SOURIAU

UTL Series

48Hrs SAMPLE SERVICE

Dynamic IP68/69K • UV Resistant • UL/IEC Compliant

Esterline
Connection Technologies

UTL Series

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Overview

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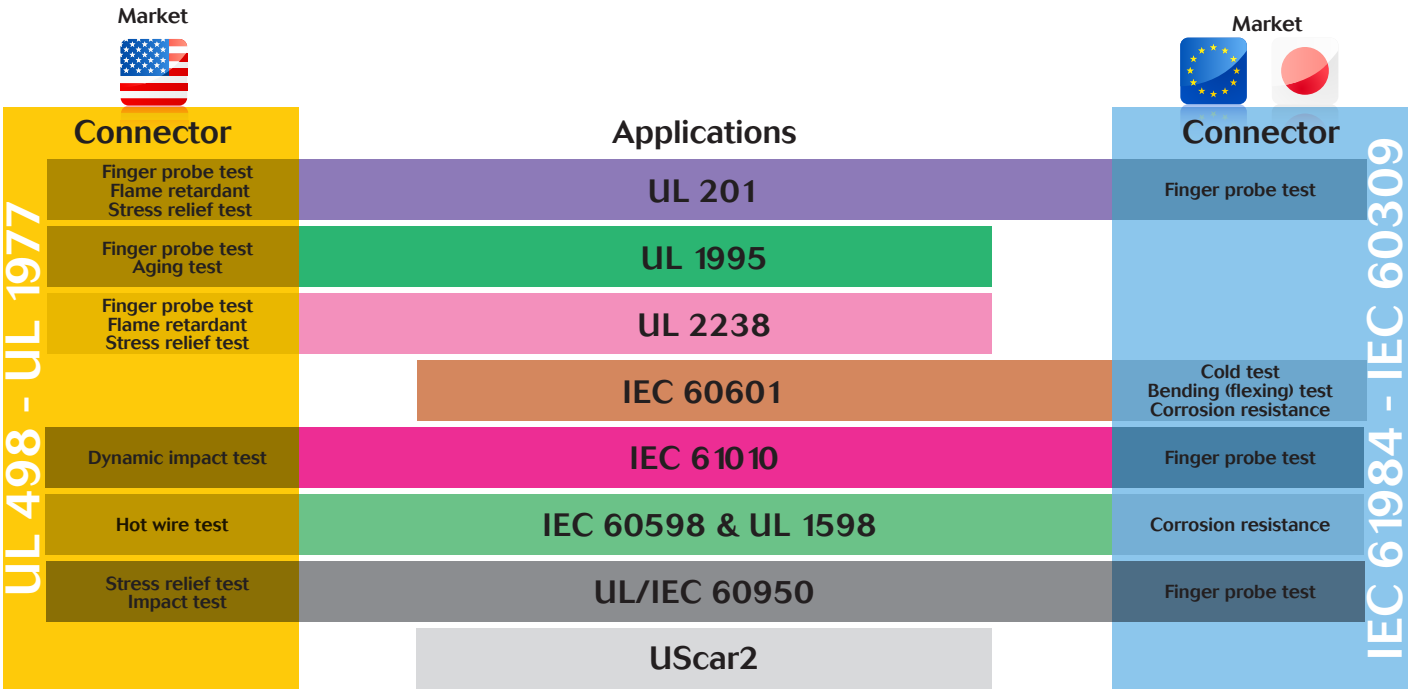
Overview

In today's fast paced environment, consumers buy electronic devices with confidence. Governmental safety standards and regulations have been put in place to safeguard the user and allow this level of security.
Conscious of all standards and the difficulty in finding an appropriate connector, Souriau has released an all-in-one solution.
The UTL series is a unique connector which is compliant with ALL current industry standards. In addition, UTL is designed to be overmolded to prevent unwanted tampering. Souriau has the ability to supply cable assemblies offering a one stop shopping supplier.

Interactive safety standards



- UL 498: Attachment plugs and receptacles
- UL 201: Garage equipment
- UL 1995: Heating and cooling equipment
- IEC 60601: Medical equipment
- UL 1977: Component connectors for use in data, signal, control and power applications
- UL 2238: Cable assemblies and fittings for industrial control and signal distribution
- IEC 61984: Connectors
- IEC 61010: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use
- IEC 60598: Street lights
- IEC 60309: Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes
- UL/IEC 60950: Information technology equipment
- UScar2: Performance specification for automotive electrical connector systems

UTL range overview

The UTL Series is a plastic connector range that meets current safety standards.

The stainless steel latch coupling system is simple to use. With only 1 finger, connectors are mated with an audible and sensitive "click".
The key shape of the coupling system allows blind mating. In dark conditions the mechanical discriminations allow easy mating to avoid connector damage.

The philosophy of the UTL Series is built around three key elements:

Dynamic IP68/69K

The UTL Series is rated at IP68/69K even in dynamic conditions. This means that it remains sealed even when used continuously underwater or cleaned using a high pressure hose and cable is moving.

Sealed contacts are available to protect from ingress of water. This is of particular note when using with NEMA enclosures or outdoor lighting.

UV Resistant

In most applications, our connectors are exposed to extreme climatic conditions; it was therefore key for us to select the materials best able to cope with the targeted environment.

Part of our product qualification process involved subjecting connectors to a simulated five years of exposure to various elements including Temperature, UV and Humidity.

The UTL Series uses an outdoor rated material. Underwriters Laboratories classifies it "F1" per UL746C.

UL/IEC Compliant

The outmost priority for any electrical installation is to protect personnel from any shock hazard.

The UTL Series is compliant with the UL 1598, UL1977, UL498, UL60320.

The UTL Series was designed to meet the requirements of the IEC60598, IEC60065, IEC60320, IEC61076-2-103 for Europe and in Asia.

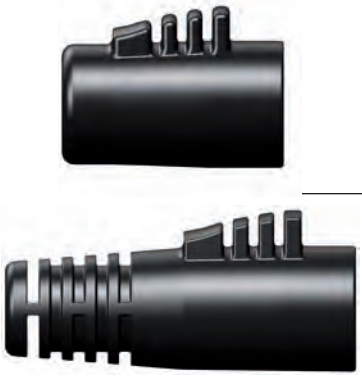
UTL Series

UTL Series
Crimp contact

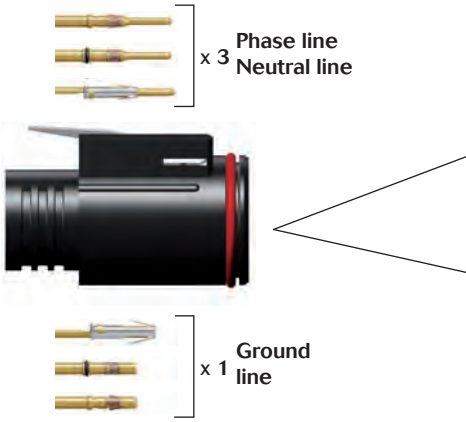
Sealed: IP68/69K
UV resistant
UL/IEC compliant

PLUGS

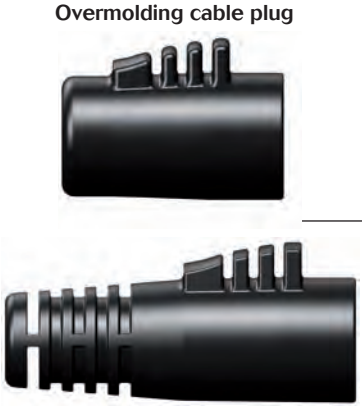
Overmolding cable plug



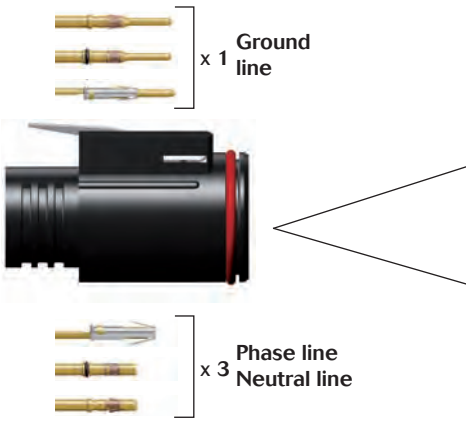
MALE



Overmolding cable plug

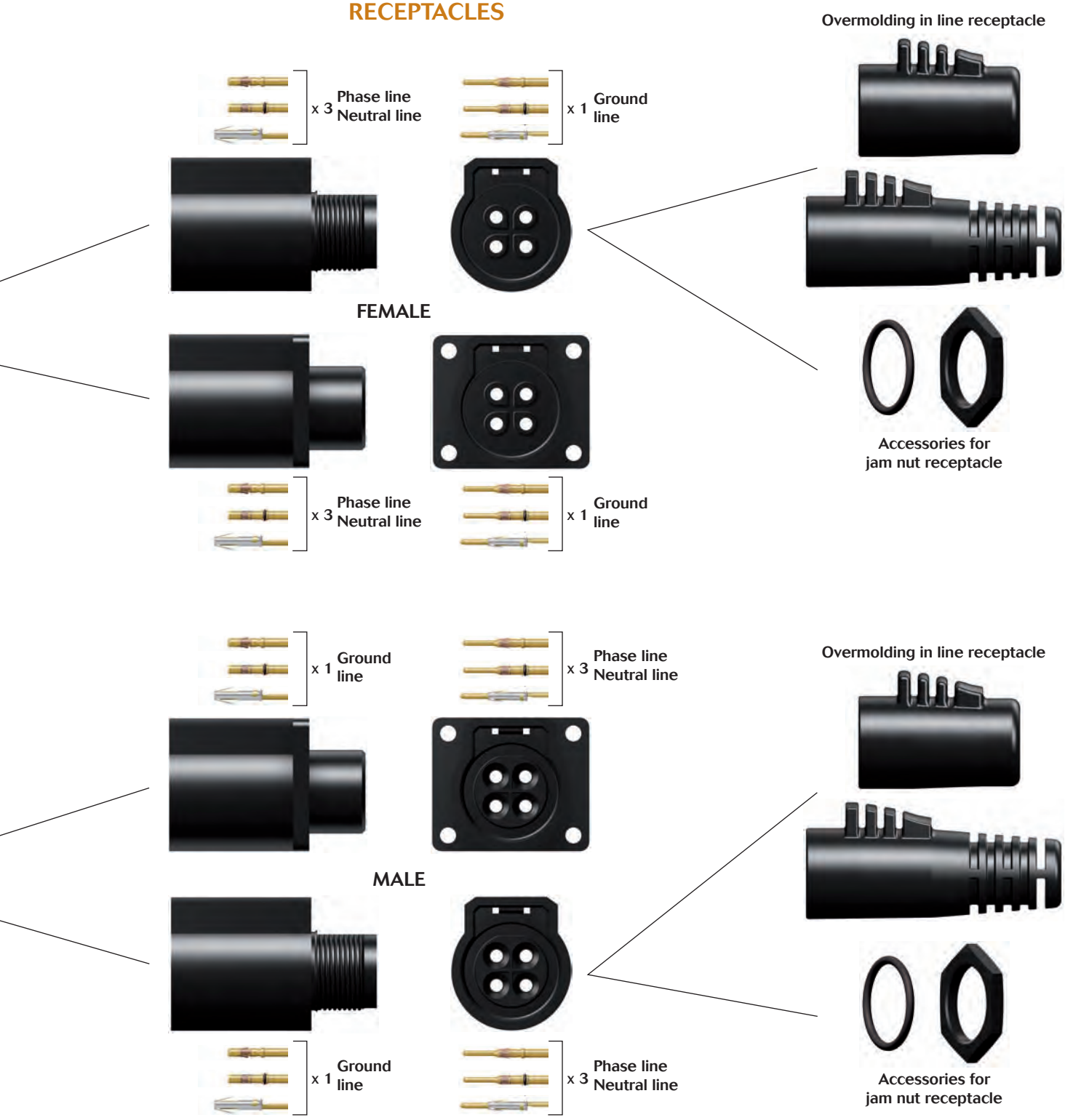


FEMALE



range overview

RECEPTACLES



General technical

Mechanical

1

- Durability:
  500 matings & unmatings (with stamped and formed contact, S18 plating or with machined contact, K plating)

- Coupling system:
  - Sensitive and audible click
  - Blind mateable

Environmental

3

- Operating temperature:
  From -40°C to +105°C for connector
  From -40°C to +90°C for cable assemblies due to cable performances: 14 AWG SJOOW, 16 and 18 AWG SOOW

- Flammability rating:
  UL 94 5VA

- Salt spray:
  ≥1000 hours

- UV resistant:
  No mechanical degradation or important color variation due to environmental exposure
  (F1 material per the UL 746C)

4

- Sealing:
  - IP68/69K mated with standard contacts
  - IP68 even unmated with sealed contacts (see p23)

- Fluid resistance:
  - Gas and oil
  - Mineral oil
  - Acid bath
  - Basic bath

characteristics

Electrical

- UL: 600V 16A UL94 5VA
  277V 13A for CBC use
- CN: 600V 13A
  277V 10A for CBC use
- IEC: 16A 500V 6KV 4
  13A 250V 4KV 4 for CBC use
- Connector specially designed to be engaged or disengaged in normal use when live or under load
- 2 First Mate Last Break contact mating on ground line

Material

- Body connector + Backshell: Thermoplastic
- Insert connector: Thermoplastic
- Contacts: See page 20
- Nut: Metal
- Halogen free
- RoHS compliant & conform to the Chinese standard SJ/T1166-2006 (Chinese RoHS equivalent)

Qualification

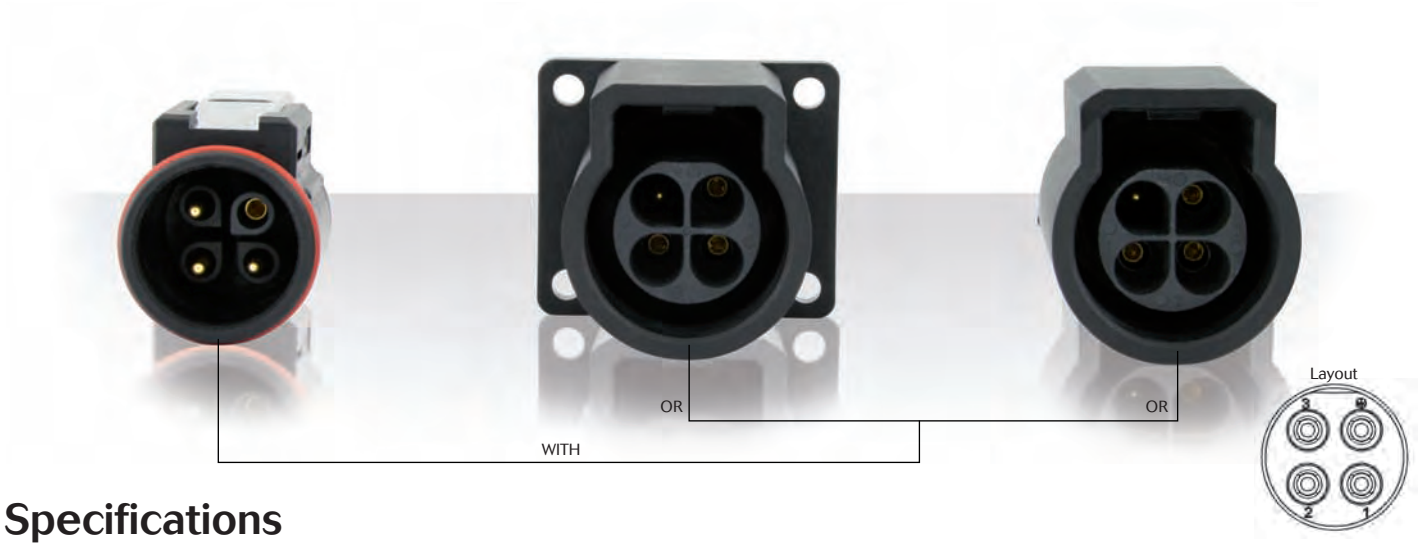
- In accordance with:
  - IEC60065, IEC60598, UL1598, IEC60320, UL498, UL94 , UL746 , IEC61076-2-103
  - UL1977: UL file number E169916
  - IEC61984: Pending

uTL Series

UTL Series

Mechanics

UTL Series
103G1



Specifications

Contact type	Connector type	Part number			
		Male insert		Female insert	
		Black color	Grey color	Black color	Grey color
Crimp contacts supplied separately see page 17	Square flange receptacle	UTL0103G1P	UTL0103G1P03	UTL0103G1S	UTL0103G1S03
	Plug	UTL6103G1P	UTL6103G1P03	UTL6103G1S	UTL6103G1S03
	Jam nut receptacle	UTL7103G1P	UTL7103G1P03	UTL7103G1S	UTL7103G1S03
	In line receptacle	UTL1103G1P	UTL1103G1P03	UTL1103G1S	UTL1103G1S03

48h sample service

Harnesses*

Connector type	Overmolded harnesses, straight ending					
	Male insert			Female insert		
	3 ft	6 ft	12 ft	3 ft	6 ft	12 ft
Plug 1 side	UTLMKT63G1P3FT	UTLMKT63G1P6FT	UTLMKT63G1P12FT	UTLMKT63G1S3FT	UTLMKT63G1S6FT	UTLMKT63G1S12FT
Plug 2 sides	-	-	-	UTLMKT63G1PS3FT	UTLMKT63G1PS6FT	UTLMKT63G1PS12FT
Plug + in line	-	-	-	UTLMKT613G1SP3FT	UTLMKT613G1SP6FT	UTLMKT613G1SP12FT

*For different wire size please see page 39
For dimension information see page 40

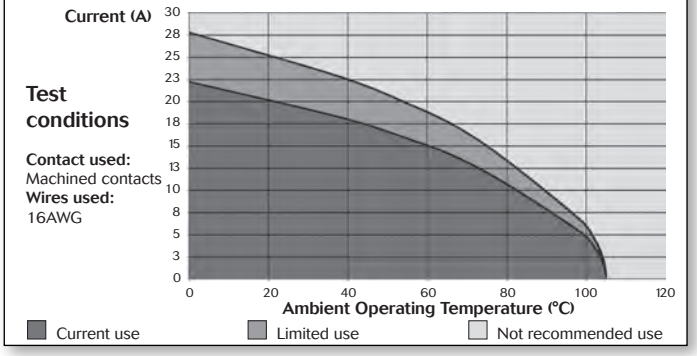
Electrical characteristics

UL
600V 16A UL94 5VA
277V 13A for CBC use

CN
600V 13A
277V 10A for CBC use

IEC
16A 500V 6KV 4
13A 250V 4KV 4 for CBC use

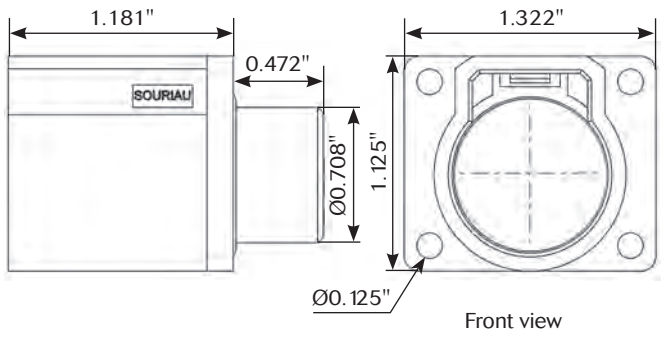
UTL103G1 derating curves



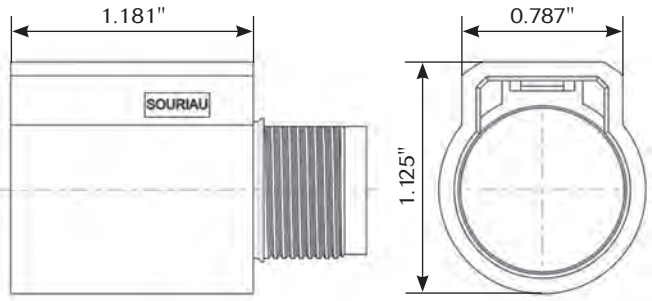
3 + ground
16A/600V
per UL1977

Dimensions

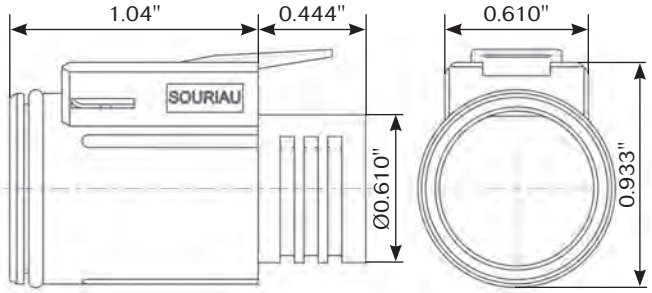
Square flange receptacle - UTL0



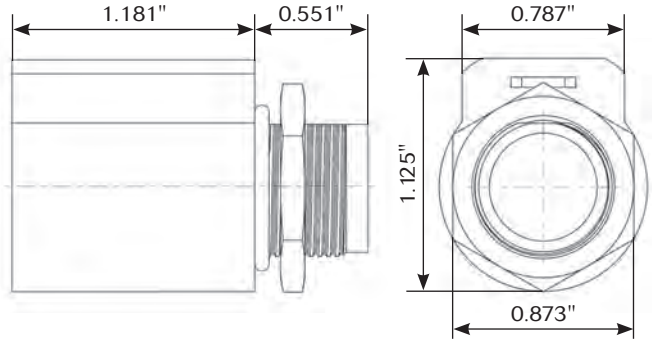
In line receptacle - UTL1



Plug - UTL6

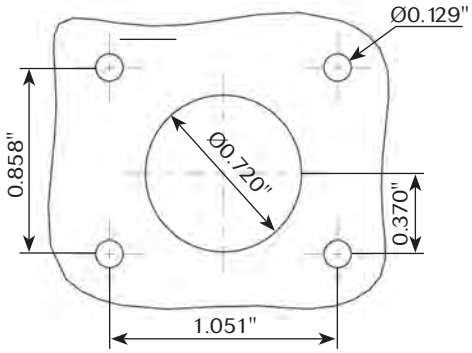


Jam nut receptacle - UTL7

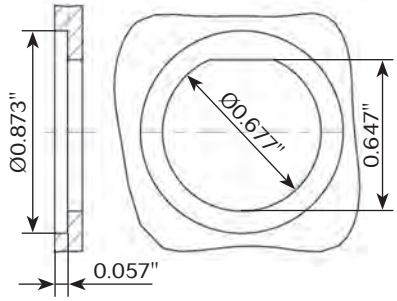


Panel cut out

Square flange receptacle - UTL0



Jam nut receptacle - UTL7



Note:
all dimensions are in inches

Accessories

Dustcap for plug

IP67

Part number
UTL610DCG

Dustcap for receptacle

IP67

Part number
UTL10DCG

48h sample service

Dustcap for male receptacle

IP68/69K

Part number
UTL103G1PDCG68

Dustcap for female receptacle

IP68/69K

Part number
UTL103G1SDCG68

Grommet

Part number
SWSFILLERPLUG

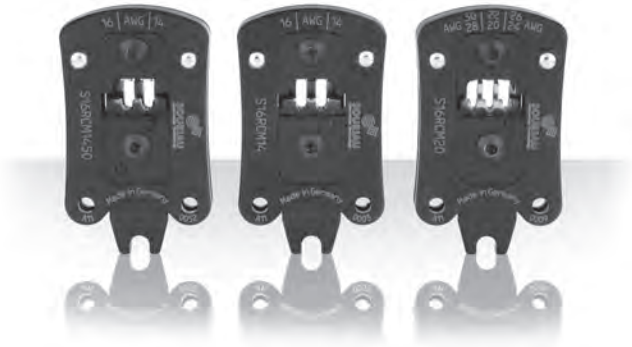
See instruction page 36

Tooling

Handle

Part number
SHANDLES

Crimp tooling



Contacts	Contact size	Part number of head
RM/RC 28M1K(1)	Standard contacts #16 Ø 1.6mm	S16RCM20*
RM/RC 24M9K(1)		S16RCM20*
RM/RC 20M13K(1)		S16RCM20*
RM/RC 20M12K(1)		S16RCM20*
RM/RC 16M23K(1)		S16RCM16*
RM/RC 14M30K(1)		S16RCM14*
RM/RC 16M25K		S16RCM1625*
RM/RC 14M25K		S16RCM1425*
SM/SC 24ML1TK6(1)		S16SCM20*
SM/SC 20ML1TK6(1)		S16SCM20*
SM/SC 16ML1TK6(1)		S16SCML1*
SM/SC 14ML1TK6(1)		S16SCML1*
SM/SC 16ML11TK6(1)		S16SCML11*
RMDXK10D28K	Coaxial contacts	M10S1J with die set & stop bushing see page 52 to 56
RCDXK1D28K		
RM/RC DX60xxD28K		
RM/RC DXK10D28 + york090		
RM/RC DX60xxD28		

(1): example of plating, for other plating see page 22
*: Heads to be used with handle PN: SHANDLES

3 + ground
16A/600V
per UL1977

Contacts

#16	Contact type	AWG	Part number		Max wire Ø	Max insulator Ø
			Male	Female		
Crimp	Machined	30-28	RM28M1K(1)	RC28M1K(1)	0.021"	0.043"
		26-24	RM24M9K(1)	RC24M9K(1)	0.031"	0.062"
		22-20	RM20M13K(1)	RC20M13K(1)	0.046"	0.070"
		22-20	RM20M12K(1)	RC20M12K(1)	0.046"	0.086"
		20-16	RM16M23K(1)	RC16M23K(1)	0.070"	0.125"
		16-14	RM14M30K(1)	RC14M30K(1)	0.089"	0.125"
	Machined with o-ring	20-16	RM16M25K(3)	RC16M25K(3)	0.070"	0.125"
		16-14	RM14M25K(3)	RC14M25K(3)	0.089"	0.125"
	Stamped & formed reeled contacts	26-24	SM24M1TK6(1)(2)	SC24M1TK6(1)(2)	0.035"-0.050"	-
		22-20	SM20M1TK6(1)(2)	SC20M1TK6(1)(2)	0.046"-0.081"	-
		18-16	SM16M1TK6(1)(2)	SC16M1TK6(1)(2)	0.118"	-
		18-16	SM16M11TK6(1)(2)	SC16M11TK6(1)(2)	0.078"-0.118"	-
		14	SM14M1TK6(1)(2)	SC14M1TK6(1)(2)	0.125"	-
Coaxial	Cable Multipiece	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28	-	-
	Cable Monocrimp	-	RMDX60xxD28	RCDX60xxD28	-	-
	Twisted pair Multipiece	-	RMDXK10D28 + york090	RCDXK1D28 + york090	-	-
	Twisted pair Monocrimp	-	RMDX60xxD28	RCDX60xxD28	-	-

(1): Example of plating, for other plating see page 22
(2): For loose piece contact packaging place "L" in part number: Example: **SM20ML1TK6**
(3): Sealed contacts

48h sample service

Evaluation kit - See instructions page 35

Connector type	Wire section	Boot	Part number	
			Male insert	Female insert
Plug	AWG 20	1	UTL6103G1P20AWG	UTL6103G1S20AWG
	AWG16	1	UTL6103G1P16AWG	UTL6103G1S16AWG
	AWG14	1	UTL6103G1P14AWG	UTL6103G1S14AWG
Inline receptacle	AWG 20	1	UTL1103G1P20AWG	UTL1103G1S20AWG
	AWG16	1	UTL1103G1P16AWG	UTL1103G1S16AWG
	AWG14	1	UTL1103G1P14AWG	UTL1103G1S14AWG
Jam nut receptacle	AWG 20	-	UTL7103G1P20AWG	UTL7103G1S20AWG
	AWG16	-	UTL7103G1P16AWG	UTL7103G1S16AWG
	AWG14	-	UTL7103G1P14AWG	UTL7103G1S14AWG
Square flange receptacle	AWG 20	-	UTL0103G1P20AWG	UTL0103G1S20AWG
	AWG16	-	UTL0103G1P16AWG	UTL0103G1S16AWG
	AWG14	-	UTL0103G1P14AWG	UTL0103G1S14AWG

NB: Contacts supplied (S31 plating)
Example: UTL6103G1P14AWG Evaluation kit includes (1) UTL6103G1P Plug, (4) SM14ML1S31 Contacts, (2) SC14ML1S31 Contacts, and (1) Heat Shrink Boot

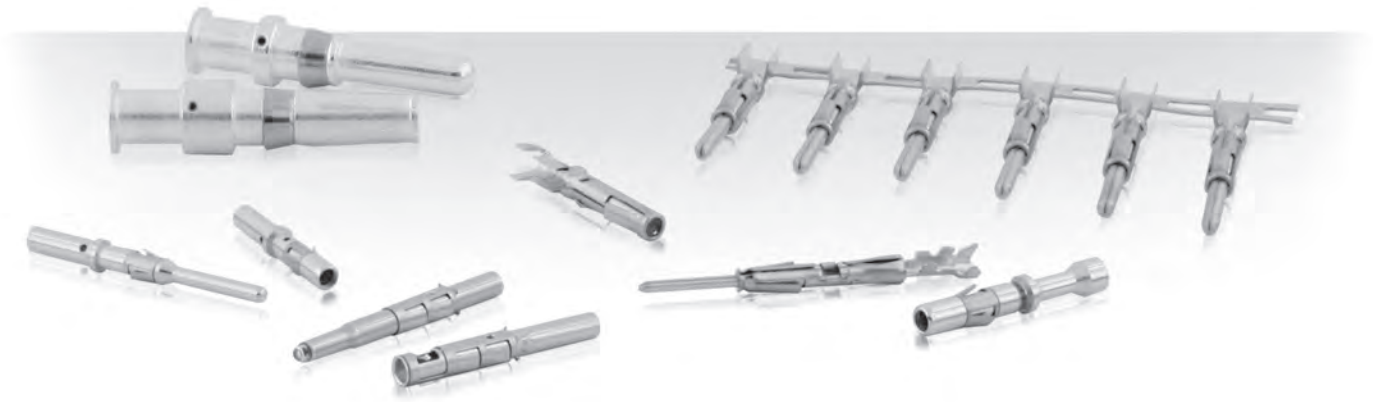
Note: all dimensions are in inches

uTL Series

UTL Series

Contacts

Contacts



Description

The UTL series is delivered without contacts (crimp version) allowing the possibility of using the same contact in any layout as long as it receives the same active part size. It is possible to buy only one contact reference and equip all connectors even if housings are different. This benefit allows standardization, reducing inventory costs.

Our contacts are based on a snap-in principle, which avoid the use of an insertion tool.

Crimp contacts are available in different versions:

• machined

• stamped & formed

• coaxial

In addition, UTL series can be equipped with solder contacts, PCB contacts.

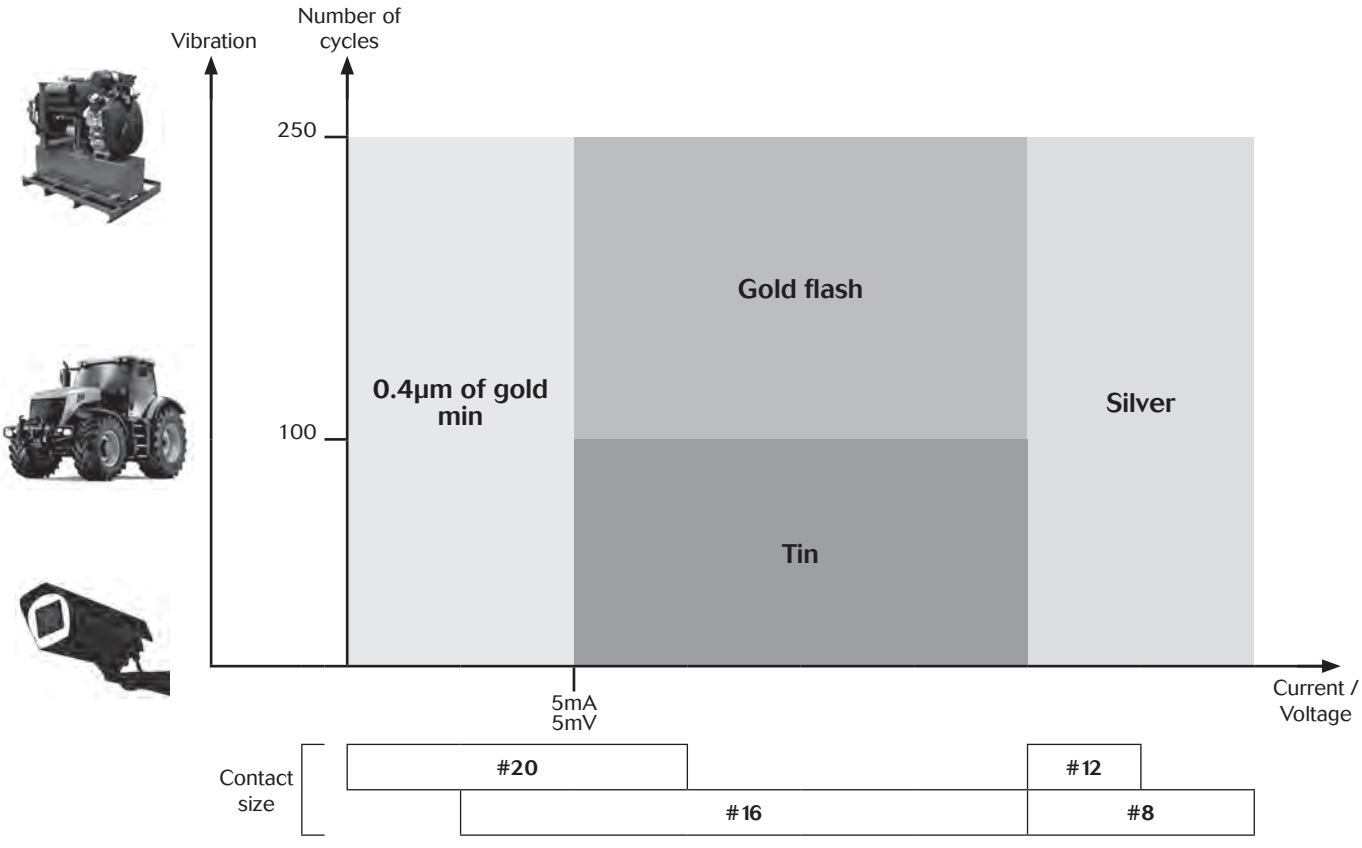
Contact plating selector guide

As soon as you know what contact size you need, you next have to decide on which type to use.
Souriau proposes mainly two different types of electrical contacts:

- Machined
- Stamped & formed

Machined contacts are generally chosen for low quantities purpose as well as a better solution for power applications.
Stamped & formed contacts offer the ability to be crimped automatically which makes them more suitable for high volume production applications.

Then comes the question: What plating should I choose ?
Hereunder is a graph with criteria to guide you:
NB: do not mix different plating (e.g. tin plated pin contact with gold plated socket contact).



Contact selector guide

Contact supplied separately

Electrical characteristics: contact resistance		
#16 Ø1.6mm	Machined	< 3mΩ
	Stamped & formed	< 6mΩ

Available platings (contact supplied separately)	
K	Min 0.4µ gold over 2µ Ni
S31	Active part: Gold flash over Ni Crimp area: Nickel
S18	Active part: 0.75µ gold min over 2µ Ni Crimp area: 1.3µ tin over Ni Other: Nickel
TK6	2-5µ Sn pre-plated

Packaging

Due to the wide variety of applications, contact packaging is offered for small series (bulk packaging) and high volume production (reeled contacts):

Size contact #16

- 25 pieces loose package (stamped & formed contacts)

- 50 pieces bulk package (machined contacts)

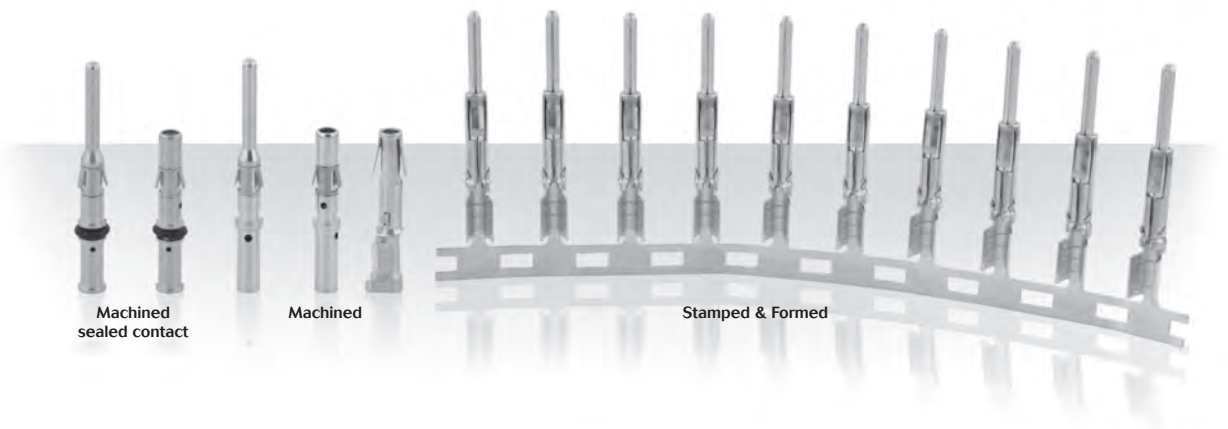
- 1000 pieces bulk package (machined contacts)

- 3000 pieces reeled (stamped & formed contacts)

- 5000 pieces reeled (machined contacts)

Crimp contacts

Standard version



Contact size	Type	Wire size		Part number		Max wire Ø	Max insulator Ø	Plating available
		AWG	mm²	Male	Female			
#16 Ø1.6 mm	Machined	30-28	0.05-0.08	RM28M1-	RC28M1-	0.021"	0.043"	K
	Machined	26-24	0.13-0.2	RM24M9-	RC24M9-	0.031"	0.062"	K
	Stamped & Formed	26-24	0.13-0.25	SM24M1-(1) SM24ML1-(2)	SC24M1-(1) SC24ML1-(2)	0.031"-0.050"	Insulation grip	S31, S18, TK6
	Machined	22-20	0.32-0.52	RM20M13-	RC20M13-	0.046"	0.070"	K
				RM20M12-	RC20M12-		0.086"	
	Stamped & Formed	22-20	0.35-0.5	SM20M1-(1) SM20ML1-(2)	SC20M1-(1) SC20ML1-(2)	0.046"-0.081"	Insulation grip	S31, S18, TK6
	Machined	20-16	0.52-1.5	RM16M23-	RC16M23-	0.070"	0.125"	K
	Machined sealed contact	20-16	0.52-1.5	RM16M25-	RC16M25-	0.070"	0.125"	K
	Stamped & Formed	18-16	0.8-1.5	SM16M1-(1) SM16ML1-(2)	SC16M1-(1) SC16ML1-(2)	0.118"	No insulation grip	S31, S18, TK6
	Stamped & Formed	18-16	0.8-1.5	SM16M11-(1) SM16ML11-(2)	SC16M11-(1) SC16ML11-(2)	0.078"-0.118"	Insulation grip	S31, S18, TK6
	Machined	16-14	1.5-2.5	RM14M30-	RC14M30-	0.089"	0.125"	K
	Machined sealed contact	16-14	1.5-2.5	RM14M25-	RC14M25-	0.089"	0.125"	K
	Stamped & Formed	14	2.0-2.5	SM14M1-(1) SM14ML1-(2)	SC14M1-(1) SC14ML1-(2)	0.125"	No insulation grip	S31, S18, TK6

(1) contact reeled (2) loose contact

Example: **RM16M23K** - Size #16, Machined, AWG20 wire, gold plating.

48h sample service

REMINDER
Plugs and receptacles have to be equipped with both contact genders.
EX: UTL6103G1P = 3 x SM16M1S31 + 1 x SC16M1S31

Note: all dimensions are in inches unless noted otherwise

#16 coaxial contacts

Coaxial contact range

We provide 2 types of coaxial contacts suitable for 50 or 75Ω, coaxial cable or twisted pair cable.

Monocrimp coaxial contact

• The monocrimp one-piece coaxial contacts offer high reliability plus the economic advantage of a 95% reduction in installation time over conventional assembly methods.

• This economy is achieved by simultaneously crimping both the inner conductor and outer braid or drain wire.

Multipiece crimp coaxial contact

• The inner conductor and outer braid is crimped individually.

• The thermoplastic insulating bushing in the outer body is designed to accept and permanently retain the inner contact.

• An outer ferrule is used to connect the braid to the outer contact and provide cable support to ensure against bending and vibration.

Suitable for Coaxial cable or Twisted cable

• For jacket diameter from 0.070" to 0.120"
Inner conductor up to 0.096" diameter

• For jacket diameter from 0.025" to 0.057"
Inner conductor from AWG30 to AWG24

Contacts for coaxial cable summary

Contact type	Contact range		Contact part number with cable combination	Cabling notice
	Male contact	Female contact		
Multipiece	RMDXK10D28 ◷	RCDXK1D28 ◷	See page 50	See pages 54 & 55
Monocrimp	RMDX60xxD28	RCDX60xxD28		See page 56

48h sample service ◷

Contacts for twisted pairs cable summary

Contact type	Contact range		Contact part number with cable combination	Cabling notice
	Male contact	Female contact		
Multipiece	RMDXK10D28 + YORK090	RCDXK1D28 + YORK090	See page 51	See page 52
Monocrimp	RMDX60xxD28	RCDX60xxD28		See page 53

UTL Series

UTL Series

Technical information

Tooling

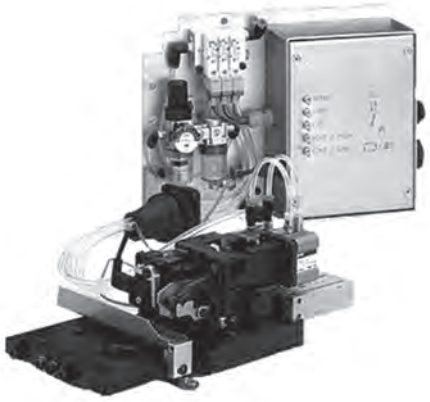
Automatic crimping tools

Mecal is a leader in manufacturing tooling for crimping terminals over a stripped wire.
Established in 1976, Mecal has become one of the world's leading companies dedicated to the design and manufacture of semi automatic production tools for strip fed, open barrel crimp terminals, serving the Automotive, Telecom and Datacomm industry.

The extreme environment interconnect specialist "from deep sea to deep space".
Souriau designs manufactures and markets high performance interconnect solutions for severe environments dedicated to the aerospace, defense, light and heavy industry markets.

Souriau has been working in partnership with Mecal for many years. With sales offices located in all major industrial regions of the world, the combined strengths of both organizations has resulted in a truly global solution to all your production tooling needs.

Mini Applicator



Stripper

Presses

Mecal sales network:

www.mecal.net/eng/retevendita.php

Crimp Tooling Table

Standard contacts

Contact size	Part number	Head	Handles	Extraction tools
#16 0.062"	RM/RC 28M1-	S16RCM20	SHANDLES	RX2025GE1
	RM/RC 24M9-			
	RM/RC 20M13-			
	RM/RC 20M12-			
	RM/RC 16M23-	S16RCM16		
	RM/RC 14M30-	S16RCM14		
	SM/SC 24M1- SM/SC 24ML1-	S16SCM20		
	SM/SC 20M1- SM/SC 20ML1-			
	SM/SC 16M1- SM/SC 16ML1-	S16SCML1		
	SM/SC 14M1- SM/SC 14ML1-			
	SM/SC 16M11- SM/SC 16ML11-	S16SCML11		

Note: endurance of SHANDLES tool = 5,000 cycles.
See pages 22 and 23 for plating suffix options to add to PN selections

Specific contacts sealed

Contact size	Part number	Head	Handles	Extraction tools
#16 0.062"	RM/RC 16M25-	S16RCM1625	SHANDLES	RX2025GE1
	RM/RC 14M25-	S16RCM1425		

Coaxial contacts

See cabling notice chapter Appendices, pages 52 to 56.

Extraction tools

Contact size	Extractor
#16	RX2025GE1

RX2025GE1

Extraction tool instruction

Extraction:

Place the tool into the cavity from front face of the connector, push on the handle, then remove the contact.

Handle & Interchangeable Heads

User guide

1) Fully close then release the tool, keep it open. Open the 2 pins.

2) Choose the adapter head (sold separately), keep vertical and slide it into the handle until the mechanical end.

3) Close the two pins simultaneously to maintain the head.

4) Strip the cable properly checking the size recommended in the catalog.

5) Place conductors, with no deteriorations, in the bucket contact. All strands to be located in the crimp bucket.

6) Position the contact in the bottom of the tool by checking its orientation.

7) To crimp contact assembly-cable, tighten sharply the clip to the end of the mechanism.

8) To control crimp quality, slighty pull cable with two fingers to control retention.

Assembly instruction

Wire stripping crimp version

	Part number (1)		Stripping length L (inch)
	Male	Female	
Machined contact	**#16**		
	RM28M1K / RM24M9K RM20M13K / RM20M12K	RC28M1K / RC24M9K RC20M13K / RC20M12K	0.188"
	RM16M23K / RM14M30K	RC16M23K / RC14M30K	0.279"
	RM16M25K / RM14M25K	RC16M25K / RC14M25K	0.216" / 0.208"
Stamped & formed	**#16**		
With insulation support 	SM24M1S31 / SM24ML1S31 SM20M1S31 / SM20ML1S31	SC24M1S31 / SC24ML1S31 SC20M1S31 / SC20ML1S31	0.157"
	SM16M11S31 / SM16ML11S31	SC16M11S31 / SC16ML11S31	0.183"
Without insulation support 	SM16M1S31 / SM16ML1S31	SC16M1S31 / SC16ML1S31	0.249"
	SM14M1S31 / SM14ML1S31	SC14M1S31 / SC14ML1S31	0.249"

(1): example of plating, for other plating see page 22
(2): Stamped and Formed contacts - strip length same for plating options (S31, S18, TK6) see pages 22 and 23

Assembly instruction

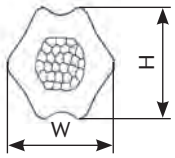
Crimping

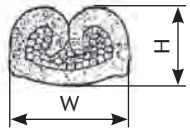
One of the key factors which affects the performance of a connector, is the way contacts are terminated. Crimped connections are nowadays seen as the best solution to ensure quality throughout the lifetime of the product. Here are some reasons why we recommend this method of termination for UTL connectors:

Advantages (Extract from the IEC 60352-2):
- Efficient processing of connections at each production level
- Processing by fully-automatic or semi-automatic crimping machines, or with hand operated tools
- No cold-soldered joints
- No degradation of the spring characteristic of female contacts by the soldering temperature
- No health risk from heavy metal and flux steam
- Preservation of conductor flexibility behind the crimped connection
- No burnt, discolored and overheated wire insulation
- Good connections with reproducible electrical and mechanical performances
- Easy production control

To ensure that the crimp tooling is performing according to original specifications, it is important to carry out regular checks. A common way to check the performance of tooling is with a simple pull test, ideally using a dedicated electric pull tester. Minimum recommended pull forces are indicated in the tables below:

Machined contact





Stamped & Formed contact

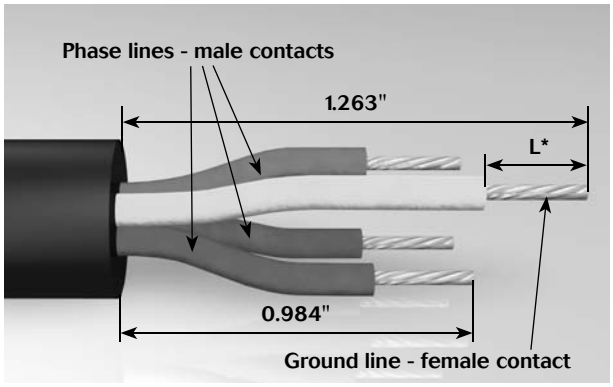
Active contact part	Contact type	Die location on heads	Wire section range	Section (mm²)	Tensile straight test (mini)	Height H (±0.002")	Width W (±0.002")	Head's P/N
Machined contacts size 16	RM/RC 28M1K*	30/28	AWG 30	0.05 min	11 N	0.044"	0.044"	S16RCM20
			AWG 28	0.08 max	11 N			
	RM/RC 24M9K*	26/24	AWG 26	0.12 min	15 N	0.045"	0.044"	
			AWG 24	0.25 max	32 N			
	RM/RC 20M13K*	22/20	AWG 22	0.32 min	40 N	0.049"	0.069"	
			AWG 20	0.50 max	60 N			
	RM/RC 20M12K*		AWG 22	0.32 min	40 N			
			AWG 20	0.50 max	60 N			
	RM/RC 16M23K*	20	AWG 20	0.50 max	60 N	0.065"	0.085"	S16RCM16
		18	AWG 18	0.82 max	90 N	0.070"	0.089"	
		16	AWG 16	1.50 max	150 N	0.077"	0.095"	
	RM/RC 14M25K	16	AWG 16	1.50 min	150 N	0.082"	0.105"	S16RCM1425
		14	AWG 14	2.50 min	230 N	0.090"	0.109"	
	RM/RC 16M25K	18	AWG 18	0.82 max	90 N	0.070"	0.089"	S16RCM1625
		16	AWG 16	1.50 max	150 N	0.077"	0.095"	
	RM/RC 14M30K*	16	AWG 16	1.50 min	150 N	0.082"	0.105"	S16RCM14
		14	AWG 14	2.50 min	230 N	0.090"	0.109"	
S & F contacts size 16	SM/SC 24ML1TK6*	26/24	AWG 26	0.12 min	15 N	0.033"	0.059"	S16SCM20
			AWG 24	0.25 max	32 N			
	SM/SC 20ML1TK6*	22/20	AWG 22	0.32 min	40 N	0.040"	0.060"	
			AWG 20	0.50 max	60 N			
	SM/SC 16ML11TK6*	18	AWG 18	0.82 min	90 N	0.051"	0.082"	S16SCML11
		16	AWG 16	1.50 max	150 N	0.053"	0.082"	
	SM/SC 16ML1TK6*	18	AWG 18	0.82 min	90 N	0.058"	0.079"	S16SCML1
		16	AWG 16	1.50 max	150 N	0.066"	0.080"	
	SM/SC 14ML1TK6*	14	AWG 14	2.50 max	230 N	0.070"	0.101"	

(1): example of plating, for other plating see page 22

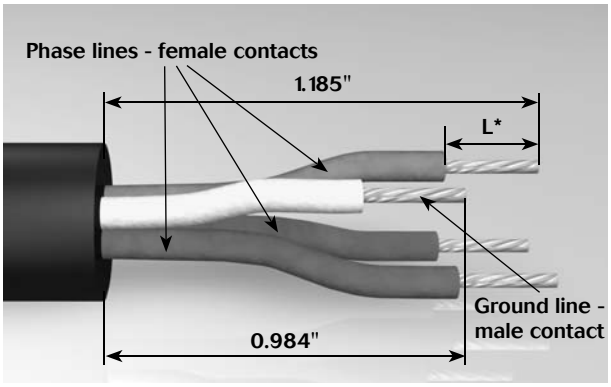
UTL stripping dimensions

- 1 - Female insulator: Strip external cable sheath, adjust ground cable length
- 2 - Male insulator: Strip external cable sheath, adjust signal cable lengths
- 3 - Crimp contacts
- 4 - Place the lubrificant on the holes until the chamfer end
- 5 - Place all the contacts inside the corresponding cavities at the same time
- 6 - Manually push each contact, or use specific tools, until audible click.
  Check each contact retention, with a traction with two fingers

UTL0103G1P - UTL6103G1P -
UTL7103G1P - UTL1103G1P



UTL0103G1S - UTL6103G1S -
UTL7103G1S - UTL1103G1S



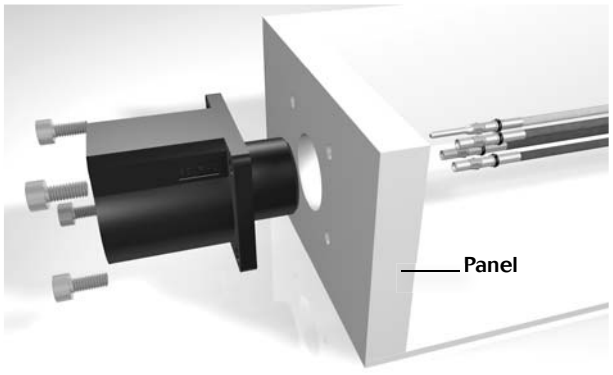
* see page 31

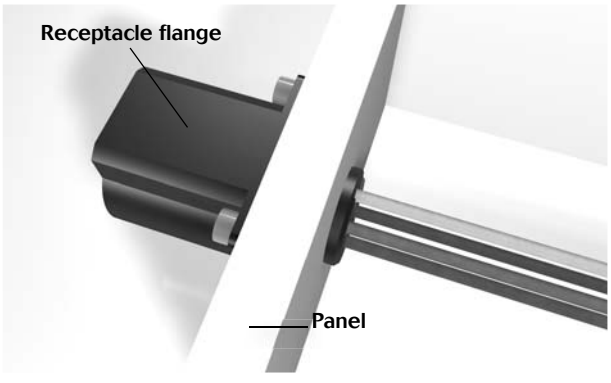
Ground contact must be different compared to the others.

Note: all dimensions are in inch

UTL 0 assembly (mounting suggestion)

- Strip wires, crimp contacts
- Insert contacts into connector cavities (insert manually or use tool RTM205 crimp contacts)
- Place receptacle in the panel cut-out (see dimension page 15)
- Secure receptacle with M3 screws (not supplied), torque 0.7 N.m maxi

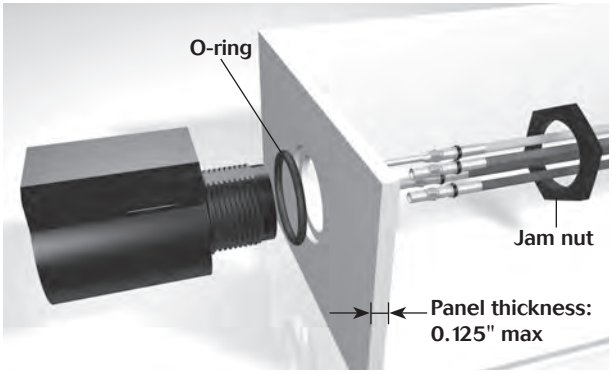


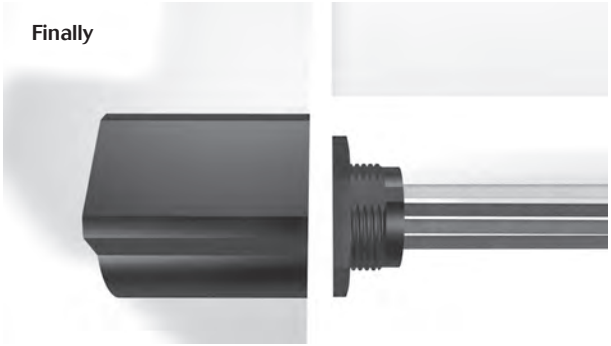


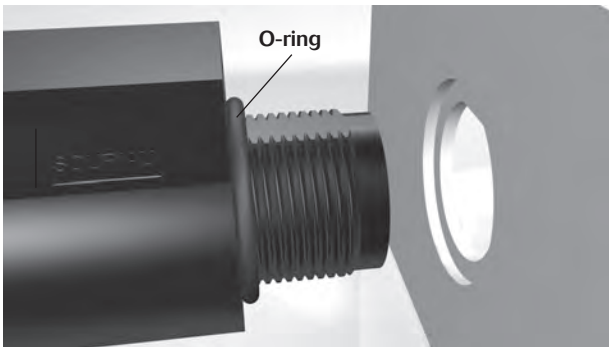
Assembly instruction

UTL 7 assembly (mounting suggestion)

- Slide nut over the cable
- Strip wires, crimp contacts
- Insert contacts into connector cavities (insert manually or use tool RTM205 crimp contacts)
- Seat o-ring, place receptacle in the panel cut-out (see dimension page 15)
- Tighten jam nut
- Jam nut torque: 2.5 Nm maximum, tool tightening: 7/8"

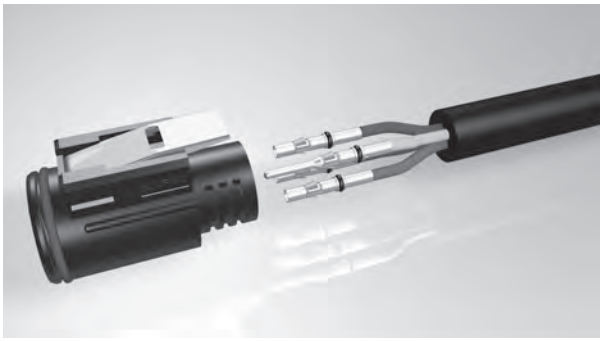






UTL 6 assembly

- Strip external cable jacket
- Strip wires, crimp contacts
- Insert contacts into connector cavities (insert manually or use tool RTM205 crimp contacts)
- Do an overmolding on the wired set

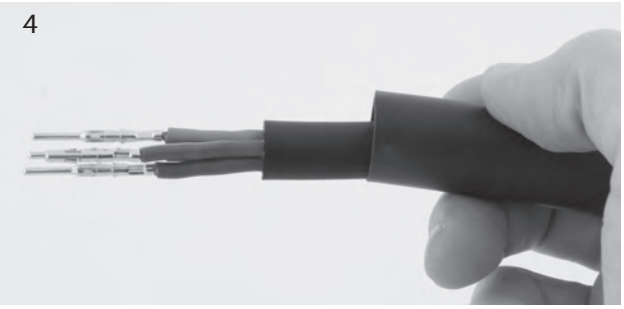


Evaluation kit

The boot is semi-flexible and heat-shrinkable with a moldable adhesive inner lining.

- 1 - Place the heat shrink boot over the cable
- 2 - Strip the cable jacket (see page 33)
- 3 - Strip the individual wires (see page 31)
- 4 - Crimp the contacts
- 5 - Place the contacts in their cavities, checking the retention by slightly pulling the cable
- 6 - Clean the connector surface and the cable jacket with isopropyl alcohol
  (Note: It is advised to rub the jacket with sand paper and clean the jacket before shrinking the boot)
- 7 - Position the boot over the rear threads
- 8 - Heat the boot with a heat gun: minimum shrink temp: 80°C - minimum full recovery temp: 110°C
  make sure to apply the heat evenly around the boot. Starting by applying the heat from the rear of the connector.
  Do not apply excessive heat, as it will damage the connector and/or boot.
- 9 - Let the boot cool down
- 10 -Check for good retention and the boot glue grip.

4



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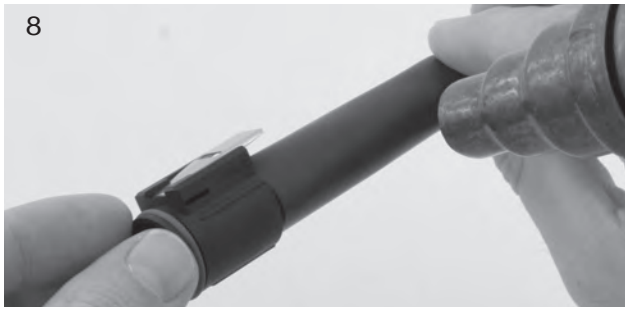

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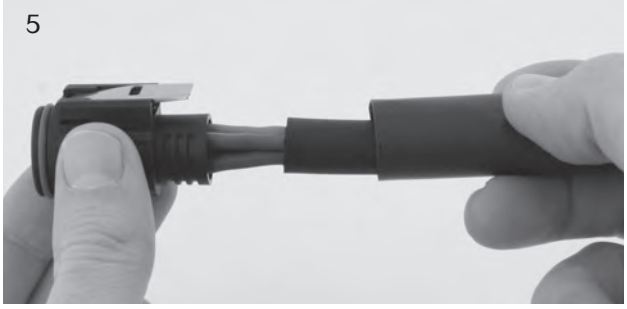


9

7

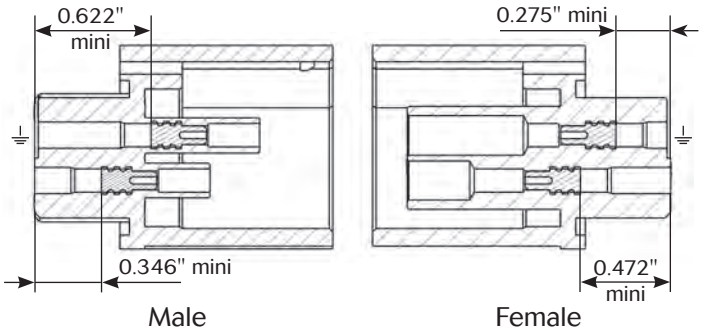
10

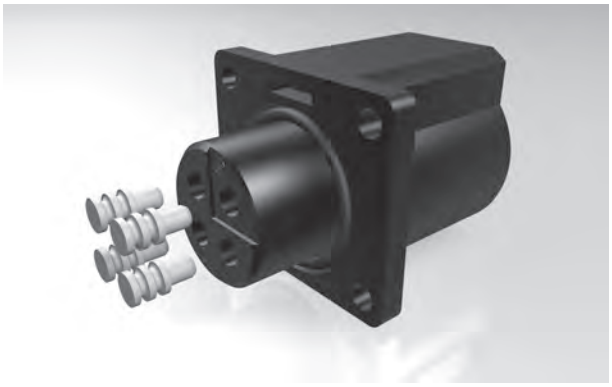
Assembly instruction

SWS mounting

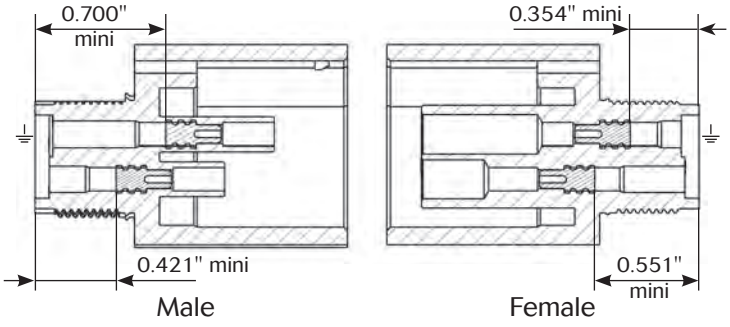
Push the sealing plug into each connector cavity to seal until a mechanical stop.

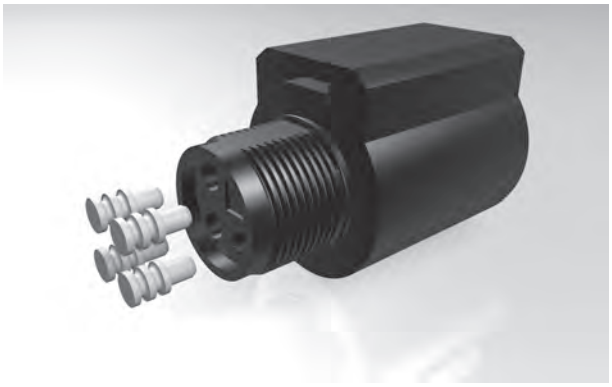
UTL0



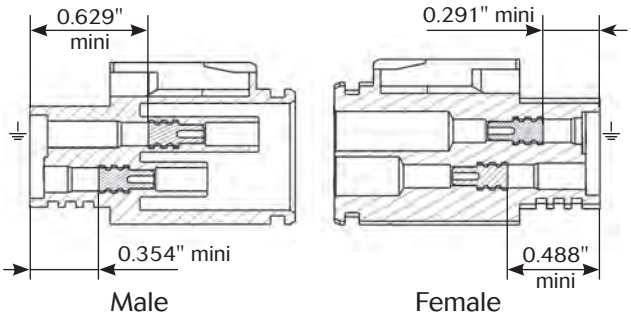


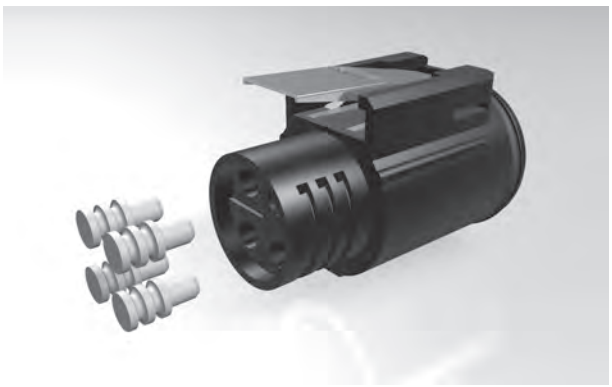
UTL7





UTL6

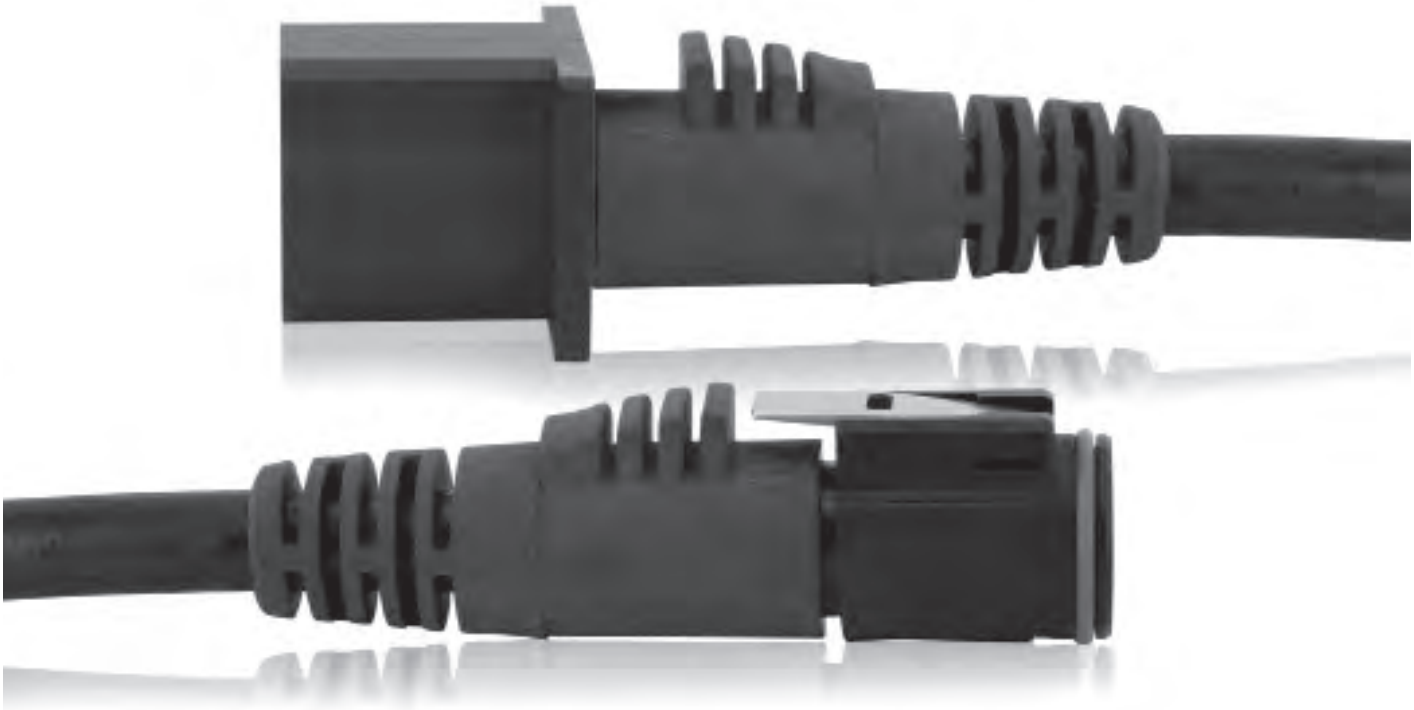




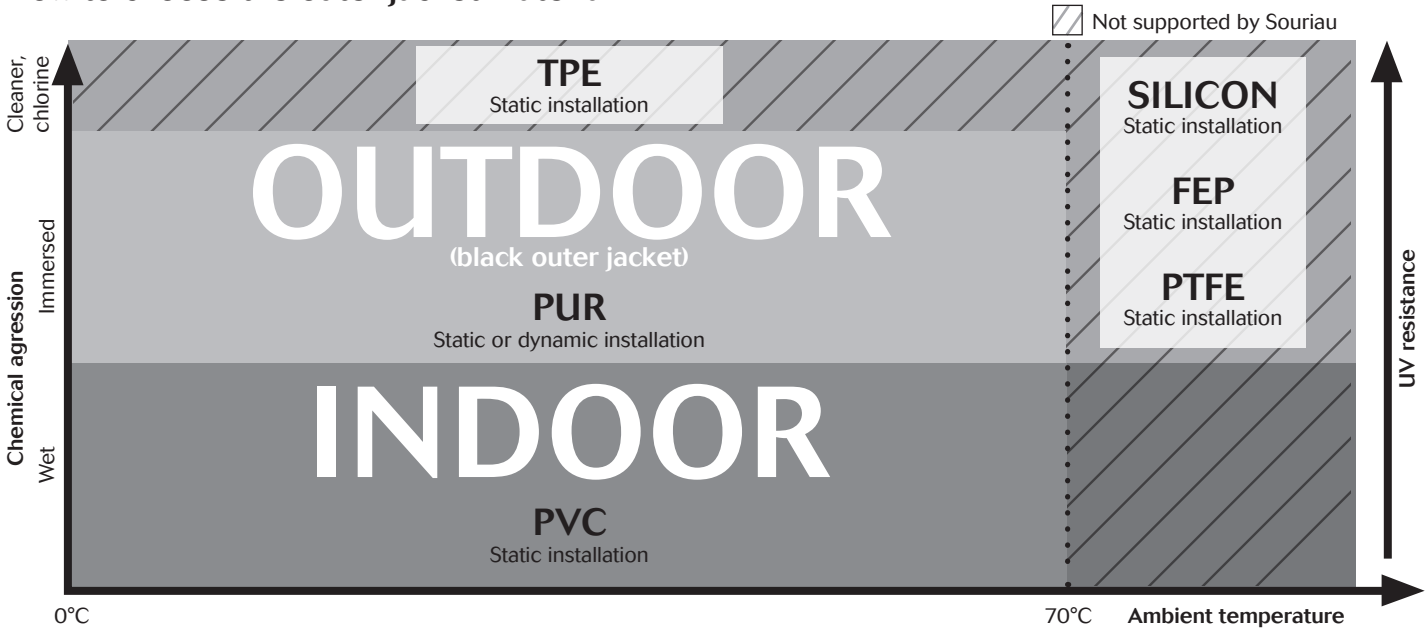
Note: all dimensions are in inches

Cable assembly

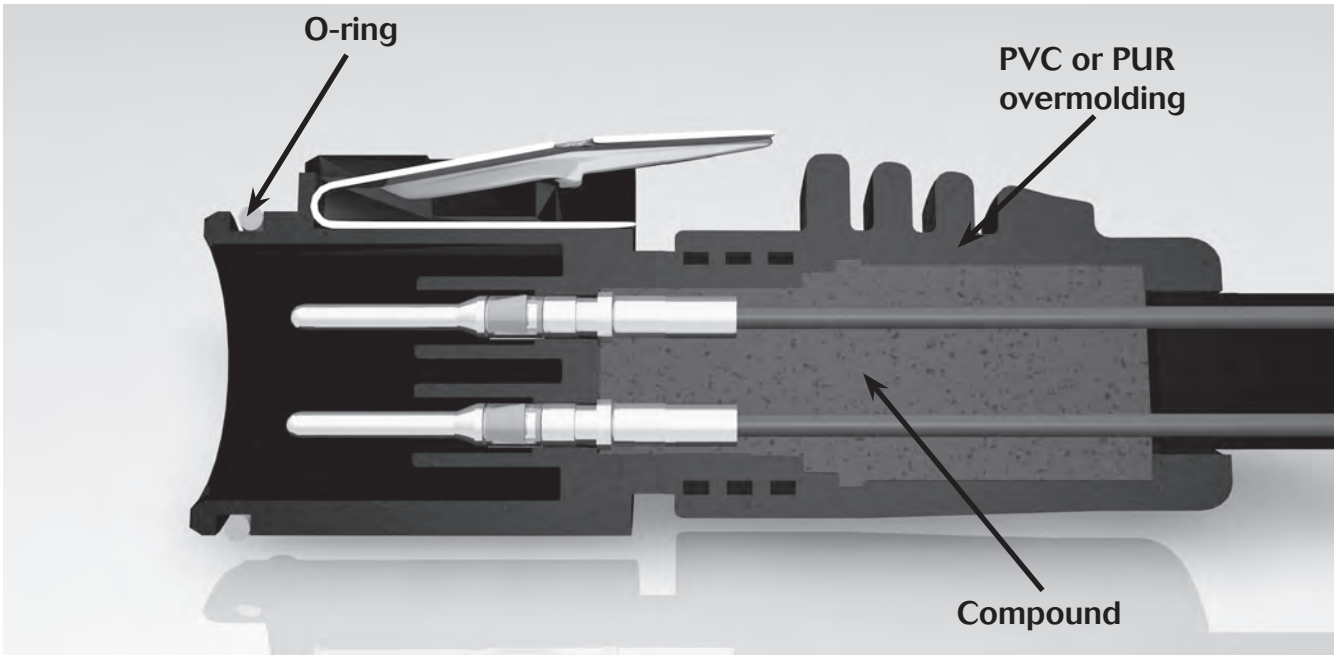
Souriau has provided connectors in various applications for more than 90 years and used in the most extreme environments. Being conscious about the difficulty in finding a quick and a reliable harness manufacturer, we began in-house cable assembly production. It allows customers to reduce the number of suppliers, and to take advantage of the "best in class" quality of the Souriau group. Overmolding is a process that further enhances the sealing properties of the UTL range, over many years of use. Overmolding provides the opportunity to change the cable exit from straight to 90 degrees and avoid stress on the cable terminated to the connector. Also, as the wires are encapsulated inside the molding, a barrier is created which prevents any liquid from entering the equipment throught the connector if the cable jacket is breached.



How to choose the outer jacket material



Overmolding description



Discrete connector

Overmolded connector

Cable information

Construction

14 AWG wire
- SJOOW: 300V, 90°C
- UL listed & CSA certified for indoor & outdoor use
- UL-62/CSA C22.2-49; MSHA approved; RoHS compliant
- Resistant to: oil, uv, water

16 & 18 AWG wires
- SOOW: 600V, 90°C
- Passes MSHA flame-test p-136-MSHA
- Resistant to: oil, uv (UL-62), solvents, water, ozone, aging and abrasion

Applications
- Industrial Controls
- Electronics
- Controlled Environment Equipment
- LED Lighting
- Solar (UV Stable)
- Outdoor Displays

Standardization of American cable

Nomenclature Key

S: Service Grade (also means extra hard service when not followed by J, V, or P)
J: Hard Service
V: Vacuum cleaner cord (also light duty cable)
P: Parallel cord (also known as zip cord) – Always light duty
E: Thermoplastic Elastomer (UL/NEC designation ONLY)
O: Oil Resistant
T: Thermoplastic
W: Outdoor-includes sunlight resistant jacket and wet location rated conductors (formerly "W-A")
H: Heater cable
VW-1: Flame retardant
FT2: Flame retardant

Definitions of Cable Types

SVT: Thermoplastic insulated vacuum cleaner cord, with or without 3rd conductor for grounding purposes; 300V (PVC)
SJT: Junior hard service, thermoplastic insulated conductors and jacket. 300V (PVC)
SJTW: Same as SJT except outdoor rated. (PVC)
SJTO: Same as SJT but oil resistant outer jacket. (PVC)
SJTOW: Same as SJTO except outdoor rated. (PVC)
ST: Hard service cord with all thermoplastic construction, 600V (PVC)
STW: Same as ST except outdoor rated. (PVC)
STO: Same as ST but with oil resistant outer jacket. (PVC)
STOW: Same as STO except outdoor rated. (PVC)

Cable assembly list

Nbr contacts	Size	Wire size	Description	Length* (FT)	Part number
4	10	14 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female plug	3	UTLMKT63G1PS3FT
4	10	16 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female plug	3	UTLMK63G1PS03FT00
4	10	18 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female plug	3	UTLMK63G1PS03FT01
4	10	14 AWG	S/E assembly 1 female plug	3	UTLMKT63G1S3FT
4	10	16 AWG	S/E assembly 1 female plug	3	UTLMK63G1S03FT00
4	10	18 AWG	S/E assembly 1 female plug	3	UTLMK63G1S03FT01
4	10	14 AWG	S/E assembly 1 male plug	3	UTLMKT63G1P3FT
4	10	16 AWG	S/E assembly 1 male plug	3	UTLMK63G1P03FT00
4	10	18 AWG	S/E assembly 1 male plug	3	UTLMK63G1P03FT01
4	10	14 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female inline receptacle	3	UTLMKT613G1SP3FT
4	10	16 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female inline receptacle	3	UTLMK613G1SP03FT00
4	10	18 AWG	D/E assembly 1 male plug & 1 female inline receptacle	3	UTLMK613G1SP03FT01

* Other lengths available: 3, 6, 12 feet only: e.g. UTLMKT63G1PS6FT for a 6 feet version 14 AWG jumper or UTLMK63G1PS06FT01 for a 6 feet version 18 AWG jumper

Dimensions mated connector

Long version: with strain relief

UTL0 + UTL6

UTL7 + UTL6

UTL1 + UTL6

Short version: without strain relief

UTL0 + UTL6

UTL7 + UTL6

UTL1 + UTL6

Note: all dimensions are in inches

Rated current & working voltage

Current carrying capacity

The current carrying capacity of a connector is limited by the thermal properties of materials used in its construction. The amount of current that can be handled depends on the size of cable used, the ambient temperature and the heat that is generated inside the connector. Part 3 of the IEC 60512 standard determines through a derating curve, the maximum current permissible. Wire size plays an important role since they help to dissipate heat and avoid overheating (Fig 1 and Fig 2).

Please note that the curve should be adjusted when dealing with potential hot spots, which can occur as a result of unequal loading of current across a number of contacts. As a general rule, it is best to avoid locating power handling contacts in the middle of the connector; try to locate them towards the edge where heat can be dissipated more effectively. Eventually you should find a level which represents the permissible operating range:

Fig.1 : UTL – 1.5mm² wires

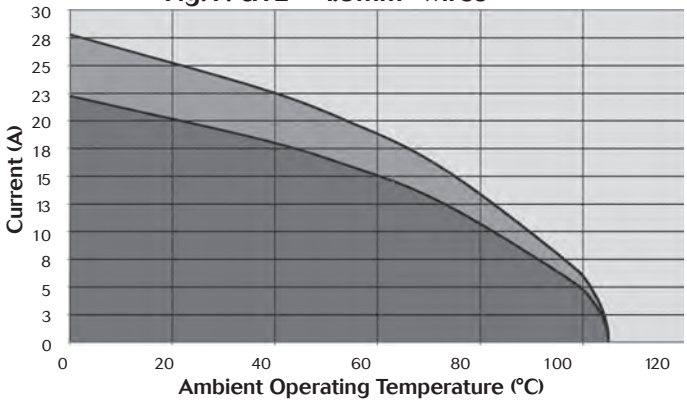
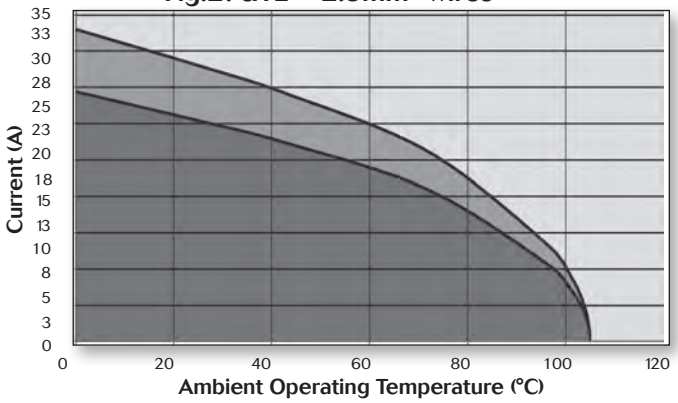


Fig.2 : UTL – 2.5mm² wires



Current use **Limited use** **Not recommended use**

The **rated current** is defined as uninterrupted continuous current that a connector can take when all contacts are energized simultaneously without exceeding the maximum limit of temperature. The earth contact is never loaded.

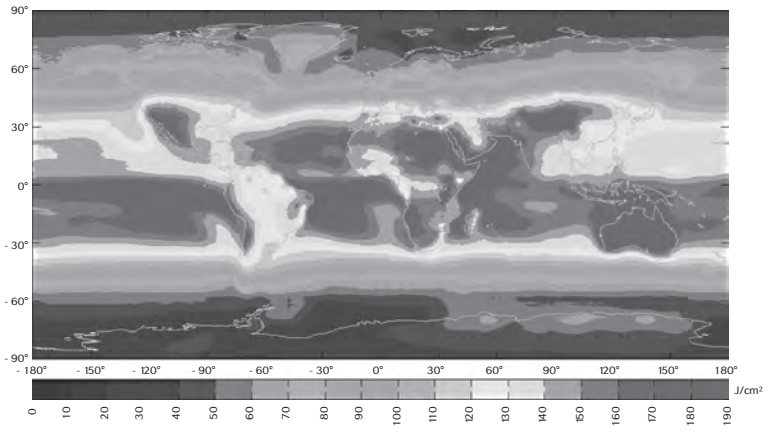
UV resistance

Solar radiation affects all materials, but plastics can be susceptible to extreme degradation over time.
The choice of materials for the UTL series was therefore a critical consideration.

All over the world we are not exposed to the same amount of energy given by the sun. The chart shown here clearly illustrates this.

Souriau has chosen a polymeric material able to withstand sunlight over a long period of time. For that we carefully followed the UL 746C and finally picked an "F1" material. As a consequence our connector has been approved for outdoor use.

Yearly mean of daily irradiation in UV (280-400 nm) on horizontal plane (J/cm²) (1990-2004)



Underwriter Laboratories c UL us

There are two main standards for industrial connectors: UL94 & UL1977

UL94: Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances

This standard is dedicated to plastics flammability. It characterizes how the material burns in various orientation and thicknesses. Whereas most of our competitors are using a 50W test to classified the ability of their solution to withstand fire, Souriau decided to increase this to a 500W test. New regulations tend to emphasize the importance of burning behavior making the 50W test less and less relevant.

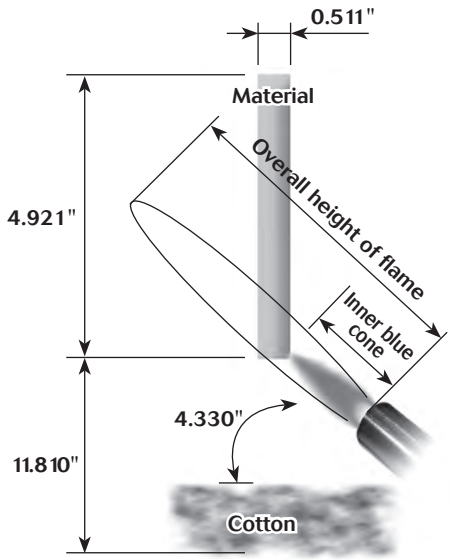
The UTL series has been rated at 5VA.

Procedure: Bar specimens are to be 4.921" long by 0.511" wide, and provided in the minimum thickness.
Plaque specimens are to be 5.905" by 5.905" and provided in the minimum thickness.
Thicker specimens may also be provided and shall be tested if the results obtained on the minimum thickness indicate inconsistent test results. The maximum thickness is not to exceed 0.511".

Conditions	94-5VA
Afterflame time plus afterglow time after fifth flame application for each individual bar specimen	≤60s
Cotton indicator ignited by flaming particles or drops from any bar specimen	No
Burn-through (hole) of any plaque specimen	No

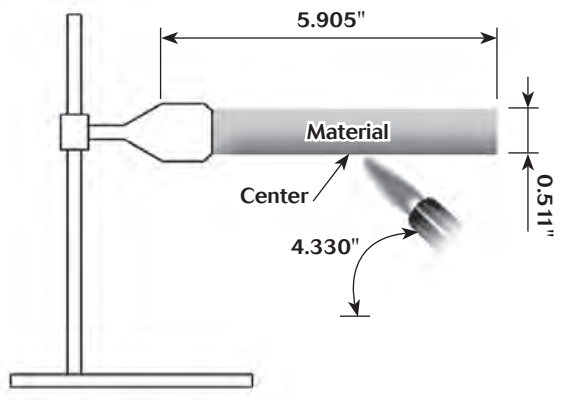
5VA Vertical burning:

- The specimen is clamped from the upper 0.236" of the specimen, with the longitudinal axis vertical, so that the lower end of the specimen is 11.810" above a horizontal layer of not more than 0.08 g of absorbent cotton thinned to approximately 1.968" x 1.968" and a maximum thickness of 0.236".
- The 500W flame is then to be applied to one of the lower corners of the specimen so that the tip of the blue cone is within 0 to 0.118" of the specimen edge.
- Apply the flame for $5^{\pm 0.5}$ seconds and then remove for $5^{\pm 0.5}$ seconds. Repeat the operation until the specimen has been subjected to five applications of the test flame.



5VA Horizontal burning:

- Support the plaque specimen by a clamp in the horizontal plane.
- The flame is then to be applied to the center of the bottom surface of the plaque so that the tip of the blue cone is within 0 to 0.118" of the plaque surface.
- Apply the flame for $5^{\pm 0.5}$ seconds and then remove for $5^{\pm 0.5}$ seconds. Repeat the operation until the plaque specimen has been subjected to five applications of the test flame.
- After the fifth application of the test flame, and after all flaming or glowing combustion has ceased, it is to be observed whether or not the flame penetrated (burned through) the plaque material. In addition, no opening greater than 0.118" shall appear after the test.

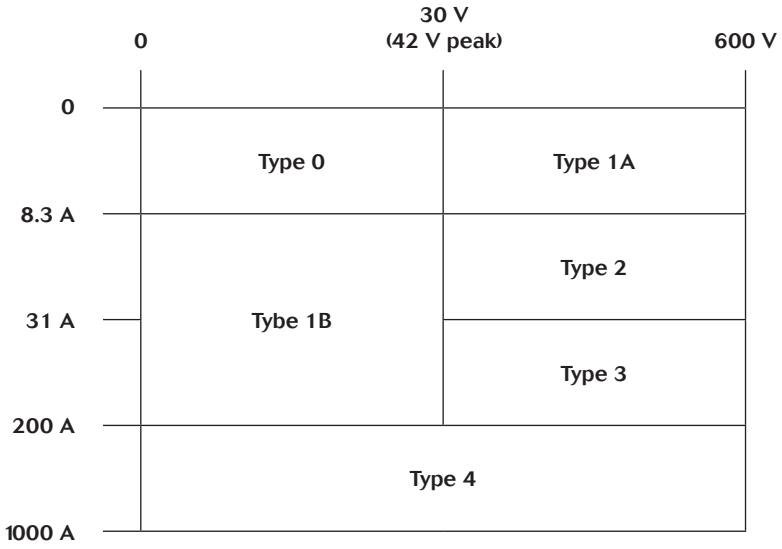


Underwriter Laboratories c UL us

UL1977

There are several standards which deal with plug and receptacle. Each of them is only for a small area of applications. It could be telecommunication, etc. The UL1977 covers single and multipole connectors intended for factory assembly.

Requirements apply to devices taking into account intensity and voltage. The categories are as follows:



According to above table, the level of performance that has to be reached could be different. Most of them are explained in the following page.

Insulating materials:

Material uses for electrical insulation, as a minimum, have to comply with the characteristics shown below:

- **Minimum ratings for polymeric materials**

Type	Flame rating	Relative thermal index (RTI) Electrical/mechanical w/o impact */**
0	-	50/50
1A	HB	50/50
1B	HB	50/50
2	HB	50/50
3	HB	50/50
4	HB	50/50

* The RTI of the material shall not be lower than the temperature measured during the Temperature Test.
** For a thickness less than that for which a value has been established, the RTI of the minimum thickness with an established value shall be used.

Assembly:

Connector has to be keyed to prevent any mismating that can damage the machine or hurt the user. In the same way, plugs and sockets have to be equipped to protect persons against contact with live parts.
Finally the identified grounding contact shall be located so that the corresponding electrical continuity has to be completed before any other contact.

Underwriter Laboratories c UL us

UL1977

Spacing:

For a 250V max connector, distance through air or over material shall be 0.047" whereas from 250V to 600V connector the spacing is 3.2 minimum. These distances have to be taken between uninsulated live parts as shown in the matrix below:

• **Applicability of spacing requirements**

Type	Uninsulated live part - uninsulated live part of opposite polarity	Uninsulated live part - uninsulated grounded metal part	Uninsulated live part - exposed dead metal part
0	No	No	No
1A	Yes	Yes	Yes
1B	Yes	Yes	No
2	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Yes	Yes	Yes

An alternative way to determine voltage rating is with the Dielectric-Withstand test. If during one minute there is no arc-over or breakdown the rated voltage is given as given below:

a) 500 volts for a type 1B device
b) 1000 volts plus twice rated voltage for types 1A, 2, 3 and 4 devices.

Marking:

A device shall be legibly marked with the manufacturer's trade name, trade mark, or other descriptive marking by which the organization responsible for the product may be identified. (Exception: If the device is too small, or where the legibility would be difficult to attain, the manufacturer's name, trademark, or other descriptive marking may appear on the smallest unit container or carton)

The following shall be marked on the device or on the smallest unit container or carton or on a stuffer sheet in the smallest unit container or carton:

a) The catalog number or an equivalent designation
b) The electrical rating in both volts and amperes, if assigned
c) Whether ac or dc, if restricted
d) Flammability class, if identified

Example - Marking for the arrangement 10-3: **500V 10A UL94 V-0**

IEC 61984

The norm is dedicated to connectors with rated voltage above 50V and up to 1000V and rated currents up to 125A per contact. Depending on your application connectors should be compliant with another standard. This has to be double checked with the customer.

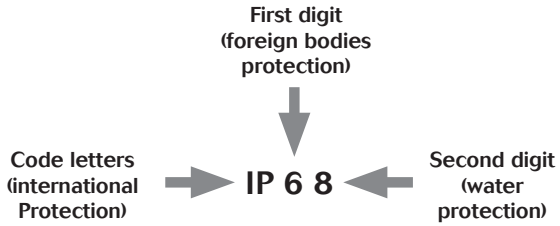
There are lot of constructional requirements and performances specified in that standard. Most of them are illustrated in greater details hereafter.

Provisions for earthing:

The UTL connector is intended to be used on Class II systems. Even if the purpose of our connector is not to interrupt current, we often see a need to add a protective ground contact. This should be a "First mate, last break" style. Critically, among all of the normal assumptions we make in designing a connector, this contact has to be considered as a live part and must be protected against electric shock by double or reinforced insulation.

IP Code:

IP is a coding system defined by the IEC 60529 to indicate the degrees of protection provided by an enclosure. The aim of this is to give information regarding the accessibility of live parts against ingress of water and other foreign bodies.



1st digit	Degree of protection
0	No protection against accidental contact. No protection against solid foreign bodies.
1	Protection against contacts with any large area by hand and against large solid foreign bodies with a diameter bigger than 1.968".
2	Protection against contact with the fingers. Protection against solid foreign bodies with a diameter bigger than 0.472".
3	Protection against tools, wires or similar objects with a diameter bigger than 0.098". Protection against small solid bodies with a diameter bigger than 0.098".
4	Same as 3, however diameter is bigger than 0.039".
5	Full protection against contacts. Protection against interior injurious dust deposits.
6	Total protection against contacts. Protection against penetration of dust.

2nd digit	Degree of protection
0	No protection against water.
1	Drip-proof. Protection against vertical water drips.
2	Drip-proof. Protection against water drips up to a 15° angle.
3	Spray-proof. Protection against diagonal water drips up to a 60° angle.
4	Splash-proof. Protection against splashed water from all directions.
5	Hose-proof. Protection against water (out of a nozzle) from all directions.
6	Protection against temporary flooding.
7	Protection against temporary immersions.
8	Protection against water pressure. Pressure to be specified by supplier.

UTL offers high sealing performance IP68 / 69K… Even in dynamic situations.

In addition to the IEC 60529 we conjointly use the DIN 40050 part 9 which are dedicated to road vehicles. The main differences are:

- **First digit:** 5 replaced by 5K, 6 by 6K. In the DIN the tested equipment is not depressurized as it is in the IEC.
- **Second digit:** 5K and 6K has been added and are equivalent respectively to 5 and 6 but with higher pressure. 9K which represents the High pressure cleaning.

9K	High pressure hose-proof. Protection against high pressure water (out of a nozzle) from all directions.

IEC 61984

Overvoltage

UTL connectors are qualified to be used on systems rated at Overvoltage category III

Per the IEC 60664-1 (formely VDE 0110) each category is linked to the end application and where the device will be implemented:

- **Category IV** (primary overcurrent protection equipment):
Origin of the installation

- **Category III** (Any fixed installation with a permanent connection)
Fixed installation and equipment and for cases where the reliability and the availability is subject to special requirements

- **Category II** (Domestic appliances):
Energy consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation

- **Category I** (Protected electronic circuit):
For connection to circuit in which measures are taken to limit transient overvoltage.

Pollution degree

Per the IEC 60664-1 (formerly VDE 0110) the environment affects the performance of the insulation. Particles can build a bridge between two metal parts. As a rule dust mixed with water can be conductive and more generally speaking metal dust is conductive. Finally, the standard defines 4 levels of pollution:

- **Degree 1** (Air conditioned dry room):
No pollution or only dry, non conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.

- **Degree 2** (Personal computer in a residential area):
Only non conductive pollution occurs except that occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.

- **Degree 3** (Machine tools):
Conductive pollution occurs or dry non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is to be expected.

- **Degree 4** (Equipments on roof, locomotives):
Continuous conductivity occurs due to conductive dust, rain or other wet conditions.

Finally, the harsher the environment is, the longer clearance and creepage distances should be. Nonetheless, according the IEC 61984, enclosure rated at IP54 or higher can be dimensioned for a lower pollution degree. This applies to mated connectors disengaged for test and maintenance.

Marking

The marking should give enough details to the user to know what the main characteristics are and without going deep in technical documentation. Below examples identify the suitability of the connector:

- **Example 1:**
Marking of a connector with rated current 16A, rated voltage 400V, rated impulse voltage 6kV and pollution degree 3, 2 and 1 for use in any system, preferably ungrounded or delta-grounded systems:

16A 400V 6kV 3

- **Example 2:**
Marking of a connector with rated current 16A, rated insulation voltages line-to-earth 250V, line-to-line 400V, rated impulse voltage 4kV and pollution degree 3, 2 and 1 for use in grounded systems:

16A 250V 400V 4kV 3

What is NEMA rating ?

• NEMA ratings vs IP ratings

Whereas IP ratings only consider protection against ingress of foreign bodies - first digit - and ingress of water (second digit), NEMA ratings consider these but also verify protection from external ice, corrosive materials, oil immersion, etc.

The correlation between NEMA & IP being limited only to dust and water, we can state that a NEMA type *is equivalent to* an IP rating but it is not possible to say the contrary.

Below a list of some NEMA standards:

Enclosure rating	IP20	IP22	IP55	IP64	IP65	IP66	IP67
Type 1	•						
Type 3				•			
Type 3R		•					
Type 3S				•			
Type 4						•	
Type 4X						•	
Type 6							•
Type 12			•				
Type 13					•		

• indicates compliance

Type 6 rating can be either Type 6 or Type 6P - please see below:

6	IP67	Enclosures constructed for either indoor or outdoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment, falling dirt, hose-directed water, the entry of water during occasional temporary submersion at a limited depth and damage from external ice formation.
6P	IP67	Enclosures constructed for either indoor or outdoor use to provide a degree of protection to personnel against incidental contact with the enclosed equipment, falling dirt, hose-directed water, the entry of water during prolonged submersion at a limited depth and damage from external ice formation.

UTL Series

UTL Series

Appendices

#16 coaxial contacts

Coaxial cable - Contact monocrimp and multipiece

Cable type	Impe-dance	Contact type	Ø over jacket		Ø over dielectric		Inner cond size	Ø outer braid		Male contact kit for coaxial cable	Female contact kit for coaxial cable
			inch	mm	inch	mm	Ext. Ø mm	inch	mm		
RG161/U	75	Multi piece	0.09"	2.29	0.057"	1.45	-	-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
RG179A/U	75		0.105"	2.67	0.063"	1.6	0.3	0.084"	2.13 max		
RG179B/U	75		0.105"	2.67	0.063"	1.6	0.3	0.084"	2.13 max		
RG187/U	75		0.11"	2.79 max	0.06"	1.52	0.3	-	-		
RG188/U	50		0.11"	2.79 max	0.06"	1.52	0.51	0.078"	1.98 max		
RG174/U	50		0.11"	2.92	0.06"	1.52	0.48	0.088"	2.24 max		
AMPHENOL 21-598	50		0.105"	2.67	0.06"	1.52	0.48	-	-		
RG196/U	50		0.08"	2.03 max	0.034"	0.086	0.3	-	-		
RG178A/U	50		0.075"	1.91	0.034"	0.86	0.3	0.054"	1.37 max		
RG/188A/U	50	Mono crimp	0.110"	2.79	0.06"	1.52	0.51	0.078"	1.98 max	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28
KX21TVT (europe) RG178 B/U	50		0.075"	1.91	0.034"	0.86	0.3	0.054"	1.37 max	RMDX6034D28	RCDX6034D28
RG178 / BU	50		0.075"	1.91	0.034"	0.86	0.3	0.054"	1.37 max	RMDX6050D28	RCDX6016D28
RG174/U	50		0.115"	2.92	0.06"	1.52	0.48	0.088"	2.24 max	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28
RG188A/U	50		0.11"	2.79	0.06"	1.52	0.51	0.078"	1.98 max	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28
RG316/U	50		0.107"	2.72	0.6"	1.52	0.51	0.078"	2.05 max	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28
raychem 5024A3111	50		0.12"	3.05	0.083"	2.11	0.64	0.097"	2.46	RMDX6052D28	RCDX6052D28
raychem 5026e1614	50		0.083"	2.11	0.05"	1.27	0.48	0.067"	1.7	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28
surprenant pn 8134	-	Multi piece	0.1"	2.54	0.058"	1.47	0.3	-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
PRD PN 247AS-C1123-001	-	Mono crimp	0.103"	2.62	0.06"	1.52	0.51	0.078"	1.98	RMDX6018D28	RCDX6018D28
PRD PN 247AS-C1251	-		0.092"	2.34	0.05"	1.27	0.64	0.067"	1.7	RMDX6018D28	RCDX6018D28
JUDD C15013010902	-		0.087"	2.13	0.05"	1.27	0.48	0.066"	1.67	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28
CDC PIN22939200	-		0.09"	2.29	0.048"	1.22	0.3	0.064"	1.63	RMDX6046D28	RCDX6016D28
CDC PIN22939200	-		0.09"	2.29	0.048"	1.22	0.3	0.064"	1.63	RMDX6050D28	RCDX6016D28
CDC PIN245670000	-		0.104"	2.64	0.067"	1.7	0.3	0.083"	2.11	RMDX6050D28	RCDX6016D28
ampex	-		0.114"	2.9	0.075"	1.91	0.38	0.09"	1.29	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28
TI PN 920580	-		0.7"	1.78	0.038"	0.96	0.48	0.054"	1.37	RMDX6024D28	RCDX6024D28
Honeywell PN 58000062	-		0.12"	3.05	0.077"	1.96	0.41 solid	0.096"	2.44	RMDX6026D28	RCDX6026D28
-	-		0.104"	2.64	0.067"	1.7	0.3	-	2.11	RMDX6050D28	-
-	-		0.09"	2.29	0.048"	1.22	0.3	-	1.63	RMDX6050D28	-
-	-		0.114"	2.9	0.075"	1.91	0.38	-	1.29	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28
-	-		0.07"	1.78	0.038"	0.96	0.48	-	1.37	RMDX6024D28	RCDX6024D28
-	-		0.12"	3.05	0.077"	1.96	0.41	-	2.44	RMDX6026D28	RCDX6026D28

48h sample service

Twisted cable - Contact monocrimp and multipiece

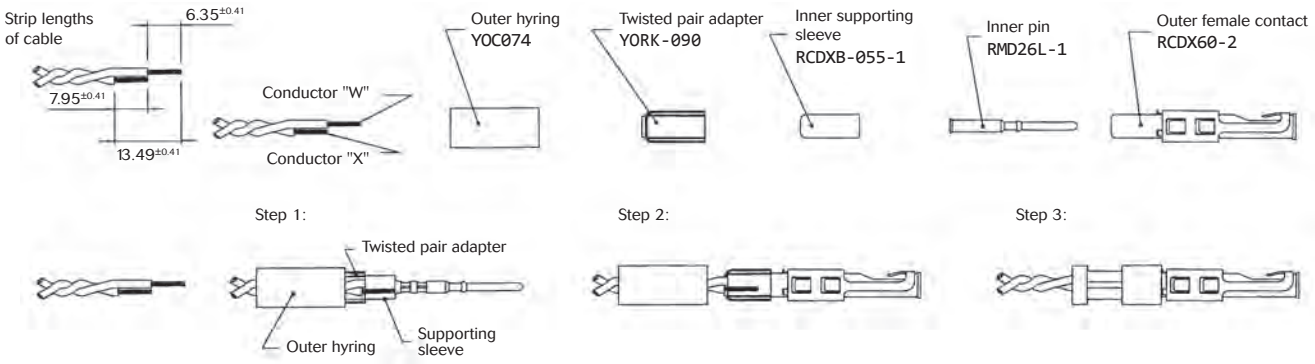
Cable type	Contact type	Inner AWG cond	Ø over jacket (single wire)		Inner cond size		Ø outer braid		Male contact kit for coaxial cable	Female contact kit for coaxial cable
			inch	mm	Stranded definition	Ext. Ø mm	inch	mm		
2#24 stranded mil w 16878 type B	Multi piece	24	0.049"	1.24 max	7/.008		-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
2 #24 solid mil-w-76 type LW		24	0.047"	1.12 max	1/.0201		-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
2 #26 stranded mil w 76 type LW or mil w16878 type b&e		26	0.043"	1.09 max	7/.0063	0.16	-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
2 #28 solid mil-w-81822/3		28	0.028"	0.71 max			-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
TWISTED PAIR 1/.201 SOLID MIL w 76 TYPE lw or MIL W 16878		26	0.044"	1.12 max	1/.0201	0.511	-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
twisted pair solid mil w 81822/3		28	0.028"	0.71 max	1/.0126	0.32	-	-	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28
#28 7/.0036 per Hitachi spec ec-711 (13-2820)	Mono crimp	-	0.046"	1.17	7/.0036	-	-	-	RMDX6031D28 + YORX090	RCDX6031D28 + YORX090
20218201		-	0.028"	0.71	-	-	-	-	RMDX6031D28 + YORX090	RCDX6031D28 + YORX090
#30 solid		-	0.025"	0.64	-	-	-	-	RMDX6015D28 + YORX090	RCDX6015D28 + YORX090
#26 7/.0063		26	0.028"	0.71	7/.063	0.16	-	-	RMDX6031D28 + YORX090	RCDX6031D28 + YORX090
#26 19/.004		26	0.049"	1.24	19/.004	-	-	-	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
#24 7/.008		24	0.049"	1.24	7/.008	-	-	-	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
#24 19/.005		24	0.057"	1.45	19/.005	-	-	-	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
-		26	-	1.25	-	-	-	19x0.1	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
-		24	-	1.25	-	-	-	7x0.2	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
-		24	-	1.45	-	-	-	19x0.13	RMDX6019D28 + YORX090	RCDX6019D28 + YORX090
-		26	-	0.7	-	-	-	7x0.16	RMDX6031D28 + YORX090	RCDX6031D28 + YORX090

#16 coaxial contacts

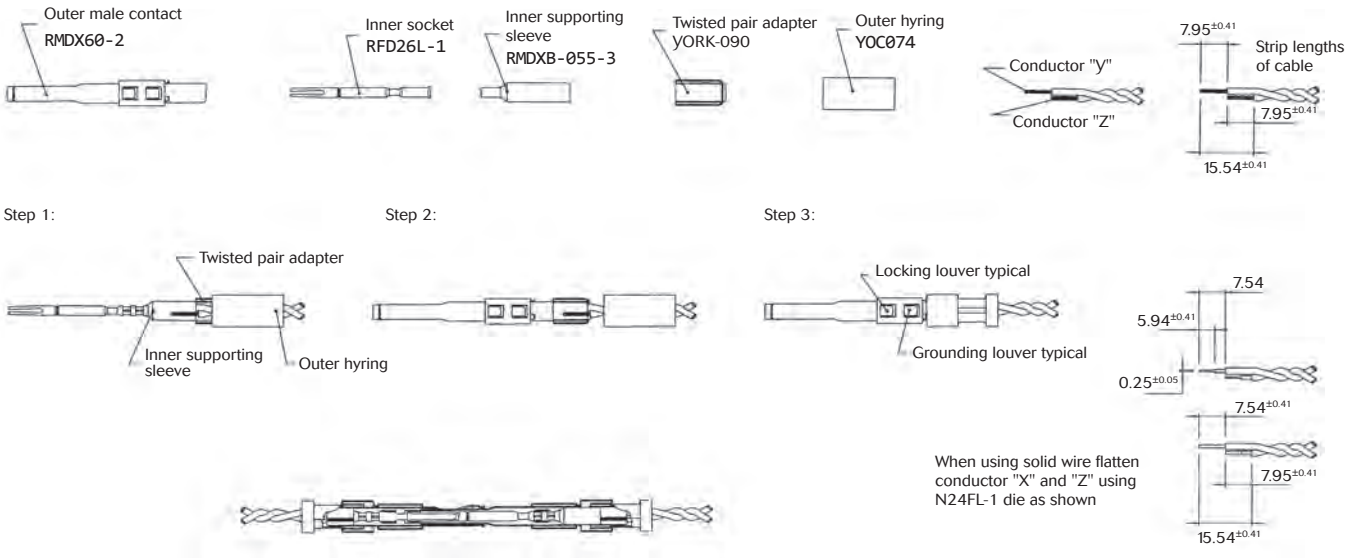
Twisted pair cable multipiece contact cabling

Cable reference	Contact type	Male contact	Female contact	Crimp tool	Die set	Stop bushing	Cable strip length			Inner conductor crimp		Braid crimp	
							A	B	C	g dim	t dim	g dim	t dim
2#24 stranded mil w 16878 type B	Multi piece	RMDXK10D28	RCDXK1D28	M10S1J	-	-	See assembly notice						
2 #24 solid mil-w-76 type LW													
2 #26 stranded mil w 76 type LW or mil w16878 type B & E													
2 #28 solid mil-w-81822/3													
twisted pair 1/.201 solid mil w 76 type LW or mil w 16878													
twisted pair solid mil w 81822/3													

Female contact



Male contact

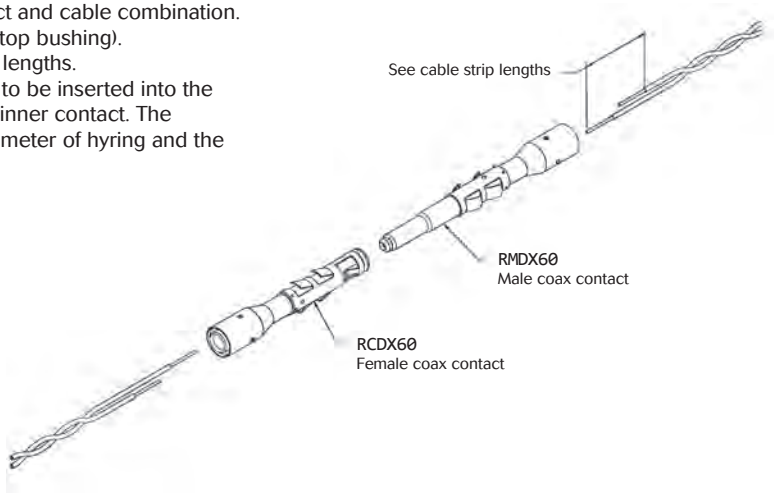


Note: all dimensions are in mm

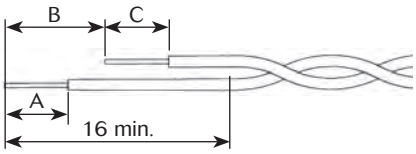
Twisted pair cable monocrimp contact cabling

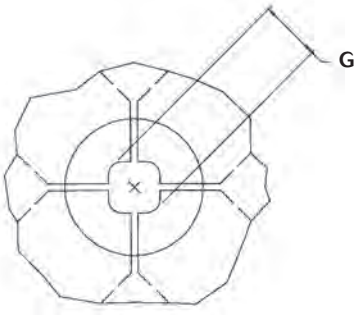
Cable reference	Contact type	Male contact	Female contact	Crimp tool	Die set	Stop bushing	Cable strip length A	Cable strip length B	Cable strip length C	Inner conductor crimp g dim	Inner conductor crimp t dim	Braid crimp g dim	Braid crimp t dim
#28 7/.0036 per Hitachi spec ec-711 (13-2820)	Mono crimp	RMDX6031D28 + YORX090	RCDX6031D28 + YORX090	M10S1J	S80	SL105	4.7	6.1	4.32	1.30 to 1.12	1.4 to 1.22	2.97 to 2.84	3.07 to 2.9
20218204					S80	SL105	3.94	6.1	3.16	1.30 to 1.17	1.4 to 1.22	2.97 to 2.84	3.07 to 2.79
#30 solid					S83	SL105	4.7	6.1	4.06	1.22 to 1.12	1.35 to 1.22	2.97 to 2.84	3.12 to 2.95
#26 7/.0063					S80	SL105	4.7	6.1	4.06	1.30 to 1.17	1.4 to 1.22	2.97 to 2.84	3.07 to 2.9
#26 19/.004					M10SG8 ASSY'Y TOOL DIE SET STOP BUSHING M10S1J TOOL		4.7	6.1	4.06	1.22 to 1.17	1.35 to 1.22	2.84 to 2.79	3.12 to 2.97
#24 7/.008							4.7	6.1	4.06	1.22 to 1.17	1.35 to 1.22	2.84 to 2.79	3.12 to 2.97
#24 19/.005							4.7	6.1	4.06	1.22 to 1.17	1.35 to 1.22	2.84 to 2.79	3.12 to 2.97
AWG26 (19x0.1)					M10SG8 crimping kit		4.7	6	4				
AWG24 (7x0.2)													
AWG24 (19x0.13)													
AWG26 (7x0.16)					S80	SL150							

- Select appropriate monocrimp coax twisted pair contact and cable combination.
- Select appropriate crimp tooling (hand tool, S-die set, stop bushing).
- Strip the twisted pair cable to the designated wire strip lengths.
- Insert the stripped cable into the contact. One cable is to be inserted into the inside diameter of hyring, and pushed forward into the inner contact. The second cable is to be inserted between the outside diameter of hyring and the inside diameter of the outer contact body.
- Crimp the contact.

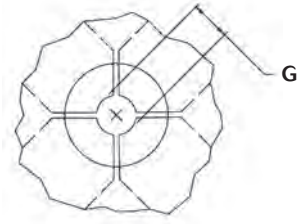


Cable strip length





Braid crimp (G) to be measured with die set fully closed



Inner conductor crimp (G) to be measured with die set fully closed

Note: all dimensions are in mm

#16 coaxial contacts

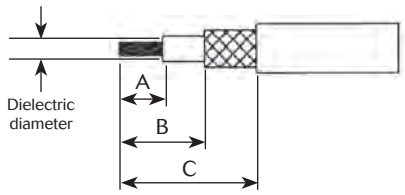
Multipiece male contact with coax cable

Cable reference	Contact	Hyring complementary compoments	Outer contact crimp tool		Inner contact crimp tool		Cable strip length		
			Crimp tool M10S1J		Crimp tool M10S1J				
			Die set	Stop bushing	Die set	Stop bushing	A	B	C
RG161U	Male: RMDXK10D28	YOC074	S221	SL471	S23D2	SL46D2	4.37	7.95	15.88
RG179							4.37	7.95	15.88
RG187U							4.37	7.95	15.88
RG188/U					S26D2		4.37	7.95	15.88
RG174/U							4.37	7.95	15.88
RG178A/U		YOC074 + RMDXB0553			S23D2		7.54	9.12	17.53
RG196U							7.54	9.12	17.53
AMPHENOL 21-598		YOC074			-		4.37	7.95	15.88
surprenant pn 8134					-		4.37	7.95	15.88

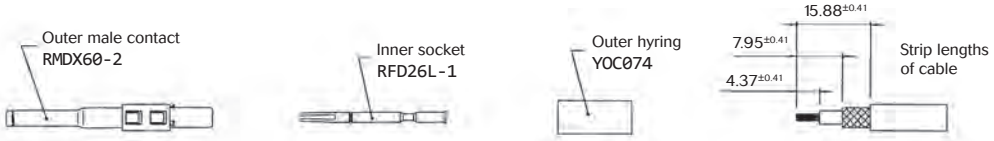
Multipiece kit details

RMDXK10D28 ⏲ includes	RMDX602D28	Outer contact
	RFD26L1D28	Inner contact
	YOC074	Outer hyring
	RMDXB0553	Inner supporting sleeve

Cable strip length



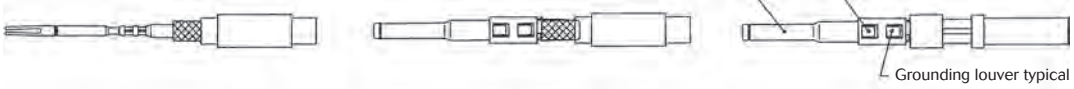
Contact assembly with dielectric diameter over 1.4mm - without inner supporting sleeve



Step 1:
- Assemble outer hyring onto cable
- Assemble inner socket to inner conductor and crimp

Step 2:
- Insert the assembly into the outer male contact until the inner socket snaps into place
- The cable braid (shield) should now cover the barrel of the outer male contact as shown

Step 3:
- Slide outer hyring forward against spring and crimp in place as shown

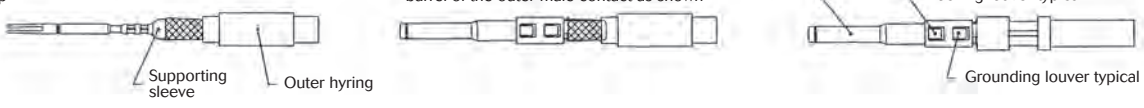


Contact assembly with dielectric diameter under 1.4mm - with inner supporting sleeve

Step 1:
- Assemble outer hyring onto cable
- Assemble supporting sleeve over dielectric and under braid
- Assemble inner socket to inner conductor, push back against sleeve and crimp

Step 2:
- Insert the assembly into the outer male contact until the inner socket snaps into place
- The cable braid (shield) should now cover the barrel of the outer male contact as shown

Step 3:
- Slide outer hyring forward against spring and crimp in place as shown



Note: all dimensions are in mm

48h sample service ⏲

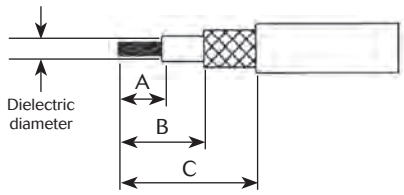
Multipiece female contact with coax cable

Cable reference	Contact	Hyring complementary compoments	Outer contact crimp tool		Inner contact crimp tool		Cable strip length		
			Crimp tool M10S1J		Crimp tool M10S1J				
			Die set	Stop bushing	Die set	Stop bushing	A	B	C
RG161U	Female: RCDXK1D28	YOC074	S221	SL471	S23D2	SL46D2	4.37	-	11.13
RG179							4.37		11.13
RG187U							4.37		11.13
RG188/U					S26D2		4.37		11.13
RG174/U							4.37		11.13
RG178A/U		YOC074 + RCDXB0553			S23D2		6.35		11.13
RG196U							6.35		11.13
AMPHENOL 21-598		YOC074			-		4.37		11.13
surprenant pn 8134					-		4.37		11.13

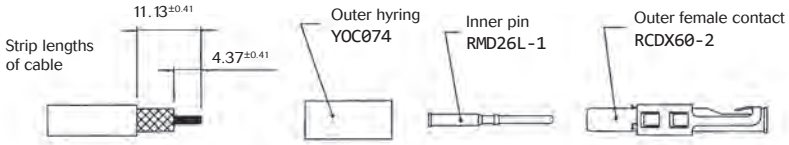
Multipiece kit details

RCDXK1D28 includes	RCDX602D28	Outer contact
	RMD26L1D28	Inner contact
	YOC074	Outer hyring
	RCDXB0553	Inner supporting sleeve

Cable strip length



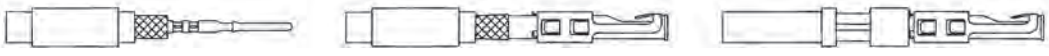
Contact assembly with dielectric diameter over 1.4mm - without inner supporting sleeve



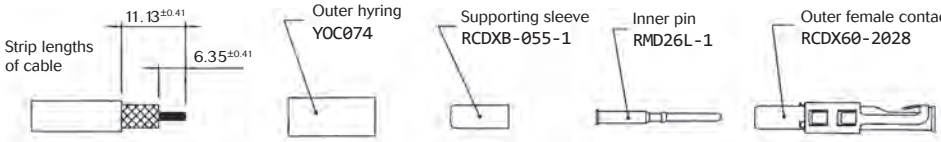
Step 1:
- Assemble outer hyring onto cable
- Assemble inner pin to inner conductor and crimp

Step 2:
- Insert the assembly into the outer female contact until the inner pin snaps into place
- The cable braid (shield) should now cover the barrel of the outer female contact as shown

Step 3:
- Slide outer hyring forward against spring and crimp in place as shown



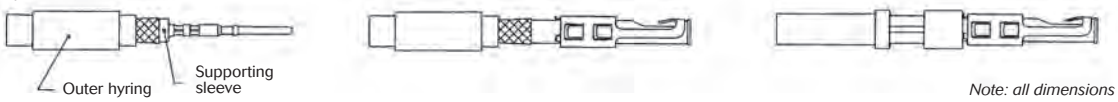
Contact assembly with dielectric diameter under 1.4mm - with inner supporting sleeve



Step 1:
- Assemble outer hyring onto cable
- Assemble supporting sleeve over dielectric and under braid
- Assemble inner pin to inner conductor, push back against sleeve and crimp

Step 2:
- Insert the assembly into the outer female contact until the inner pin snaps into place
- The cable braid (shield) should now cover the barrel of the outer female contact as shown

Step 3:
- Slide outer hyring forward against spring and crimp in place as shown



48h sample service

Note: all dimensions are in mm

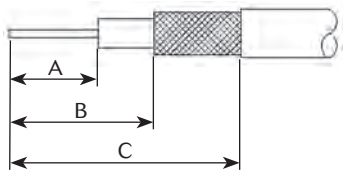
#16 coaxial contacts

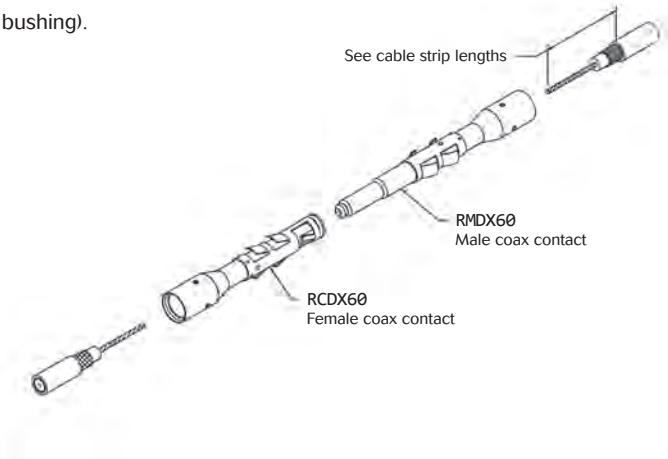
Coax cable with monocrimp contact cabling

Cable reference	Male contact	Female contact	Crimp tool	Die set	Stop bushing	Cable strip length			Inner conductor crimp		Braid crimp	
						A	B	C	g dim	t dim	g dim	t dim
CDC PIN22939200	RMDX6046D28	RCDX6016D28	M10S1J	S80	SL105	4.19	5.97	8.51	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.77/2.64	3.02/2.84
CDC PIN22939200	RMDX6046D28	RCDX6016D28		S87	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.77/2.64	3.02/2.84
CDC PIN245670000	RMDX6050D28	RCDX6016D28		S80	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.97/2.84	3.12/2.95
KX21TVT (europe) RG178 B/U	RMDX6034D28	RCDX6034D28		S82	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.30/1.17	1.32/1.17	2.84/2.74	3.07/2.9
RG178 / BU	RMDX6050D28	RCDX6016D28		S87	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.77/2.64	3.02/2.84
ampex	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28		S80	SL105	5.08	6.35	11.68	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.97/2.84	3.12/2.95
TI PN 920580	RMDX6024D28	RCDX6024D28		S82	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.35/1.19	1.42/1.27	2.87/2.74	3.07/2.9
RG174/U	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28		S80	SL105	5.08	6.35	11.68	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.97/2.84	3.12/2.95
Honeywell PN 58000062	RMDX6026D28	RCDX6026D28		S82	SL105	5.08	6.35	8.89	1.35/1.19	1.42/1.27	2.87/2.74	3.07/2.9
RG188A/U	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28		S80	SL105	5.08	6.35	11.68	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.97/2.84	3.12/2.95
RG316/U	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28		S80	SL105	5.08	6.35	11.68	1.30/1.17	1.40/1.22	2.97/2.84	3.12/2.95
PRD PN 247AS-C1123-001	RMDX6018D28	RCDX6018D28		M10SG8 ASSY'Y TOOL DIE SET STOP BUSHING M10S1J TOOL		5.08	6.35	8.89	1.22/1.17	1.35/1.22	2.92/2.79	3.12/2.97
PRD PN 247AS-C1251	RMDX6018D28	RCDX6018D28				5.08	6.35	8.89	1.22/1.17	1.35/1.22	2.92/2.79	3.12/2.97
raychem 5024A3111	RMDX6052D28	RCDX6052D28		S88	SL105	5.08	6.35	11.68	1.37/1.27	1.45/1.32	2.92/2.79	
raychem 5026e1614	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28		M10SG8 ASSY'Y TOOL DIE SET STOP BUSHING M10S1J TOOL		5.08	6.35	8.89	1.22/1.17	1.35/1.22	2.92/2.79	3.12/2.97
JUDD C15013010902	RMDX6036D28	RCDX6036D28				5.08	6.35	8.89	1.22/1.17	1.35/1.22	2.92/2.79	3.12/2.97
inner cond. #30, braid diam 2.64	RMDX6050D28	-		S80	SL105	5.1	6.35	8.9	-	-	-	-
inner cond. #30, braid diam 2.29	RMDX6050D28	-		S87	SL105	4.2	6.35	8.5	-	-	-	-
inner cond. #28, braid diam 2.9	RMDX6032D28	RCDX6032D28		S80	SL105	5.1	6.35	11.7	-	-	-	-
inner cond. #26, braid diam 1.78	RMDX6024D28	RCDX6024D28		S82	SL105	5.1	6.35	8.9	-	-	-	-
inner cond. #26, braid diam 3.05	RMDX6026D28	RCDX6026D28		S82	SL105	5.1	6.35	8.9	-	-	-	-

- Select appropriate cable and contact combination.
- Select appropriate crimp tooling (hand tool, S-die set, stop bushing).
- Strip coax cable to the designated wire strip lengths.
- Insert the stripped coax into the rear of the contact.
- Crimp the contact.

Cable strip length





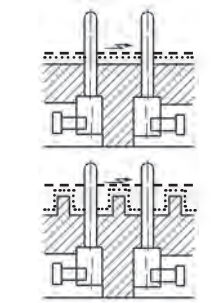
Note: all dimensions are in mm

48h sample service

Glossary of terms

• Clearance
Per the IEC 60664-1 it is the shortest distance between two conductive parts even over the air.

• Creepage distance
Per the IEC 60664-1 it represents the shortest distance along the surface of the insulating material between two conductive parts.



• Working voltage
Per the IEC 60664-1 it is the highest r.m.s. value of A.C. or D.C. voltage across any particular insulation which can occur when the equipment is supplied at rated voltage.

• Rated impulse voltage
Impulse withstands voltage value assigned by the manufacturer to the equipment or to a part of it characterizing the specified withstand capability of its insulation against transient overvoltage.

• Working current
It is the maximum continuous and not interrupted current able to be carried by all contacts without exceeding the maximum temperature of the insulating material.

• Transient voltage
Extract from the IEC 60664-1: Short duration overvoltage of a few millisecond or less, oscillatory or non-oscillatory, usually highly dampened.

• CTI (Comparative Tracking Index)
The CTI value is commonly used to characterize the electrical breakdown properties of an insulating material. It allows users to know the tendency to create creepage paths. This value represents the maximum voltage after 50 drops of ammonium chloride solution without any breakdown.

• RTI (Relative temperature Index):
Extract from ULs website:
"Maximum service temperature for a material, where a class of critical property will not be unacceptably compromised through chemical thermal degradation, over the reasonable life of an electrical product, relative to a reference material having a confirmed, acceptable corresponding performance defined RTI."

- **RTI Elec**: Electrical RTI, associated with critical electrical insulating properties.

- **RTI Mech Imp**: Mechanical Impact RTI, associated with critical impact resistance, resilience and flexibility properties.

- **RTI Mech Str:** Mechanical Strength (Mechanical without Impact) RTI, associated with critical mechanical strength where impact resistance, resilience and flexibility are not essential.

• CBC
Connector with Breaking Capacity. Connector specially designed to be engaged or disengaged in normal use when live or under load.

Part number Index

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