

SERIES 1-HV

SCR Output Solid-State Relays

8 Thru 90 Amp High Voltage, AC Output

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Crydom high voltage line of solid state relays offers an extremely broad coverage of the high voltage switching market.

Long the leader in its field, the standard Crydom high voltage relays have been complemented with a series of IC driven relays that attain new levels of blocking voltage while offering the very high reliability and simplicity of IC drive circuitry.

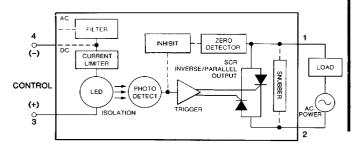
The resulting ability to achieve standard load handling capabilities without employing a snubber allows for much lower off-stateleakage and the elimination of an additional component.

The inherent zero-current turn-off characteristic of SSRs, and total absence of arcing mechanical contacts, substantially reduces electromagnetic interference and back EMF transients.

In the very high voltage line a wide range of operating voltages from 48 VAC to 660 VAC is available. In addition, blocking voltages of 1000V and 1200V peak are the norm. With current capability of 8 amperes to 90 amperes, the most difficult application problems can be overcome. Line transients caused by large equipment in electrically noisy environments are easily handled by the use of a metal oxide varistor (MOV).

The oversized output chips used, together with the Crydom optimized thermal management system, allows a narrower band of temperature excursions resulting in a signficant reduction in thermal cycling fatigue, thereby extending relay life. These premium devices are recommended for use in high temperature, highly inductive load situations where the ultimate in thermal and surge performance is required.

WIRING DIAGRAM

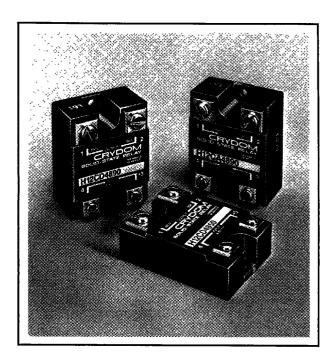


Opto-Isolated 4000 VRMS ■

Zero Voltage Switching (AC) ■ 1000 & 1200V Blocking Voltage ■ 530 & 660 Operating Voltage ■ Superior Thermal & Surge, Ratings ■

Wide Control Range ■

AC & DC Input ■



Part Identification

P/N Typical	Control Voltage	Continuous Volts rms	Models
H12D4850	4-32 Vdc	180-530	Standard with snubber 1 KV, 1.2 KV Blocking 50 and 90 amp
D4850 C	4-32 Vdc	48-530	IC driven with snubber 1 KV Blocking 8 to 90 amp
H12CD4850	4- 8 Vdc		IC driven without snubber
H12WD4850	4-32 Vdc	48-660	1 KV, 1.2 KV Blocking
H12CA 4850	90-140 Vac		50 and 90 amp

9000-1924

Crydom Series 1 HIGH VOLTAGE AC Power Relays

Electrical Specifications ($0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 80^{\circ}C$)

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS		MODEL N	NUMBERS		UNITS
	H10D4850	H12D4850	H10D4890	H12D4890	
Operating Voltage Range 47-63 Hz		180	-530		V RMS
Max. Load Current (See derating curves)	5	0	9	90	A RMS
Min Load Current		1	.0		A RMS
Transient Overvoltage (Non-repetitive)	1000	1200	1000	1200	V peak
Max. Surge Current (Non-Repetitive) 1.6 mS (See surge curves)	50	00	10	000	A peak
Max. Over Current (Non-repetitive) 1 sec.	8	0	1	50	A RMS
Max. On-State Voltage Drop @ Rated Current		1	.6		V peak
Max. I ² T for Fusing (8.3 ms)	66	50	41	150	A ² sec
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case, R _{exc} (T _J Max. = 115°C)	0.0	63	0.	.31	°C/W
Power Dissipation @ Max. Current (See dissipation curves)	5	5	1	18	Watts
Max. Zero Voltage Turn-On		10	00		V peak
Max. Repetitive Turn-On Voltage	,	3	0		V peak
Max. Off-State Leakage Current @ Rated Voltage		. 1	2		mA RMS
Min. Off-State dv/dt (Static) @ Rated Voltage @		20	00		V/μs
Power Factor Range		0.5 to	0 1.0		

INPUT CHARACTER	ISTICS	MODELS WITH H10D & H12D Prefix	UNITS
Control Voltage Rang	ge	4-32	VDC
Max. Reverse Voltag	e	- 32	VDC
Max. Turn-On Voltag	е	4.0	VDC
Min. Turn-Off Voltage		1.0	VDC
Max. Input Current	5 VDC	15	
	32 VDC	30	mA
Turn-On Time (60 Hz)	8.3	mSec
Turn-Off Time (60 Hz	;)	8.3	mSec

GENER	AL CHARACTERISTICS		ALL MODELS	UNITS	
Dielectri	c Strength 50/60 Hz				
	Input to Output		4000		
	Input & Output to	Case	4000	V RMS	
Insulation	n Resistance @ 500 V	dc	10°	Ohms	
Max. Ca	pacitance Input/Output		16	рF	
Ambient Tempera		Operating	- 30to 80	°C	
Range	uuro	Storage	-40 to 125	°C	

GENERAL NOTES

- ① Voltage applied for 1 minute.
- ② Off-state dv/dt test method per EIA/NARM standard RS-433, par. 13.11.1.
- ③ Relays will switch inductive loads from 0.5 to 1.0 power factor over temperature range.

Mechanical Specifications

Weight: 4 oz Max, 75 & 90 Amp: 5 oz Max.

Case Material: Fire retardant polyester

Encapsulant: Alumina filled epoxy

Case Color: Black

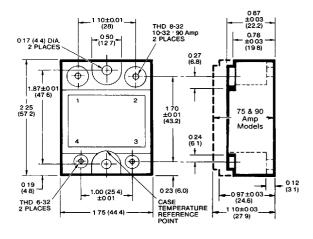
Base Plate: Aluminum, nickel plated

Terminals: Tin-plated Brass, Nickel-plated screws & saddle clamps supplied unmounted

Dimensional Drawing

Tolerances: ± 0.02 (0.50) (unless otherwise noted)

Dimensions: Inches (mm)



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

I C Driven High Voltage Models.

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS	RISTICS		IC DRIV	IC DRIVEN HIGH VOLTAGE WITH OUTPUT SNUBBER ("C" Suffix)	VOLTAGE JBBER ("C	" Suffix)				I C D	DRIVEN VERY HIGH FAGE WITHOUT SNU	I C DRIVEN VERY HIGH VOLTAGE WITHOUT SNUBBER	BER			UNITS
MODEL	DC CONTROL	D4808C	D4812C	D4825C	D4850C	D4875C	D4890C	H10 CD4850	H10 CD4890	H12 CD4850	H12 CD4890	H10 WD4850	H10 WD4890	H12 WD4850	H12 WD4890	
NUMBERS	AC CONTROL							H10 CA4850	H10 CA4890	H12 CA4850	H12 CA4890					
Operating Voltage Range 47-63 Hz	63 Hz			48-530	30						48-660	990				>
Max. Load Current (see Derating Curves)	ting Curves)	æ	12	25	50	75	90	20	06	90	90	50	90	20	06	¥
Min. Load Current				40	C						40	0				mA
Transient Overvoltage				1000	8			10	1000	1200	8	1000	8	1,	1200	>
Max. Surge Current (Non-Repetitive) 16.6 ms (See Surge Curves)	petitive) s)	08	140	250	625	1000	1200	625	1200	625	1200	625	1200	625	1200	¥
Max. Over Current (Non-Repetitive) 1 sec.	etitive) 1 sec.	17	24	20	88	150	180	80	180	80	180	80	180	80	180	٧
Max. On-State Voltage Drop @ Rated Current	@ Rated Current			1.6	9						1	1.6			٠	>
Max 12t for Fusing (8.3 ms)		22	81	260	1620	4150	Q	1620	4150	1620	4150	1620	4150	1620	4150	A²s
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case, ROJC (TJ Max = 115°C)	n to Case,	1	1.48	1.02	0.63	0.31	-	0.63	0.31	69.0	0.31	0.63	0.31	0.63	0.31	W/0°
Power Dissipation @ Max. Current (See Dissipation Curves)	urrent	7.8	14	29	55	82	118	55	118	55	118	55	118	જ	118	Watts
Max. Zero Voltage Turn-On				10	0						10	0				>
Max. Peak Repetitive Turn-On Voltage	n Voltage			10	0						-	10				>
Max. Off-State Leakage Current @ Rated Operating Volt (-30°C ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)	ent @ C ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)			10	0						1					¥m
Min. Off-State dv/dt (Static) @ Max. Rated Voltage				36	200						35	200				ν// μ 8
Power Factor Range				0.3 to 1.0	0.1.0						0.5 to 1.0	0.1.0				
									-							:
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	RISTICS		WIT	DC WITH "C" Suff	DC INPUT MODELS Suffix, H10WD & H12WD Prefix	DELS & H12WD	Prefix		WI	DC INPUT MODELS WITH H10CD & H12CD Prefix	r MODEL) Prefix	FIW	AC INPU	AC INPUT MODELS WITH H10CA & H12CA Prefix	refix
Control Voltage Range					4-32 VDC					4-8 VDC	/bc			90-14	90-140 V (RMS)	
Max. Reverse Voltage					32 VDC					8 \	8 VDC				ı	
Max. Turn-On Voltage (-30°C ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)	S ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)				4 VDC					4\	4 VDC			06	90 V(RMS)	
Min. Turn-Off Voltage (-30°C ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)	; ≤ TA ≤ 80°C)				1 VDC					11	1 VDC			10	10 V(RMS)	
Min. Input Impedance				1000	1000 Ohms @ 32 VDC	2 VDC				250	250 Ohms			10	10 K Ohms	
Max. Input Current				15	15mA (@ 5 VDC)	pc)				18mA ((18mA (@ 5 VDC)			15mA (@	15mA (@ 140 VAC)	
Max. Turn-On Time (60 Hz)					8.3ms					80	8.3ms			2	25ms	
Max. Turn-Off Time (60 Hz)					8.3ms					8.	8.3ms			u,	50ms	

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

A major consideration in the use of solid-state relays is the thermal design. It is essential that the user provide adequate heat sinking for the application.

The simplified thermal model (Figure 1) indicates the basic elements to be considered in the thermal design. The values to be chosen or determined by the user are the case-to-heatsink interface thermal resistance (R_{ΘCS}) and the heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance (ROSA).

Referring to Figures 4, 5, 6 & 11 the left halves show power dissipation versus load current. The right halves are families of curves which are used in selecting the required heatsink to maintain a maximum case temperature for a given ambient. It is important to note that the thermal resistance values (°C/W) shown include both case-to-heatsink interface (R_{OCS}) as well as the heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance ($R_{\Theta CA}$). Thus, when selecting a heatsink, the value of (R_{OCS}) must be subtracted from the number indicated by the curve in order to determine the ($R_{\Theta CA}$).

As a point of information, if the SSR is firmly mounted on a smooth heatsink surface using thermally conductive grease, the value of $R_{\Theta CS}$ (case-to-heatsink interface) will typically be 0.1 $^{\circ}C/W$ or less. Examples of how the curves are used are explained in conjunction with (Figure 5).

EXAMPLE 1

If a D4825Cis mounted on a heatsink with a thermal resistance of 1°C/W (including the Recs) and must operate in an ambient of 60°C, the allowable current of 23A may be determined by following the route A,B,C,D (Figure 5). Additional information on power dissipation and maximum allowable case temperature can be found by extending line C,B to points É and F where the values of 26W and 89°C are read.

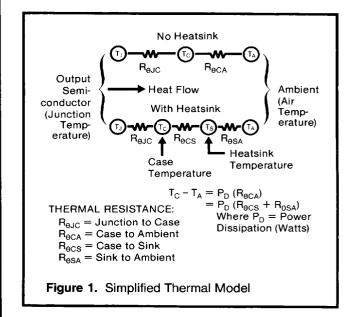
EXAMPLE 2

If a current of 16A is required for aD4825cin an ambient of 55°C, the necessary heatsink, plus interface, thermal resistance of 2.7°C/W may be determined by following the route I,J,K,L (Figure 5). Additional information on power dissipation and case temperature can be determined from the route I,J to the power dissipation curve, then run line M,N parallel to the x axis through point J. By then following the route K,L the required thermal impedance of the heatsink can be determined. M and N are now the points where the values of 16W and 99°C are read.

This information can be used in heatsink selection from manufacturer's dissipation versus thermal resistance curves such as those shown in Figure 2 and 3. The thermal resistance of curve (a) at 16 watts is 2.5°C/W. This is better than the required 2.7°C/W in example 2, allowing 0.2°C/W for R_{OCS}, and is therefore suitable for this application.

Alternatively, heatsink (b) at 16 watts is 1.9°C/W. Adding 0.1 °CW for Rocs and returning to Figure 5, it would allow operation at a maximum ambient of 65°C instead of 55°C.

Confirmation of proper heatsink selection can be achieved by actual temperature measurement under worse case conditions. The measurement can be taken on the metal baseplate in the area of the mounting screw, and should not exceed the maximum allowable case temperature shown in the graphs.



TYPICAL HEAT SINK CHARACTERISTICS

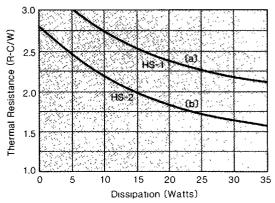


Figure 2. Thermal Resistance Models HS-1 & HS-2

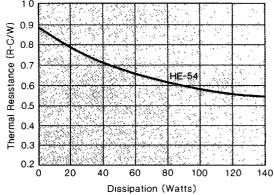


Figure 3. Thermal Resistance Model HE-54

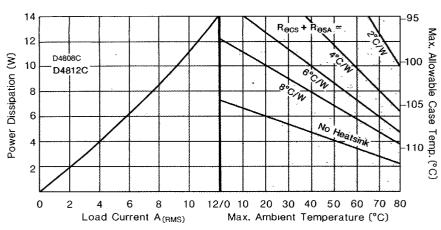


Figure 4. Thermal Derating Curves: 8 & 12 Amp., 480V

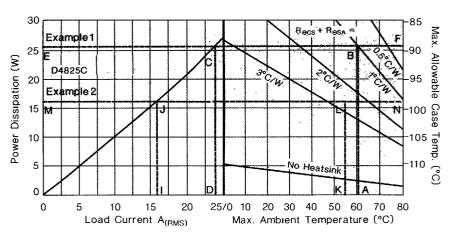


Figure 5. Thermal Derating Curves: 25 Amp., 480V

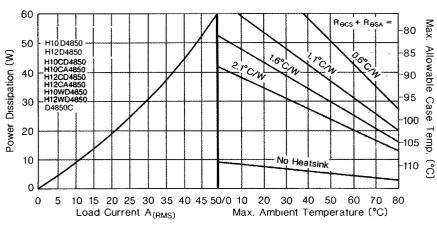


Figure 6. Thermal Derating Curves: 50 Amp., 480V

The curves in figures 7, 8, 9 and 10 apply to a non-repetitive uniform amplitude surge of a given time and peak current, preceded and followed by any rated load condition. Also shown is the number of these surge occurrences that can be tolerated before device damage. For example, for a D4812, a life of 10° surge occurrences can be estimated for a 24 Amp peak surge (200% of steady-state), of 0.6 seconds duration (Figure 8). The junction temperature must be allowed to return to its steady-state value before reapplication of surge current.

Control of conduction may be momentarily lost if currents exceed 10⁴ curve values from initial junction temperatures greater than 40°C.

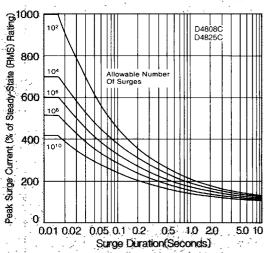


Figure 7. Peak Surge Current vs. Duration: 8 and 25 Amp Models.

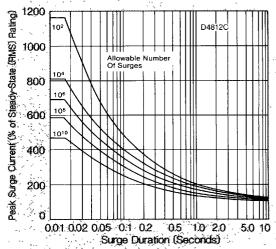


Figure 8. Peak Surge Current vs. Duration: 12 Amp Models.

SURGE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

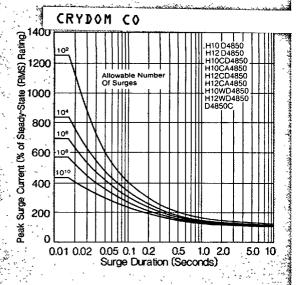
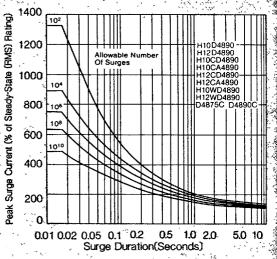


Figure 9. Peak Surge Current vs. Duration: 50 Amp Models.



Peak Surge Current vs. Duration: 75 and 90 Amp Models.

Thermal Characteristics (continued)

37E D ■ 2542537 0000645 6 ■ CRY T-25-31

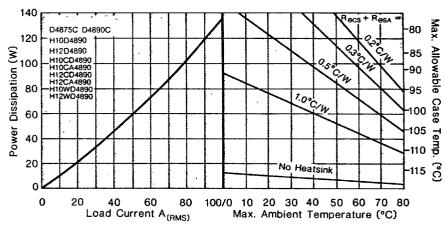


Figure 11. Thermal Derating Curves: 75 & 90 Amp., 480V

CRYDOM **WORLD HEADQUARTERS**

P.O. Box 3699 Lakewood, CA 90711-3699 TELEPHONE: (213) 865-3536 FAX: (213) 865-3318 TELEX: 910 250-5756



Crydom Company 17215 Studebaker Road Cerritos, CA 90701 Phone: (213) 865-3536 FAX: (213) 865-3318 Telex: 910 250 5756

CANADA

International Rectifier 101 Bentley Street Markham, Óntario L3R 311 Phone: (416) 475-1897 FAX: (416) 475-8801 Telex: 06 966 650

WEST GERMANY

Crydom GMBH Quellenweg 9 D6935 Waldbrunn 2 Phone: 6274 6437 FAX: 6274 1472 Telex: 17627492

ENGLAND

Crydom UK 42 Station Road East Oxted Surrey RH 8 OPG Phone: 0883 717250 FAX: 0883 717253 Telex: 957 440

Sales Offices, Agents and Distributors in Major Cities throughout the World.

Printed in U.S.A. 9-88- 5M