - Class Q Military
    - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)
    - Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

MOTOROLA
SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

MC54/74HC154

1-of-16 Decoder/Demultiplexer

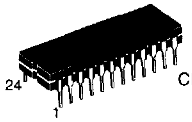
High–Performance Silicon–Gate CMOS

The MC54/74HC154 is identical in pinout to the LS154. The device inputs are compatible with standard CMOS outputs; with pullup resistors, they are compatible with LSTTL outputs.

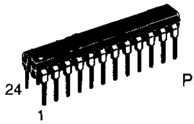
This device, when enabled, selects one of 16 active–low outputs. Two active–low Chip Selects are provided to facilitate the chip–select, demultiplexing, and cascading functions. When either Chip Select is high, all outputs are high. The demultiplexing function is accomplished by using the Address inputs to select the desired device output. Then, while holding one chip select input low, data can be applied to the other chip select input (see Application Note).

The HC154 is primarily used for memory address decoding and data routing applications.

- Output Drive Capability: 10 LSTTL Loads
- Outputs Directly Interface to CMOS, NMOS, and TTL
- Operating Voltage Range: 2 to 6 V
- Low Input Current: 1 µA
- High Noise Immunity Characteristic of CMOS Devices
- In Compliance with the Requirements Defined by JEDEC Standard No. 7A
- Chip Complexity: 192 FETs or 48 Equivalent Gates



J SUFFIX
CERAMIC PACKAGE
CASE 758–02



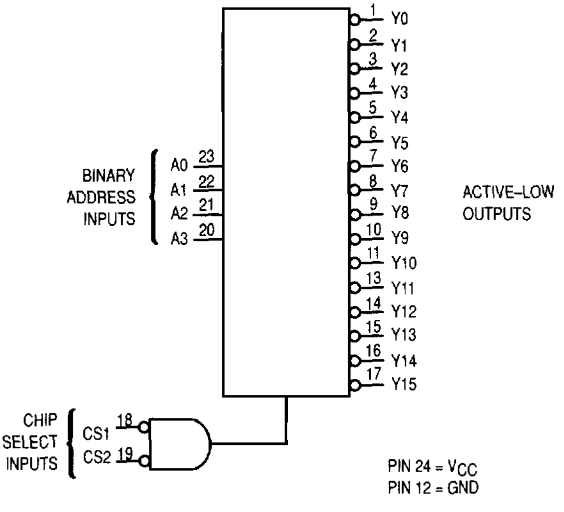
N SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 724–03

DW SUFFIX
SOIC PACKAGE
CASE 751E–04

ORDERING INFORMATION

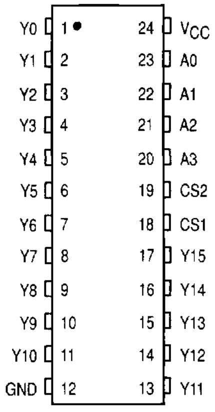
MC54HCXXXJ	Ceramic
MC74HCXXXN	Plastic
MC74HCXXXDW	SOIC

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN 24 = V_{CC}
PIN 12 = GND

PIN ASSIGNMENT



MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 0.5 to + 7.0	V
V_{in}	DC Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 1.5 to V_{CC} + 1.5	V
V_{out}	DC Output Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{in}	DC Input Current, per Pin	± 20	mA
I_{out}	DC Output Current, per Pin	± 25	mA
I_{CC}	DC Supply Current, V_{CC} and GND Pins	± 50	mA
P_D	Power Dissipation in Still Air, Plastic or Ceramic DIP† SOIC Package†	750 500	mW
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	– 65 to + 150	°C
T_L	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds (Plastic DIP) (Ceramic DIP or SOIC Package)	 260 300	°C

* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.
Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

†Derating — Plastic DIP: – 10 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C
Ceramic DIP: – 10 mW/°C from 100° to 125°C
SOIC Package: – 7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

For high frequency or heavy load considerations, see Chapter 2.

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation, V_{in} and V_{out} should be constrained to the range GND ≤ (V_{in} or V_{out}) ≤ V_{CC}.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V_{CC}). Unused outputs must be left open.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)		2.0	6.0	V
V_{in}, V_{out}	DC Input Voltage, Output Voltage (Referenced to GND)		0	V_{CC}	V
T_A	Operating Temperature, All Package Types		– 55	+ 125	°C
t_r, t_f	Input Rise and Fall Time (Figure 2)	V_{CC} = 2.0 V V_{CC} = 4.5 V V_{CC} = 6.0 V	0 0 0	1000 500 400	ns

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to GND)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V_{CC} V	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
				– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	
V_{IH}	Minimum High–Level Input Voltage	V_{out} = 0.1 V or V_{CC} – 0.1 V $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 20 µA	2.0 4.5 6.0	1.5 3.15 4.2	1.5 3.15 4.2	1.5 3.15 4.2	V
V_{IL}	Maximum Low–Level Input Voltage	V_{out} = 0.1 V or V_{CC} – 0.1 V $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 20 µA	2.0 4.5 6.0	0.3 0.9 1.2	0.3 0.9 1.2	0.3 0.9 1.2	V
V_{OH}	Minimum High–Level Output Voltage	V_{in} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 20 µA	2.0 4.5 6.0	1.9 4.4 5.9	1.9 4.4 5.9	1.9 4.4 5.9	V
		V_{in} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 4.0 mA $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 5.2 mA	4.5 6.0	3.98 5.48	3.84 5.34	3.70 5.20	
V_{OL}	Maximum Low–Level Output Voltage	V_{in} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 20 µA	2.0 4.5 6.0	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	V
		V_{in} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 4.0 mA $\lvert I_{out}\rvert$ ≤ 5.2 mA	4.5 6.0	0.26 0.26	0.33 0.33	0.40 0.40	
I_{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V_{in} = V_{CC} or GND	6.0	± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	µA
I_{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V_{in} = V_{CC} or GND I_{out} = 0 µA	6.0	8	80	160	µA

NOTE: Information on typical parametric values can be found in Chapter 2.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (C_L = 50 pF, Input t_r = t_f = 6 ns)

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC} V	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
			– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	
t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Input A to Output Y (Figures 1 and 3)	2.0 4.5 6.0	190 38 32	240 48 41	285 57 48	ns
t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Maximum Propagation Delay, CS to Output Y (Figures 2 and 3)	2.0 4.5 6.0	175 35 30	220 44 37	265 53 45	ns
t_{TLH}, t_{THL}	Maximum Output Transition Time, Any Output (Figures 2 and 3)	2.0 4.5 6.0	75 15 13	95 19 16	110 22 19	ns
C_{in}	Maximum Input Capacitance	—	10	10	10	pF

NOTES:

1. For propagation delays with loads other than 50 pF, see Chapter 2.
2. Information on typical parametric values can be found in Chapter 2.

		Typical @ 25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V	
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Per Package)*	80	pF

* Used to determine the no–load dynamic power consumption: $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$. For load considerations, see Chapter 2.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

INPUTS

A0, A1, A2, A3 (Pins 23, 22, 21, 20)

Address inputs. These inputs, when the 1–of–16 decoder is enabled, determine which of its sixteen active–low outputs is selected.

OUTPUTS

Y0 – Y15 (Pins 1 – 11, 13 – 17)

Active–low outputs. These outputs assume a low level when addressed and both chip–select inputs are active. These outputs remain high when not addressed or a chip–select input is high.

CONTROL INPUTS

CS1, CS2 (Pins 18, 19)

Active–low chip–select inputs. With low levels on both of these inputs, the outputs of the decoder follow the Address inputs. A high level on either input forces all outputs high.

FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs						Outputs															
CS1	CS2	A3	A2	A1	A0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	Y8	Y9	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	Y14	Y15
L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	L	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
L	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
L	H	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
H	L	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
H	H	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H

H = High Level, L = Low Level, X = Don't Care

SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

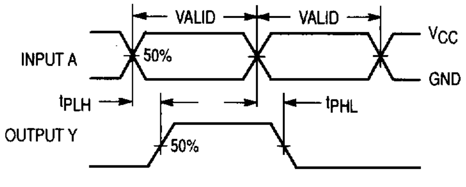


Figure 1.

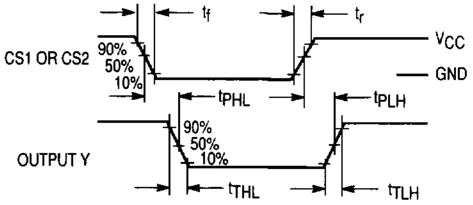
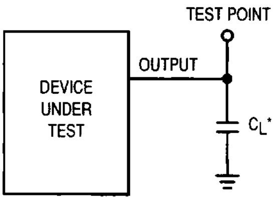


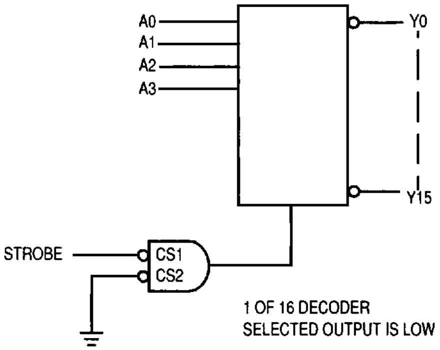
Figure 2.



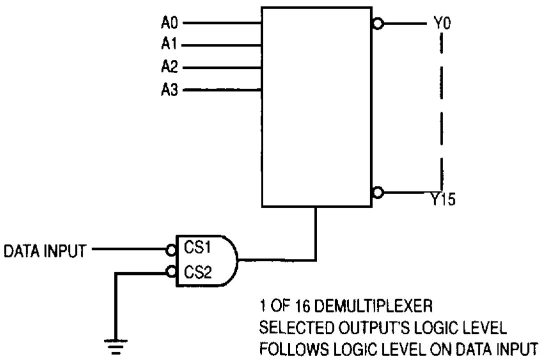
* Includes all probe and jig capacitance

Figure 3. Test Circuit

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



1 OF 16 DECODER
SELECTED OUTPUT IS LOW



1 OF 16 DEMULTIPLEXER
SELECTED OUTPUT'S LOGIC LEVEL
FOLLOWS LOGIC LEVEL ON DATA INPUT

EXPANDED LOGIC DIAGRAM