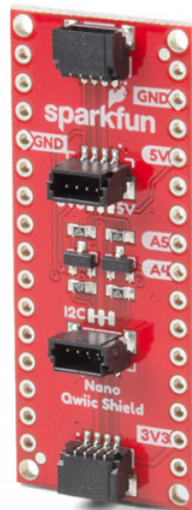




SparkFun Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano Hookup Guide

Introduction

The SparkFun Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano allows you to add the SparkFun Qwiic ecosystem to development boards that use the Arduino Nano Footprint in an easy-to-assemble shield. It connects the I²C bus (GND, 3.3V, SDA, and SCL) on your Arduino Nano to four SparkFun Qwiic connectors. The Qwiic ecosystem allows for easy daisy chaining so, as long as your devices are on different addresses, you can connect as many Qwiic devices as you'd like.



SparkFun Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano

● DEV-16130

Required Materials

To follow along with this guide, you will need an Arduino with the Nano footprint. This includes the all variants of the Arduino Nano and many other Arduino Nano-compatible boards! Here are just a few of the compatible boards.



Arduino Nano 33 BLE Sense

○ DEV-15580



Arduino Nano 33 BLE

● DEV-15588



Arduino Nano 33 IoT with Headers

● DEV-15589



Arduino Nano Every

● DEV-15590

You will also need some headers to solder to both your Arduino Nano and Qwiic Shield:



Break Away Headers - Straight

● PRT-00116



Female Headers

● PRT-00115



Break Away Headers - Long

● PRT-10158

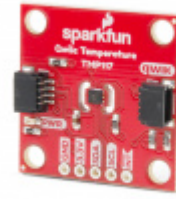
We currently carry these header options but have a custom set specifically for the Arduino Nano pinout coming soon. If you would like to use stackable headers, you can combine two headers to a 15-pin one or you can cut down a larger header like the ESP32 Thing Stackable Headers.

Now you probably would not want the Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano if you didn't have any Qwiic products to use with it, right? Well, if you don't have any Qwiic products, the following might not be a bad place to start.



SparkFun GPS Breakout - NEO-M9N, U.FL (Qwiic)

🕒 GPS-15712



SparkFun High Precision Temperature Sensor - TMP117 (Qwiic)

🕒 SEN-15805



SparkFun Qwiic Motor Driver

🕒 ROB-15451



SparkFun Qwiic Keypad - 12 Button

🕒 COM-15290

You will need some of our Qwiic cables to connect your devices to the shield. Below are a few options:



Qwiic Cable - 100mm

● PRT-14427



Qwiic Cable - 200mm

○ PRT-14428



Qwiic Cable - 50mm

● PRT-14426



Qwiic Cable - 500mm

● PRT-14429



Lastly, if you want to use a non-Qwiic I²C device, these adapters help to convert it to a Qwiic connector:

Qwiic Cable - Breadboard Jumper (4-pin)

● PRT-14425



SparkFun Qwiic Adapter

○ DEV-14495



Qwiic Cable - Female Jumper (4-pin)

● CAB-14988

Required Tools

You will need a soldering iron, solder, and general soldering accessories to solder the header pins to the Qwiic shields.



Solder Lead Free - 15-gram Tube

● TOL-09163



Soldering Iron - 30W (US, 110V)

● TOL-09507

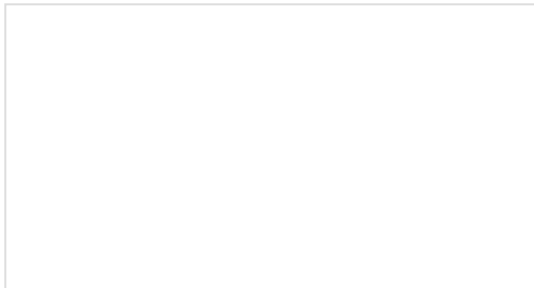
Suggested Reading

If you aren't familiar with the Qwiic ecosystem, we recommend reading here for an overview:



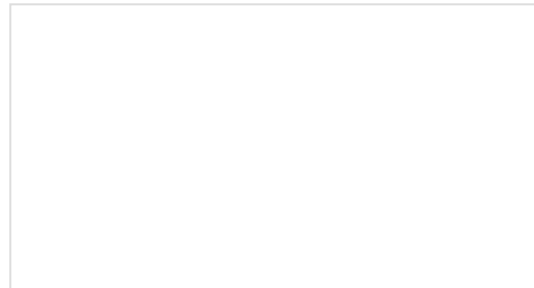
Qwiic Connect System

We would also recommend taking a look at the following tutorials if you aren't familiar with them:



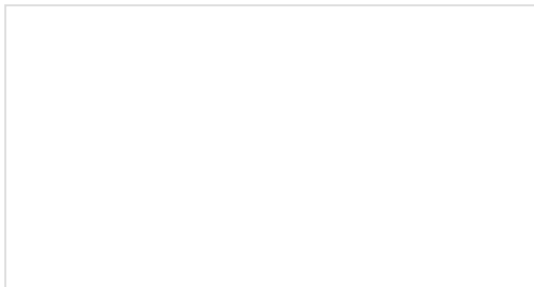
How to Solder: Through-Hole Soldering

This tutorial covers everything you need to know about through-hole soldering.



Arduino Shields

All things Arduino Shields. What they are and how to assemble them.



I2C

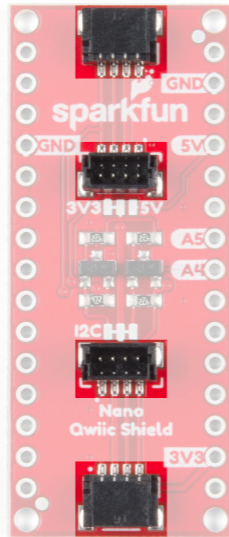
An introduction to I2C, one of the main embedded communications protocols in use today.

Hardware Overview

The Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano is pretty straight forward shield but has a few extra bits we'll cover in this section.

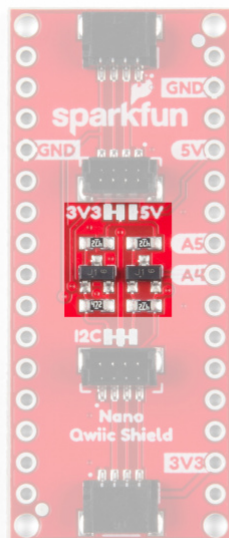
Qwiic Connectors

Just like our other Qwiic adapter boards, the Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano comes with several Qwiic connectors. There are two horizontal Qwiic connectors on the edges of the board and two vertical ones in the center.

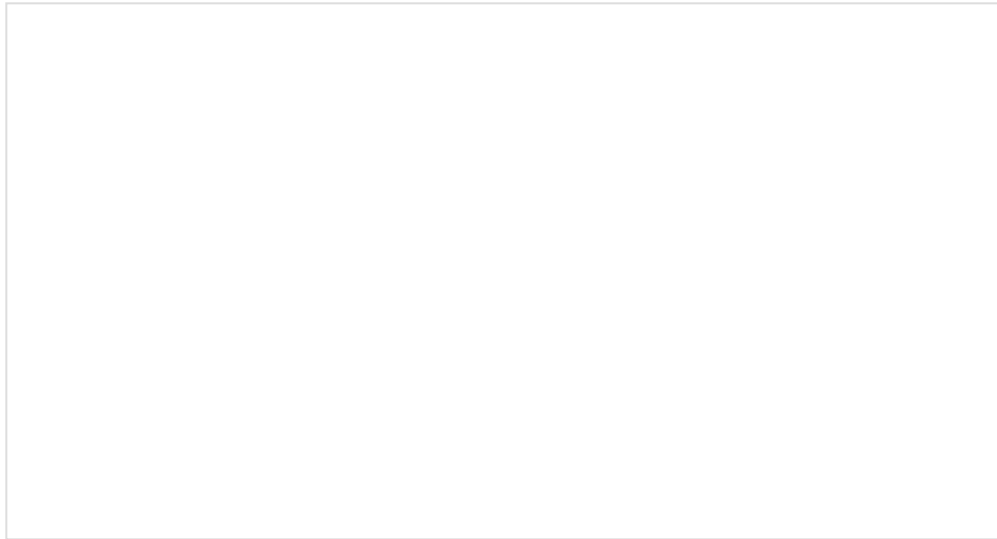


Logic Shifting Circuit and IOREF Jumper

The Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano has a configurable logic shifting circuit depending on the voltage your Arduino Nano runs at. There is a jumper on the shield to set the IOREF voltage for the logic shifting circuit. The jumper defaults to **3.3V** which works fine for 33 Nanos like the Arduino 33 Nano BLE but you will need to switch the jumper to **5V** for Arduino Nanos that run at **5V** like the Arduino Nano Every.



i Never worked with solder jumpers before just need some tips or a quick refresher? Check out our How to Work with Jumpers and PCB Traces tutorial.



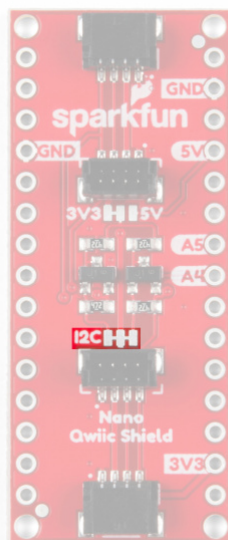
How to Work with Jumper Pads and PCB Traces

APRIL 2, 2018

Handling PCB jumper pads and traces is an essential skill. Learn how to cut a PCB trace, add a solder jumper between pads to reroute connections, and repair a trace with the green wire method if a trace is damaged.

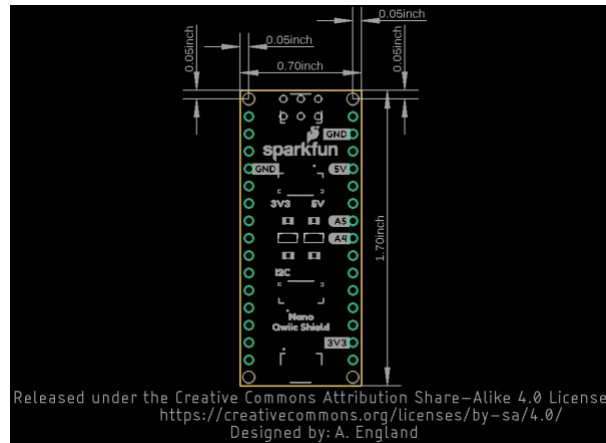
I²C Jumper

The I²C jumper pulls the Qwiic SDA and SCL lines up to **3.3V** through **4.7K** resistors. The reference voltage set by the IOREF Jumper has no effect on the voltage of the pull up resistors. You can disable them by severing the trace in between the pads if you have many devices on your I²C bus.



Board Dimensions

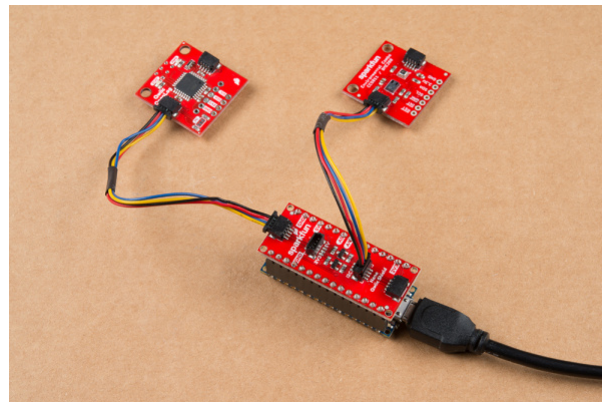
The shield measures 1.7in. x 0.7in. (43.18mm x 17.78mm) and has four mounting holes with a 0.07in diameter that match those on the Nano footprint.



Hardware Assembly

All that is needed to get started using the Qwiic Shield for Arduino Nano is to solder your chosen headers to the shield and, if necessary, to your Arduino Nano. If you have never worked with an Arduino Shield before or need some tips, our Arduino Shields Tutorial provides detailed instructions on how to assemble and use them. Take care to match the markings on the Qwiic Shield to the appropriate pins on your Nano to avoid shorting anything out and possibly damaging your Nano. Also, some variants of the Nano like the Nano 33 BLE Sense have sensors or antennas that can be affected by the Qwiic Shield's placement on top such that you may want to consider placing the Qwiic Shield below your Arduino Nano.

Once you have soldered headers to your shield and connected it to your Nano, it's time to start connecting some Qwiic devices! Below you can see the Qwiic Shield attached to an Arduino Nano Every using some female and male headers with a couple of Qwiic devices attached.



Resources and Going Further

For more information, take a look at the resources below.

- Schematic (PDF)
- Eagle Files (ZIP)
- Board Dimensions
- GitHub Repository
- Qwiic System Landing Page

If you are having trouble getting your Qwiic devices to connect using your newly assembled Qwiic Shield, you may want to take a look at these tutorials for help troubleshooting and reworking your shield.

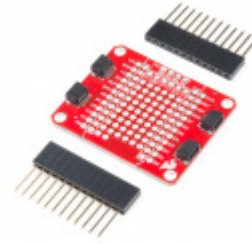
- Troubleshooting Tips - Hardware Checks
- Arduino Shields Tutorial

Now that you have your Qwiic Shield ready to go, it's time to check out some Qwiic-enabled products. Below are a few to get started.



SparkFun Spectral Sensor Breakout - AS7262 Visible (Qwiic)

Ⓢ SEN-14347



SparkFun Qwiic Shield for Photon

Ⓢ DEV-14477



SparkFun Pro nRF52840 Mini - Bluetooth Development Board

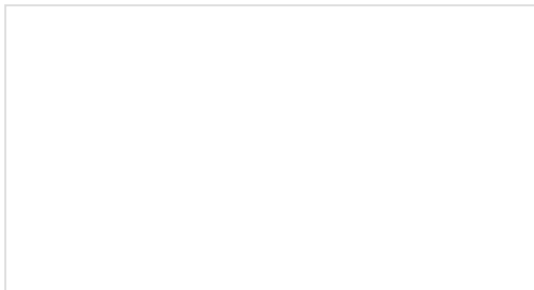
Ⓢ DEV-15025



Qwiic LIDAR-Lite v4

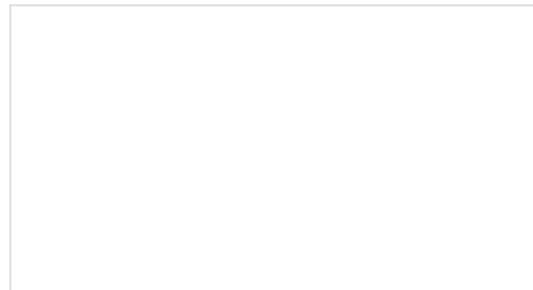
Ⓢ SPX-15777

Before you go, here are some other tutorials using the Qwiic Connect System you may want to look through:



Qwiic GRID-Eye Infrared Array (AMG88xx) Hookup Guide

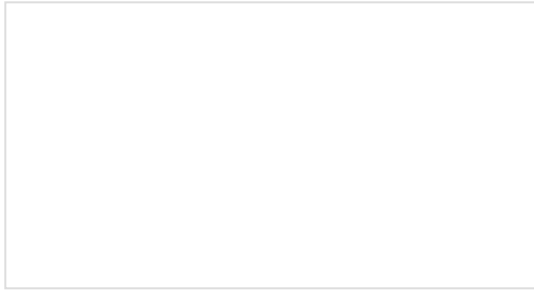
The Panasonic GRID-Eye (AMG88xx) 8x8 thermopile array serves as a functional low-resolution infrared camera. This means you have a square array of 64 pixels each capable of independent temperature



Qwiic Real Time Clock Module (RV-1805) Hookup Guide

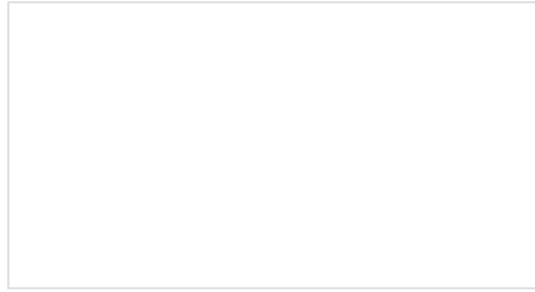
Find out what time it is, even after the power's been out on your project for a while with the Qwiic Real Time Clock (RTC) module.

detection. It's like having thermal camera (or Predator's vision), just in really low resolution.



TFMini - Micro LiDAR Module (Qwiic) Hookup Guide

The TFMini is a ToF (Time of Flight) LiDAR sensor capable of measuring the distance to an object as close as 30 cm and as far as 12 meters! The TFMini allows you to easily integrate LiDAR into applications traditionally reserved for smaller sensors such as the SHARP GP-series infrared rangefinders. With the added Qwiic feature, you can quickly connect to the sensor via I2C!



Qwiic Proximity Sensor (VCNL4040) Hookup Guide

The SparkFun Qwiic Proximity Sensor is a great, qualitative proximity (up to 20 cm) and light sensor. This hookup guide covers a few examples to retrieve basic sensor readings.