

Programmable transient voltage suppressor for SLIC protection

Features

- Dual programmable transient suppressor
- Wide negative firing voltage range:
 $V_{MGL} = -175 \text{ V max.}$
- Low dynamic switching voltages:
 V_{FP} and V_{DGL}
- Low gate triggering current: $I_{GT} = 5 \text{ mA max}$
- Peak pulse current: $I_{PP} = 37.5 \text{ A (5/310 } \mu\text{s)}$
- Holding current: $I_H = 150 \text{ mA min.}$
- Low space consuming package

Benefits

Trisils™ are not subject to ageing and provide a fail-safe mode in short circuit for better protection. They are used to help equipment to meet various standards such as YDT695, and ITU-T K20/21. Trisils are UL94 V0 resin approved and are UL497B approved [file: E136224]).

Description

These devices are ideally suited to meet the protection requirement of VoIP SLICs located in next generation residential gateways. They can be used for protecting any ringing SLIC since they meet the protection standard requirements.

Positive overvoltages are clamped by 2 diodes. Negative surges are suppressed by 2 thyristors, their breakdown voltage being referenced to $-V_{BAT}$ through the gate.

These components present a very low gate triggering current (I_{GT}) to reduce the current consumption on printed circuit board during the firing phase.

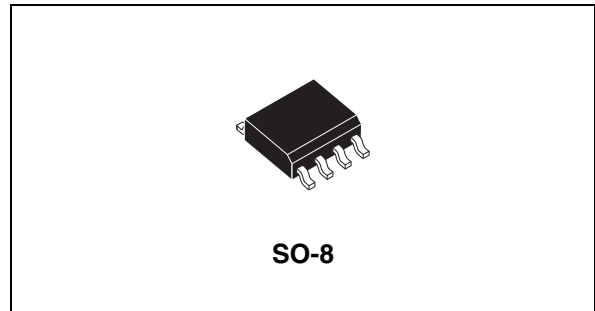
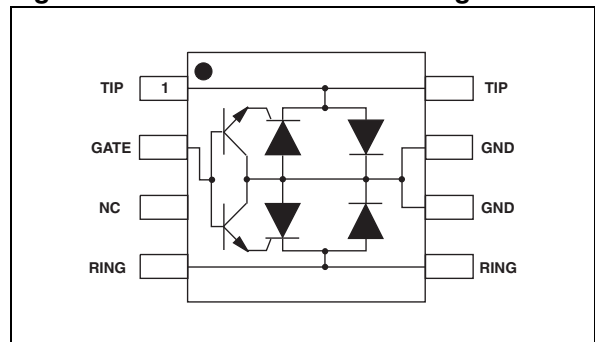


Figure 1. LCP1531 functional diagram



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1 Characteristics

Table 1. Standards compliance

Standard	Peak surge voltage (V)	Voltage waveform	Required peak current (A)	Current waveform	Minimum serial resistor to meet standard (Ω)
GR-1089 Core First level	2500 1000	2/10 μ s 10/1000 μ s	500 100	2/10 μ s 10/1000 μ s	23 30
GR-1089 Core Second level	5000	2/10 μ s	500	2/10 μ s	46
GR-1089 Core Intra-building	1500	2/10 μ s	100	2/10 μ s	1.7
ITU-T-K20/K21	6000 1500	10/700 μ s	150 37.5	5/310 μ s	120 0
ITU-T-K20 (IEC 61000-4-2)	8000 15000	1/60 ns	ESD contact discharge ESD air discharge		0 0
IEC 61000-4-5	4000 4000	10/700 μ s 1.2/50 μ s	100 100	5/310 μ s 8/20 μ s	67 27
TIA-968-A, lightning surge type A	1500 800	10/160 μ s 10/560 μ s	200 100	10/160 μ s 10/560 μ s	26 17
TIA-968-A, lightning surge type B	1500	9/720 μ s	37.5	5/320 μ s	0

Table 2. Thermal resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction to ambient	120	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

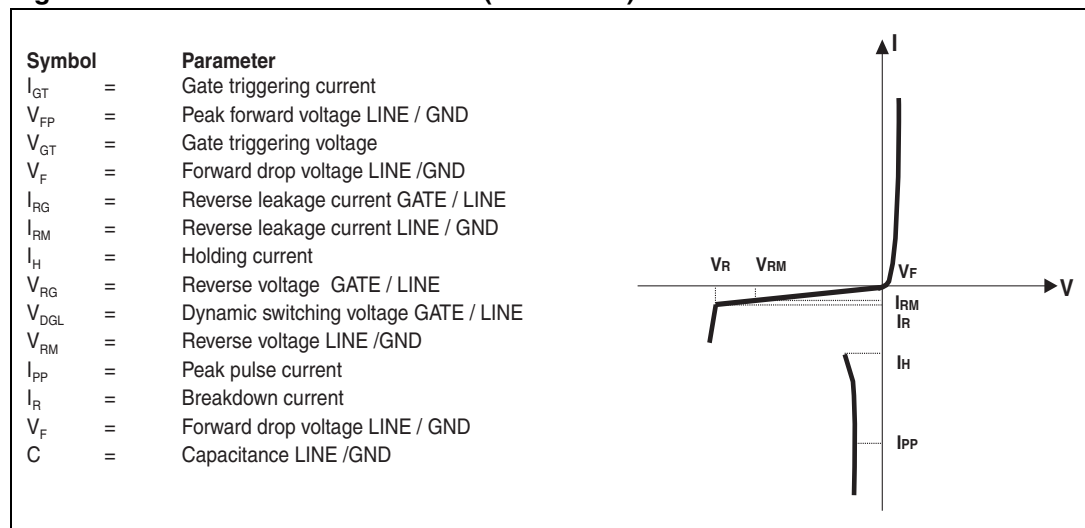
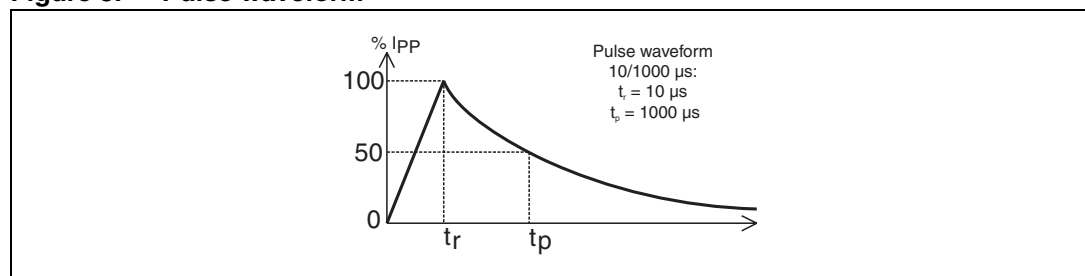
Figure 2. Electrical characteristics (definitions)


Table 3. Absolute ratings ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
I_{PP}	Peak pulse current	10/1000 μs	25	A
		8/20 μs	60	
		10/560 μs	32	
		5/310 μs	37.5	
		10/160 μs	45	
		1/20 μs	60	
		2/10 μs	90	
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive surge peak on-state current (50 Hz sinusoidal)	$t = 20\text{ ms}$	16	A
		$t = 200\text{ ms}$	9	
		$t = 1\text{ s}$	6	
I_{GSM}	Maximum gate current (50 Hz sinusoidal)	$t = 10\text{ ms}$	2	A
V_{MLG}	Maximum voltage LINE/GND		-175	V
V_{MGL}	Maximum voltage GATE/LINE		-175	
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-55 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_j	Maximum junction temperature		150	
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during 10 s.		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Figure 3. Pulse waveform**Table 4. Parameters related to the diode LINE / GND ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)**

Symbol	Test conditions		Max.	Unit
V_F	$I_F = 5\text{ A}$	$t = 500\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	3	V
V_{FP}	10/700 μs	$V_{PP} = 1.5\text{ kV}$ $R_S = 15\text{ }\Omega$	5	V

Table 5. Parameters related to the protection thyristors ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Symbol	Test conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
I_{GT}	$V_{GND} / \text{LINE} = -48\text{ V}$	0.1	5	mA
I_H	$V_{GATE} = -48\text{ V}$	150		mA
I_{RG}	$V_{RG} = -75\text{ V}$		5	μA
V_{DGL}	$V_{GATE} = -48\text{ V}^{(1)}$ 10/700 μs $V_{PP} = 1.5\text{ kV}$ $R_S = 15\text{ }\Omega$ $I_{PP} = 27.5\text{ A}$		7	V

1. The oscillations with a time duration lower than 50 ns are not taken into account.

Table 6. Parameters related to diode and protection thyristors ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$,)

Symbol	Test conditions	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RM}	$V_{GATE / LINE} = -1\text{ V}$ $V_{RM} = -75\text{ V}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$		5	μA
C	$V_R = 50\text{ V bias, } V_{RMS} = 1\text{ V, } F = 1\text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 2\text{ V bias, } V_{RMS} = 1\text{ V, } F = 1\text{ MHz}$	15 35		pF

Table 7. Recommended gate capacitance

Symbol	Component	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C_G	Gate decoupling capacitance	100	220		nF

2 Technical information

Figure 4. LCP1531 concept behavior

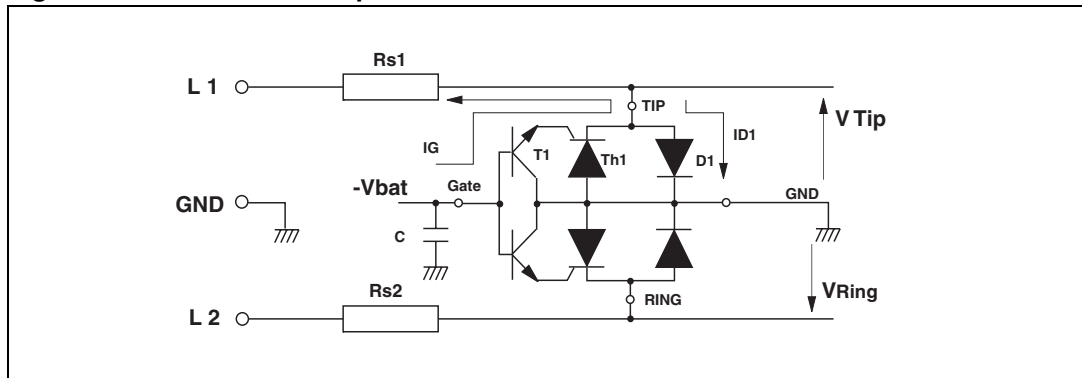


Figure 4. shows the classical protection circuit using the LCP1531 crowbar concept. This topology has been developed to protect the new high voltage SLICs. It allows to program the negative firing threshold while the positive clamping value is fixed at GND.

When a negative surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example) a current I_G flows through the base of the transistor T1 and then injects a current in the gate of the thyristor Th1. Th1 fires and all the surge current flows through the ground. After the surge when the current flowing through Th1 becomes less negative than the holding current I_H , then Th1 switches off.

When a positive surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example) the diode D1 conducts and the surge current flows through the ground.

Figure 5. Example of PCB layout based on LCP1531 protection

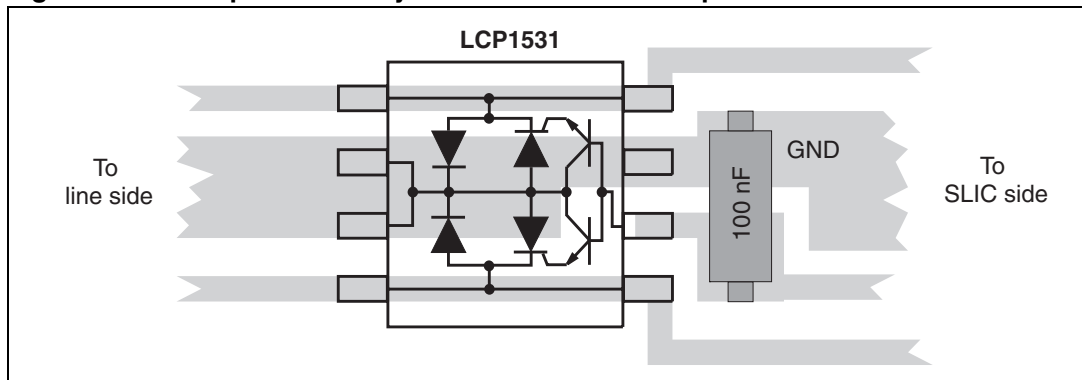


Figure 5. shows the classical PCB layout used to optimize line protection.

The capacitor C is used to speed up the crowbar structure firing during the fast surge edges.

This allows to minimize the dynamic breakover voltage at the SLIC Tip and Ring inputs during fast strikes. Note that this capacitor is generally present around the SLIC - V_{bat} pin.

So to be efficient it has to be as close as possible from the LCP1531 Gate pin and from the reference ground track (or plan) (see *Figure 5.*). The optimized value for C is 100 nF.

The series resistors Rs1 and Rs2 designed in *Figure 4.* represent the fuse resistors or the PTC which are mandatory to withstand the power contact or the power induction tests

imposed by the various country standards. Taking into account this fact the actual lightning surge current flowing through the LCP1531 is equal to:

$$I_{\text{surge}} = V_{\text{surge}} / (R_g + R_s)$$

With:

V_{surge} = peak surge voltage imposed by the standard.

R_g = series resistor of the surge generator

R_s = series resistor of the line card (e.g. PTC)

The LCP1531 is particularly optimized for the new telecom applications such as the fiber in the loop, the WLL, the remote central office. In this case, the operating voltages are smaller than in the classical system. This makes the high voltage SLICs particularly suitable.

The schematics of [Figure 6](#). gives the most frequent topology used for these applications.

Figure 6. Protection of high voltage SLIC

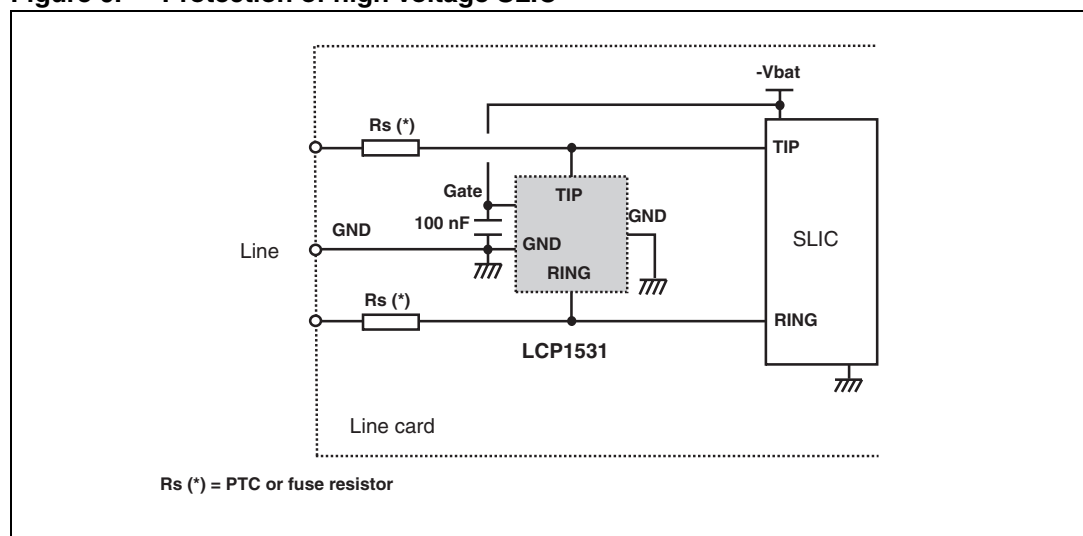


Figure 7. Surge peak current versus overload duration

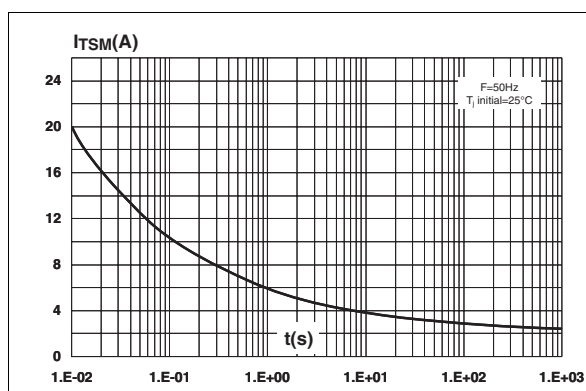
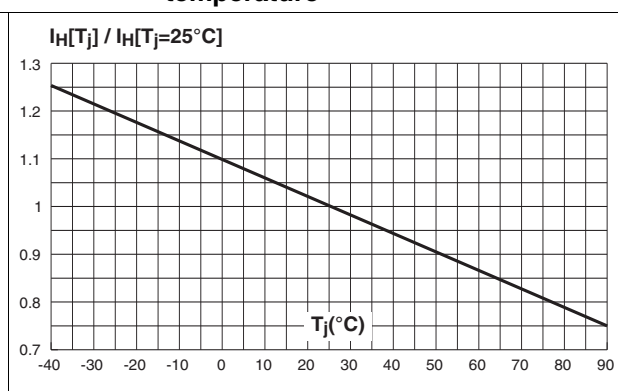


Figure 8. Relative variation of holding current versus junction temperature



3 Package information

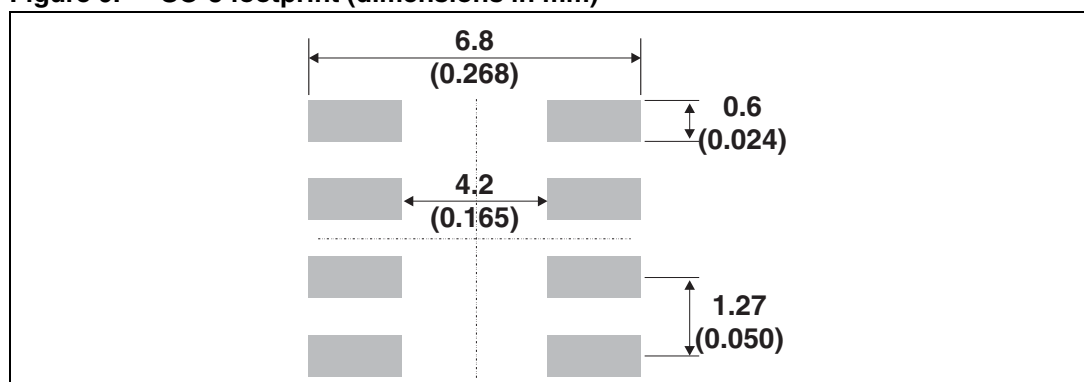
- Epoxy meets UL94, V0
- Lead-free package

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Table 8. SO-8 dimensions

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
A1	0.1		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25			0.049		
b	0.28		0.48	0.011		0.019
C	0.17		0.23	0.007		0.009
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157
e		1.27			0.050	
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050
L1		1.04			0.041	
k°	0		8	0		8
ccc			0.10			0.004

Figure 9. SO-8 footprint (dimensions in mm)



4 Ordering information

Table 9. Ordering information

Order code	Marking	Package	Weight	Base qty	Delivery mode
LCP1531RL	CP153	SO-8	0.08 g	2500	Tape and reel

5 Revision history

Table 10. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
23-Mar-2007	1	First issue.
10-Apr-2008	2	Reformatted for current standards. Changed gate capacitance from 220 nF to 100 nF.
10-Aug-2011	3	Updated standards in Table 1 .

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