

PUSH-PULL FOUR CHANNEL DRIVERS

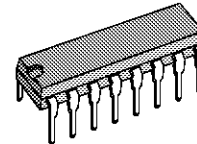
- OUTPUT CURRENT 1A PER CHANNEL
- PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT 2A PER CHANNEL (non repetitive)
- INHIBIT FACILITY
- HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY
- SEPARATE LOGIC SUPPLY
- OVERTEMPERATURE PROTECTION

DESCRIPTION

The L293B and L293E are quad push-pull drivers capable of delivering output currents to 1A per channel. Each channel is controlled by a TTL-compatible logic input and each pair of drivers (a full bridge) is equipped with an inhibit input which turns off all four transistors. A separate supply input is provided for the logic so that it may be run off a lower voltage to reduce dissipation.

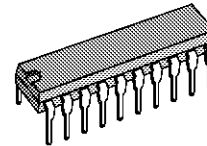
Additionally, the L293E has external connection of sensing resistors, for switchmode control.

The L293B and L293E are package in 16 and 20-pin plastic DIPs respectively ; both use the four center pins to conduct heat to the printed circuit board.



DIP16

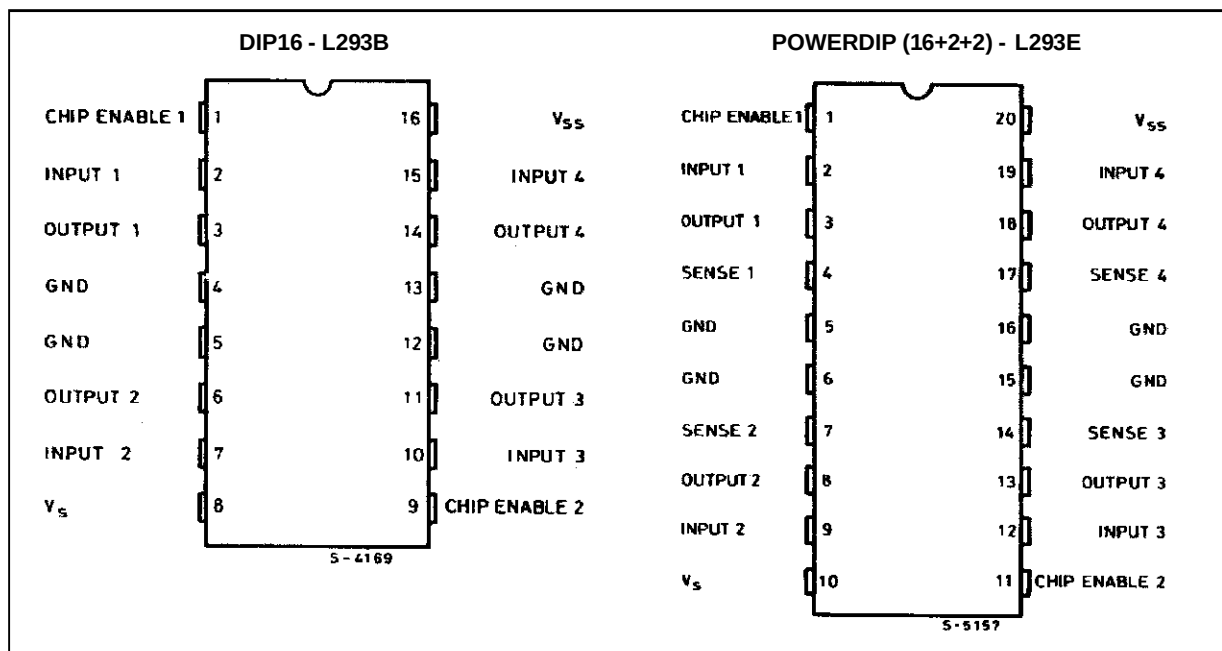
ORDERING NUMBER : L293B



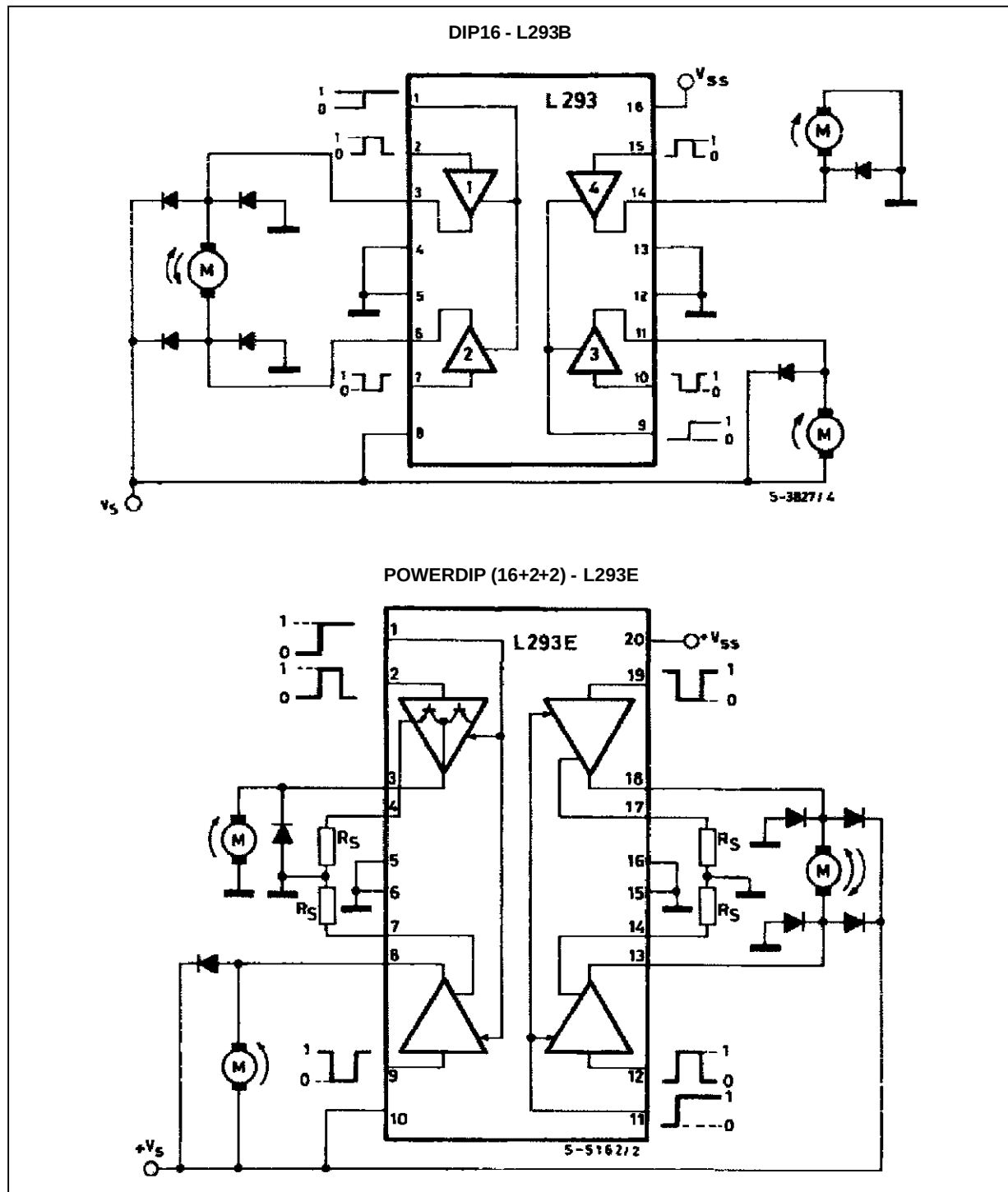
POWERDIP (16 + 2 + 2)

ORDERING NUMBER : L293E

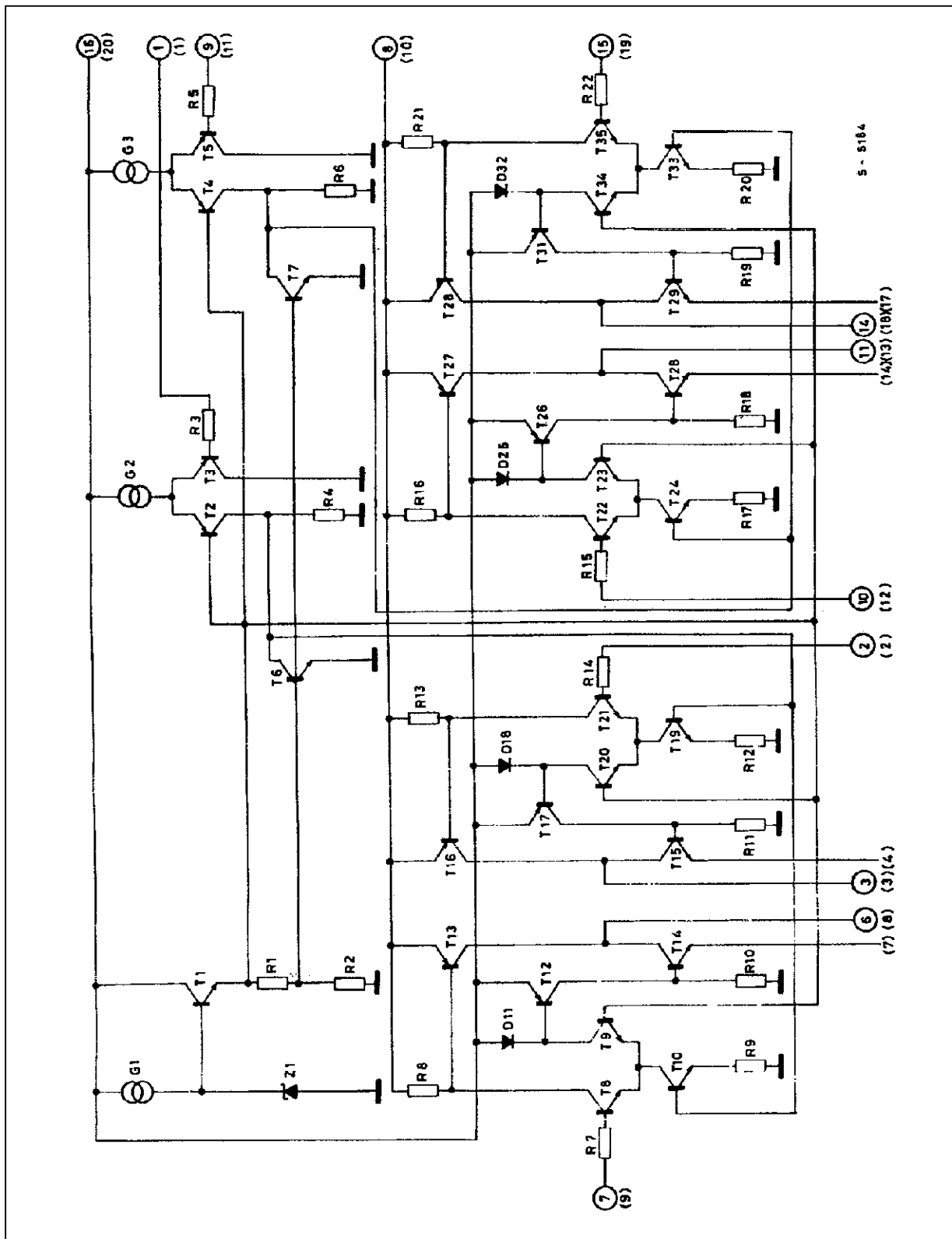
PIN CONNECTIONS



BLOCK DIAGRAMS



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



(*) In the L293 these points are not externally available. They are internally connected to the ground (substrate).

O Pins of L293

() Pins of L293E.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_S	Supply Voltage	36	V
V_{SS}	Logic Supply Voltage	36	V
V_i	Input Voltage	7	V
V_{inh}	Inhibit Voltage	7	V
I_{out}	Peak Output Current (non repetitive t = 5ms)	2	A
P_{tot}	Total Power Dissipation at $T_{ground-pins} = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage and Junction Temperature	-40 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case Max.	14	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient Max.	80	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

For each channel, $V_S = 24\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = 5\text{V}$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	TYp.	Max.	Unit
V_S	Supply Voltage		V_{SS}		36	V
V_{SS}	Logic Supply Voltage		4.5		36	V
I_S	Total Quiescent Supply Current	$V_i = L \quad I_o = 0 \quad V_{inh} = H$ $V_i = H \quad I_o = 0 \quad V_{inh} = H$ $V_{inh} = L$		2 16	6 24 4	mA
I_{SS}	Total Quiescent Logic Supply Current	$V_i = L \quad I_o = 0 \quad V_{inh} = H$ $V_i = H \quad I_o = 0 \quad V_{inh} = H$ $V_{inh} = L$		44 16 16	60 22 24	mA
V_{iL}	Input Low Voltage		-03.		1.5	V
V_{iH}	Input High Voltage	$V_{SS} \leq 7\text{V}$ $V_{SS} > 7\text{V}$	2.3 2.3		V_{SS} 7	V
I_{iL}	Low Voltage Input Current	$V_{iL} = 1.5\text{V}$			-10	μA
I_{iH}	High Voltage Input Current	$2.3\text{V} \leq V_{iH} \leq V_{SS} - 0.6\text{V}$		30	100	μA
V_{inhL}	Inhibit Low Voltage		-0.3		1.5	V
V_{inhH}	Inhibit High Voltage	$V_{SS} \leq 7\text{V}$ $V_{SS} > 7\text{V}$	2.3 2.3		V_{SS} 7	V
I_{inhL}	Low Voltage Inhibit Current	$V_{inhL} = 1.5\text{V}$		-30	-100	μA
I_{inhH}	High Voltage Inhibit Current	$2.3\text{V} \leq V_{inhH} \leq V_{SS} - 0.6\text{V}$			± 10	μA
V_{CEsatH}	Source Output Saturation Voltage	$I_o = -1\text{A}$		1.4	1.8	V
V_{CEsatL}	Sink Output Saturation Voltage	$I_o = 1\text{A}$		1.2	1.8	V
V_{SENS}	Sensing Voltage (pins 4, 7, 14, 17) (**)				2	V
t_r	Rise Time	$0.1 \text{ to } 0.9 V_o (*)$		250		ns
t_f	Fall Time	$0.9 \text{ to } 0.1 V_o (*)$		250		ns
t_{on}	Turn-on Delay	$0.5 V_i \text{ to } 0.5 V_o (*)$		750		ns
t_{off}	Turn-off Delay	$0.5 V_i \text{ to } 0.5 V_o (*)$		200		ns

* See figure 1

** Referred to L293E

TRUTH TABLE

V_i (each channel)	V_o	$V_{inh}^{(\infty)}$
H	H	H
L	L	H
H	X ^(*)	L
L	X ^(*)	L

(*) High output impedance

(**) Relative to the considerate channel

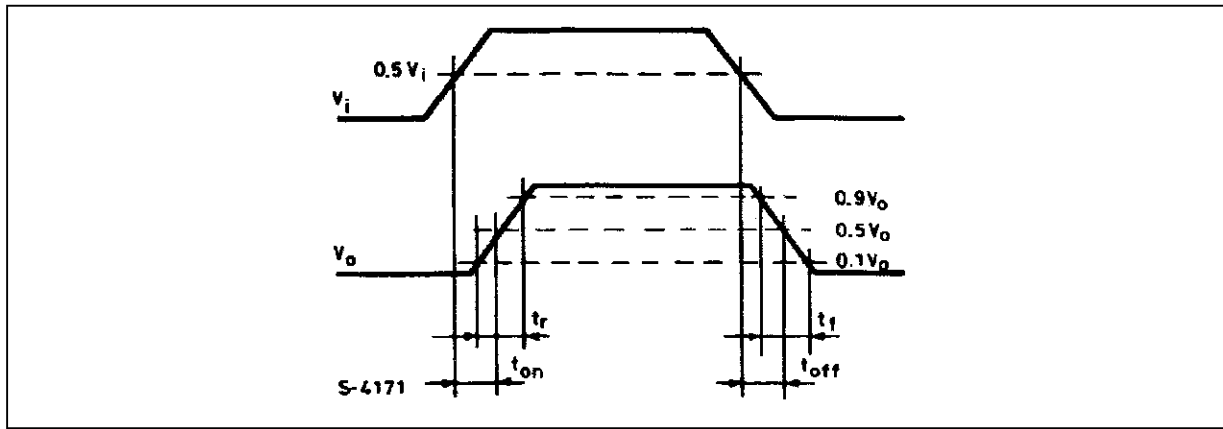
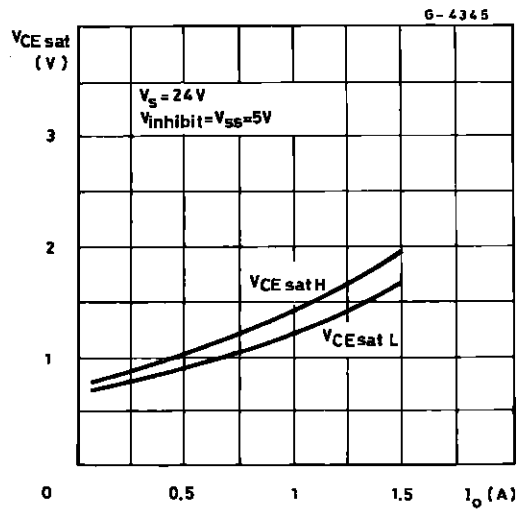
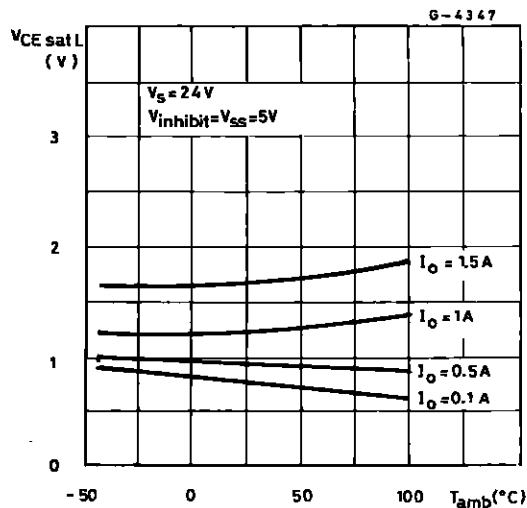
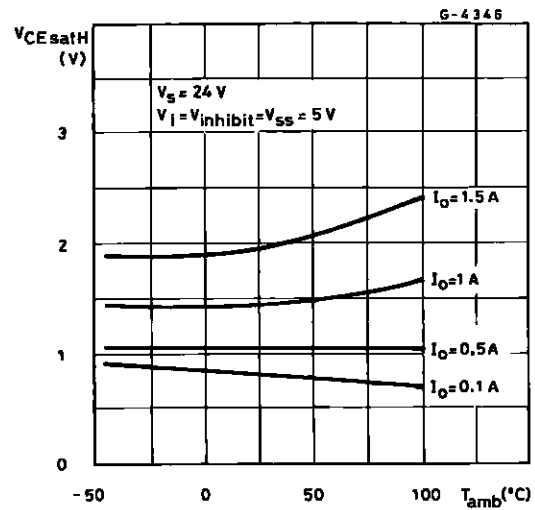
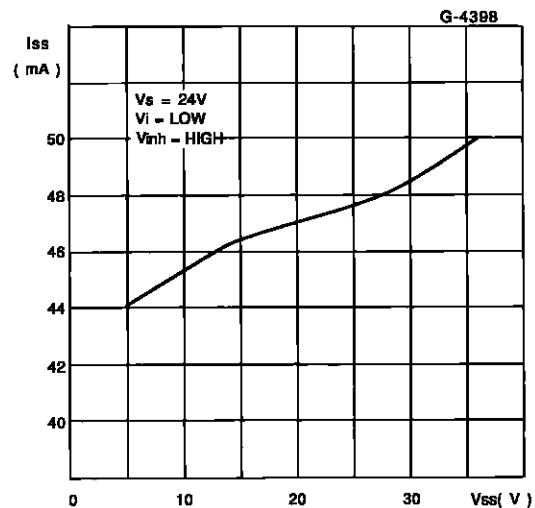
Figure 1 : Switching Timers**Figure 2 : Saturation voltage versus Output Current****Figure 4 : Sink Saturation Voltage versus Ambient Temperature****Figure 3 : Source Saturation Voltage versus Ambient Temperature****Figure 5 : Quiescent Logic Supply Current versus Logic Supply Voltage**

Figure 6 : Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

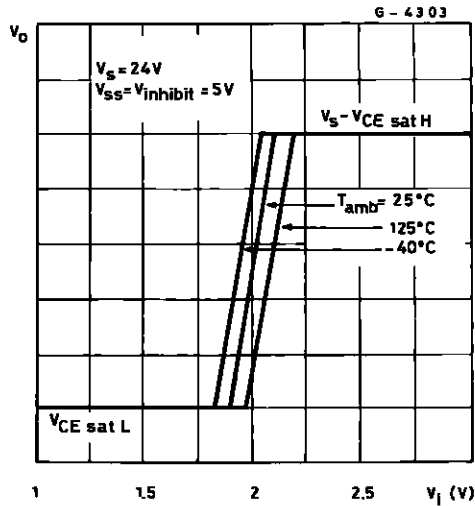
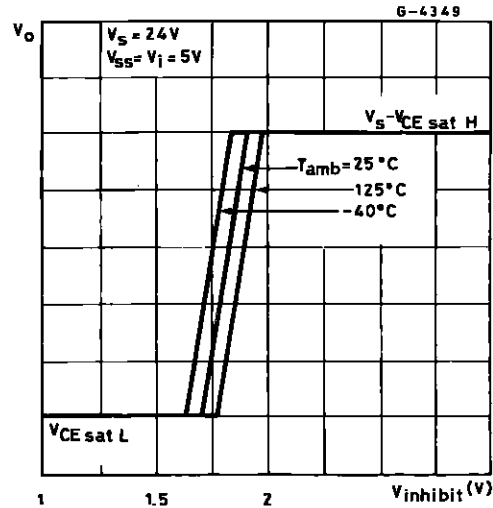
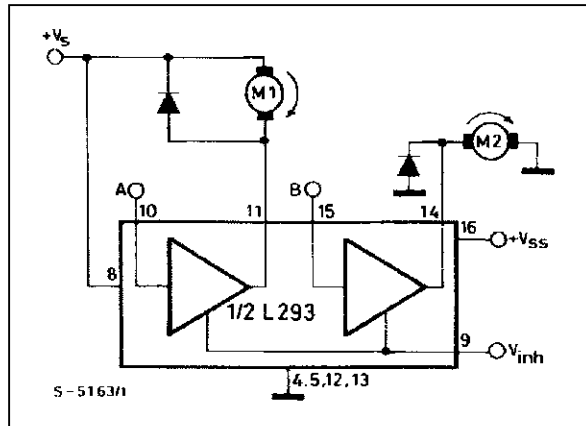


Figure 7 : Output Voltage versus Inhibit Voltage



APPLICATION INFORMATION

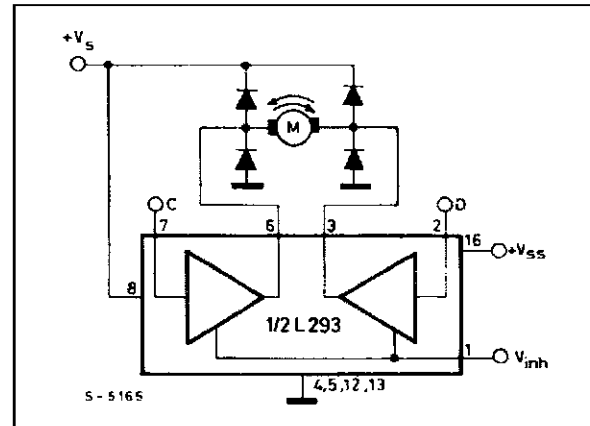
Figure 8 : DC Motor Controls
(with connection to ground and to the supply voltage)



V_{inh}	A	M1	B	M2
H	H	Fast Motor Stop	H	Run
H	L	Run	L	Fast Motor Stop
L	X	Free Running Motor Stop	X	Free Running Motor Stop

L = Low H = High X = Don't Care

Figure 9 : Bidirectional DC Motor Control



Inputs	Function	
$V_{inh} = H$	C = H ; D = L	Turn Right
	C = L ; D = H	Turn Left
	C = D	Fast Motor Stop
$V_{inh} = L$	C = X ; D = X	Free Running Motor Stop

L = Low H = High X = Don't Care

Figure 10 : Bipolar Stepping Motor Control

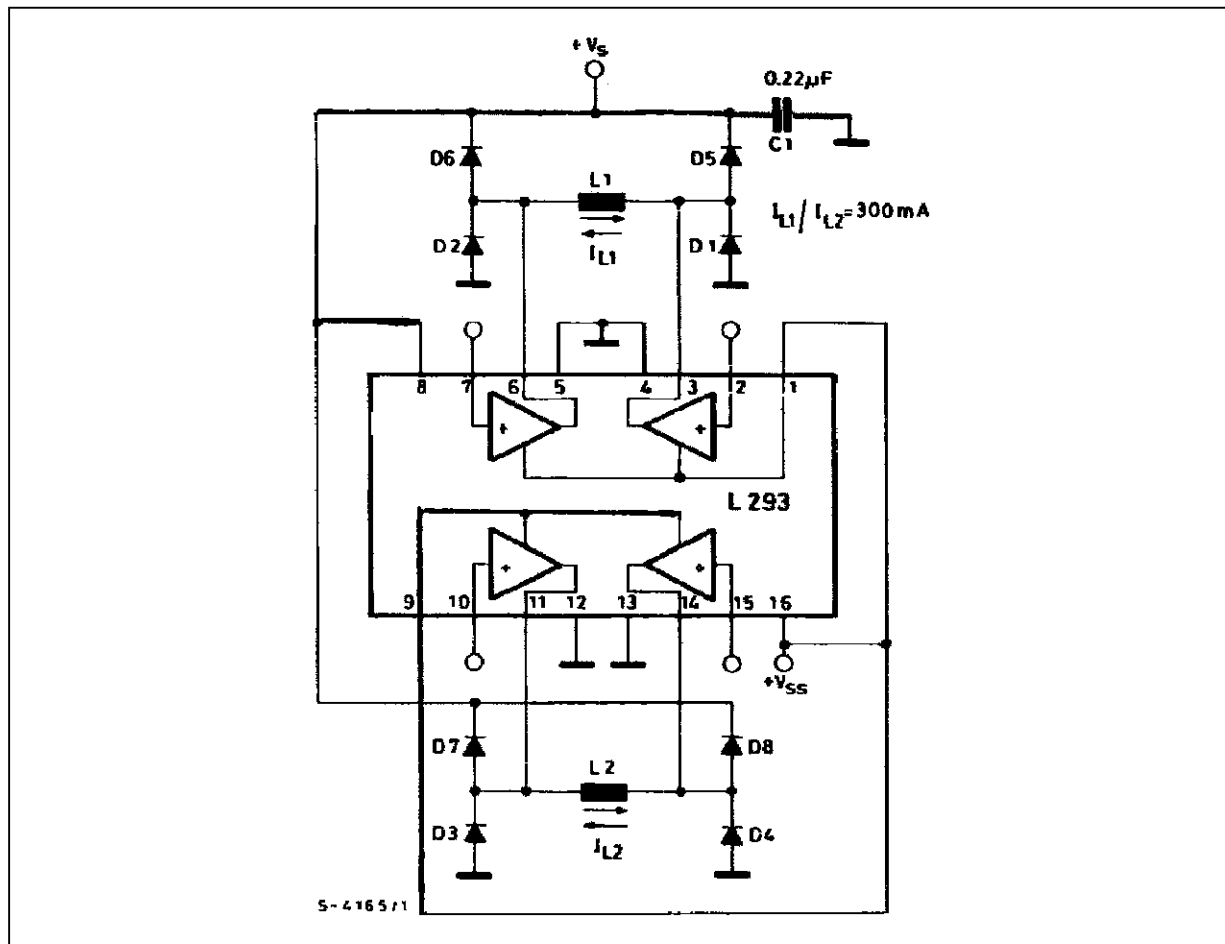
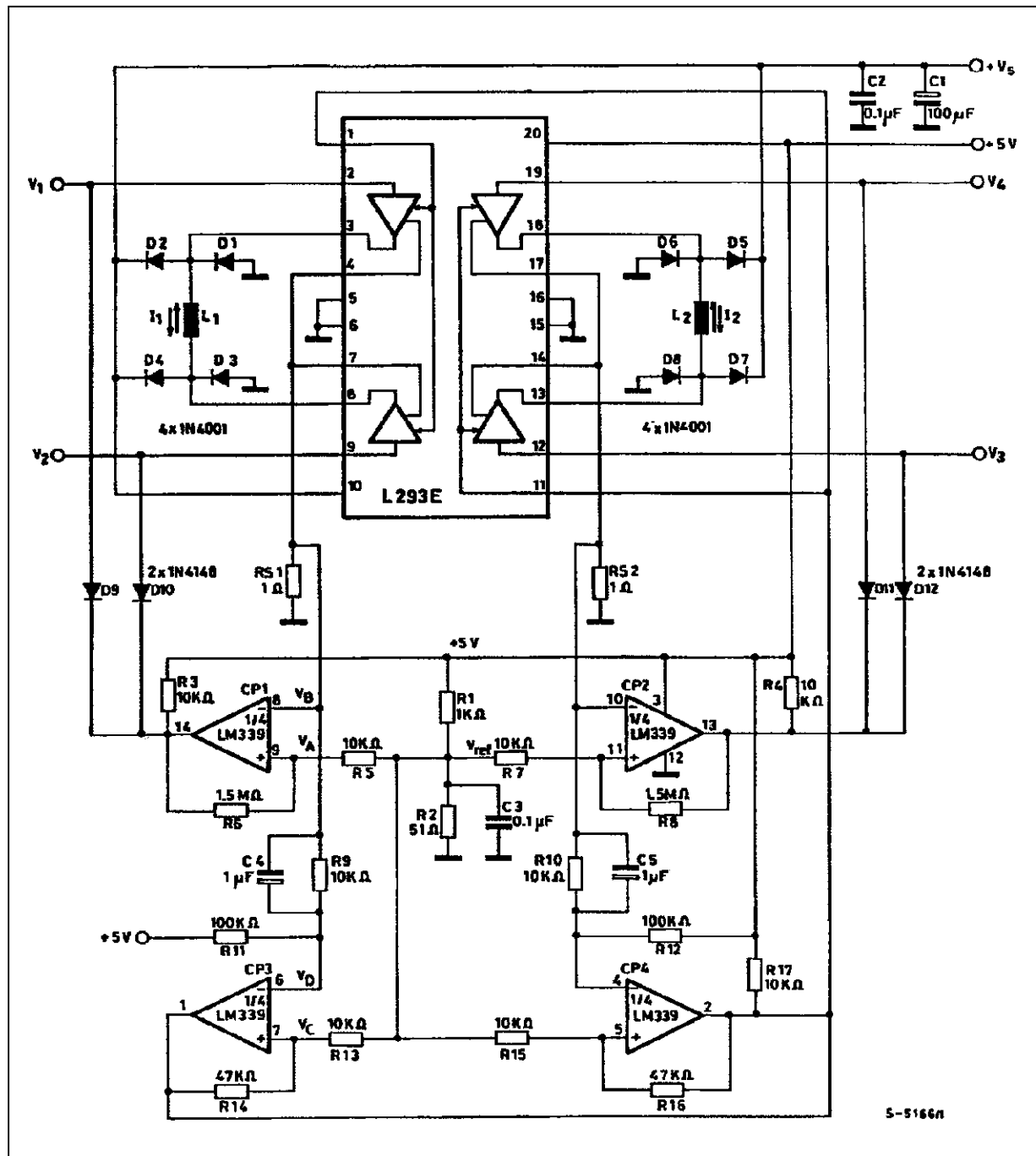


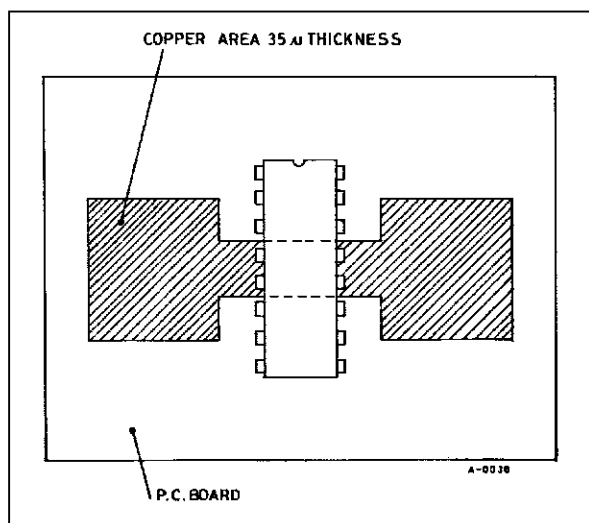
Figure 11 :Stepping Motor Driver with Phase Current Control and Short Circuit Protection



MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

The $R_{th j-amb}$ of the L293B and the L293E can be reduced by soldering the GND pins to a suitable copper area of the printed circuit board as shown in figure 12 or to an external heatsink (figure 13).

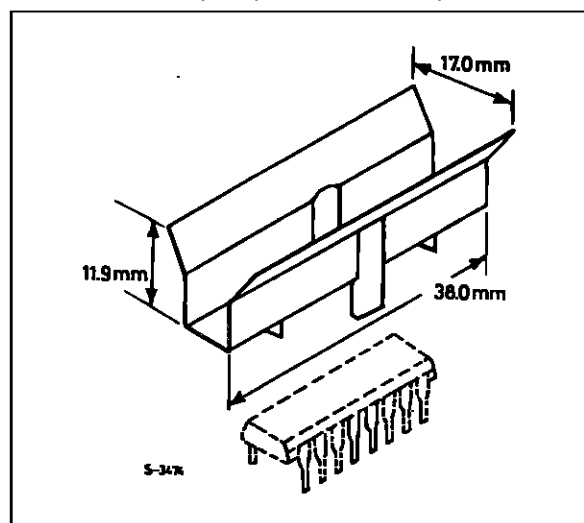
Figure 12 :Example of P.C. Board Copper Area which is Used as Heatsink



During soldering the pins temperature must not exceed 260°C and the soldering time must not be longer than 12 seconds.

The external heatsink or printed circuit copper area must be connected to electrical ground.

Figure 13 :External Heatsink Mounting Example ($R_{th} = 30^{\circ}\text{C/W}$)

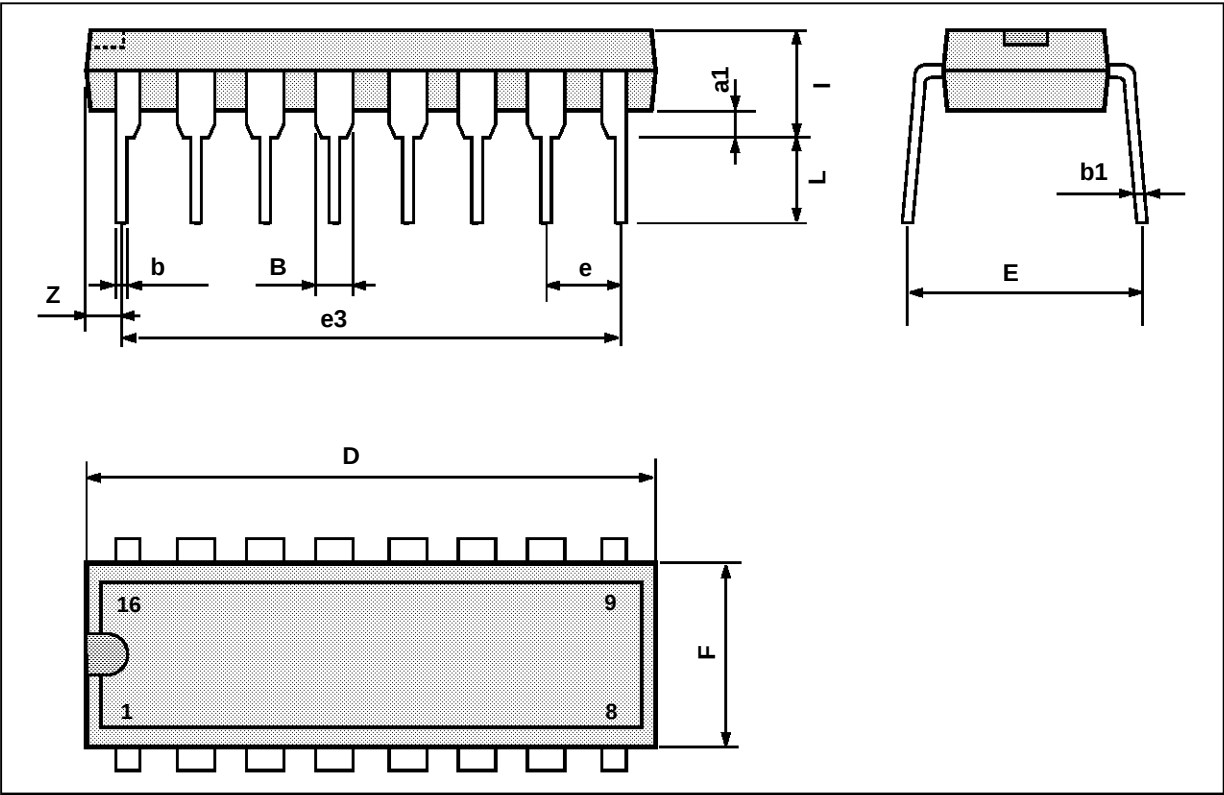


L293B - L293E

DIP16 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	0.77		1.65	0.030		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		17.78			0.700	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z			1.27			0.050

DIP16PW.TBL

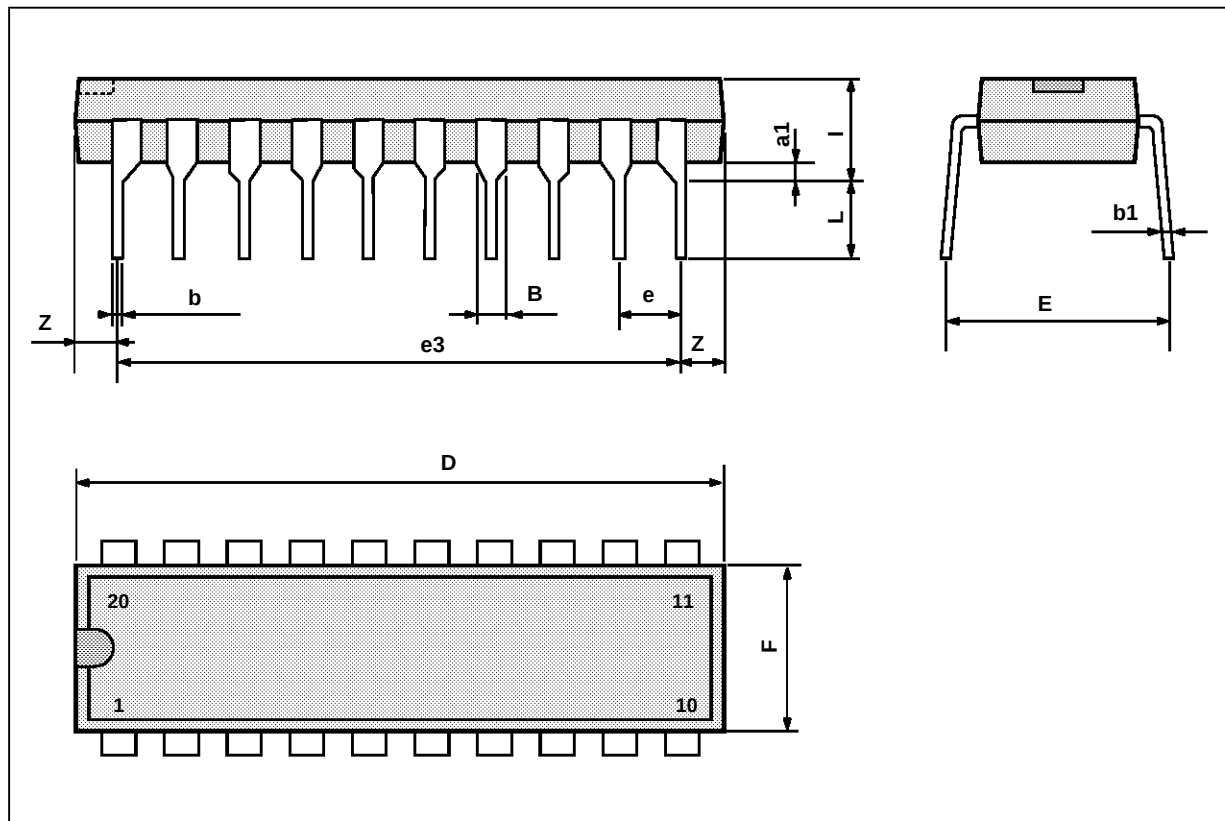


PMDIP16W.EPS

POWERDIP (16+2+2) PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	0.85		1.4	0.033		0.055
b		0.5			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.5	0.015		0.020
D			24.8			0.976
E		8.8			0.346	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		22.86			0.900	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z			1.27			0.050

DIP20PW.TBL



PMDIP20WEP.S

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics.

© 1994 SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics - All Rights Reserved

SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - France - Germany - Hong Kong - Italy - Japan - Korea - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - The Netherlands - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - Taiwan - Thailand - United Kingdom - U.S.A.