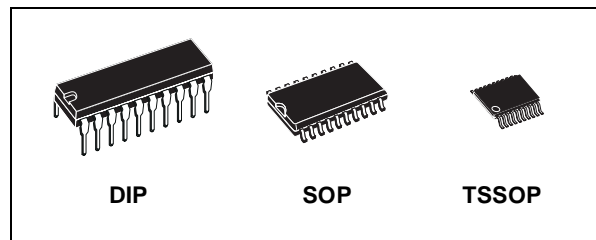




# M74HC574

## OCTAL D-TYPE FLIP FLOP WITH 3 STATE OUTPUT NON INVERTING

- HIGH SPEED:  
 $f_{MAX} = 90\text{MHz}$  (TYP.) at  $V_{CC} = 6\text{V}$
- LOW POWER DISSIPATION:  
 $I_{CC} = 4\mu\text{A}$ (MAX.) at  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$
- HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY:  
 $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC}$  (MIN.)
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:  
 $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 6\text{mA}$  (MIN)
- BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS:  
 $t_{PLH} \cong t_{PHL}$
- WIDE OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE:  
 $V_{CC}$  (OPR) = 2V to 6V
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 74 SERIES 574



### ORDER CODES

PACKAGE	TUBE	T & R
DIP	M74HC574B1R	
SOP	M74HC574M1R	M74HC574RM13TR
TSSOP		M74HC574TTR

### DESCRIPTION

The M74HC574 is an high speed CMOS OCTAL D-TYPE FLIP FLOP WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS INVERTING fabricated with sub-micron silicon gate C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology.

This 8 bit D-TYPE FLIP FLOP is controlled by a clock input (CK) and an output enable input ( $\overline{OE}$ ). On the positive transition of the clock, the Q outputs will be set to the logic state that were setup at the D inputs.

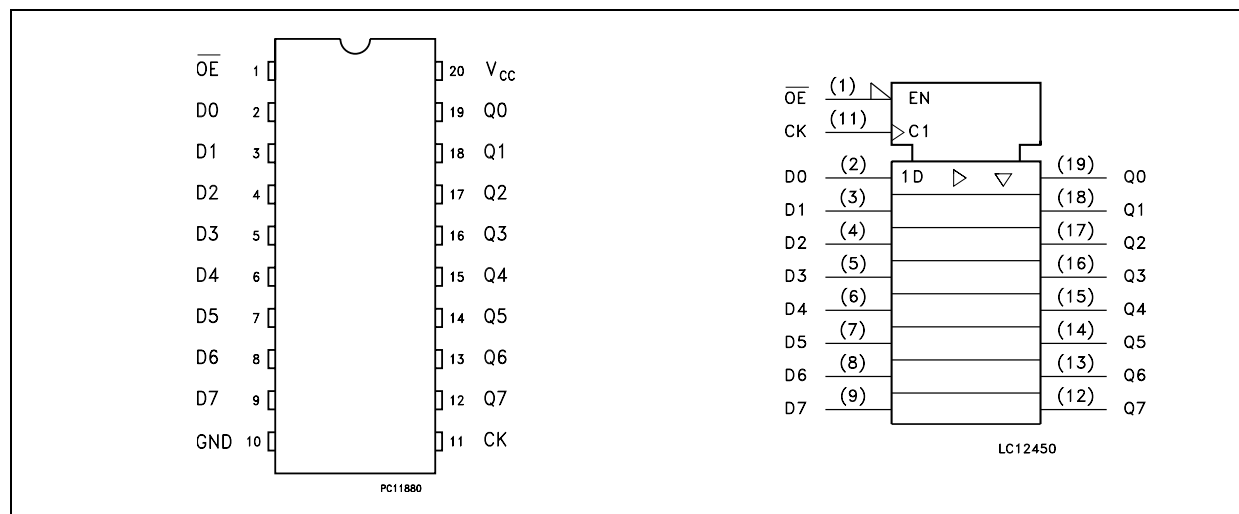
While the  $\overline{OE}$  input is at low level, the eight outputs will be in a normal logic state (high or low logic

level) and while  $\overline{OE}$  is in high level the outputs will be in a high impedance state.

The output control does not affect the internal operation of flip-flops; that is, the old data can be retained or the new data can be entered even while the outputs are off.

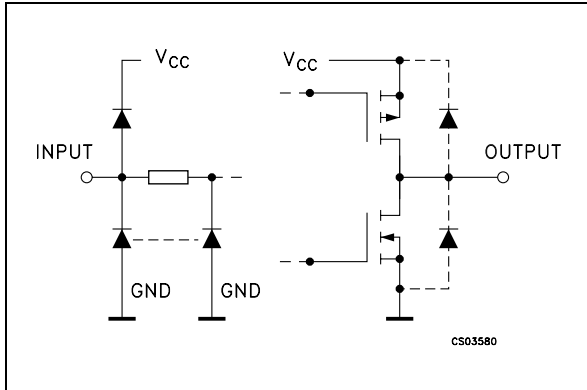
All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge and transient excess voltage.

### PIN CONNECTION AND IEC LOGIC SYMBOLS



# M74HC574

## INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



## PIN DESCRIPTION

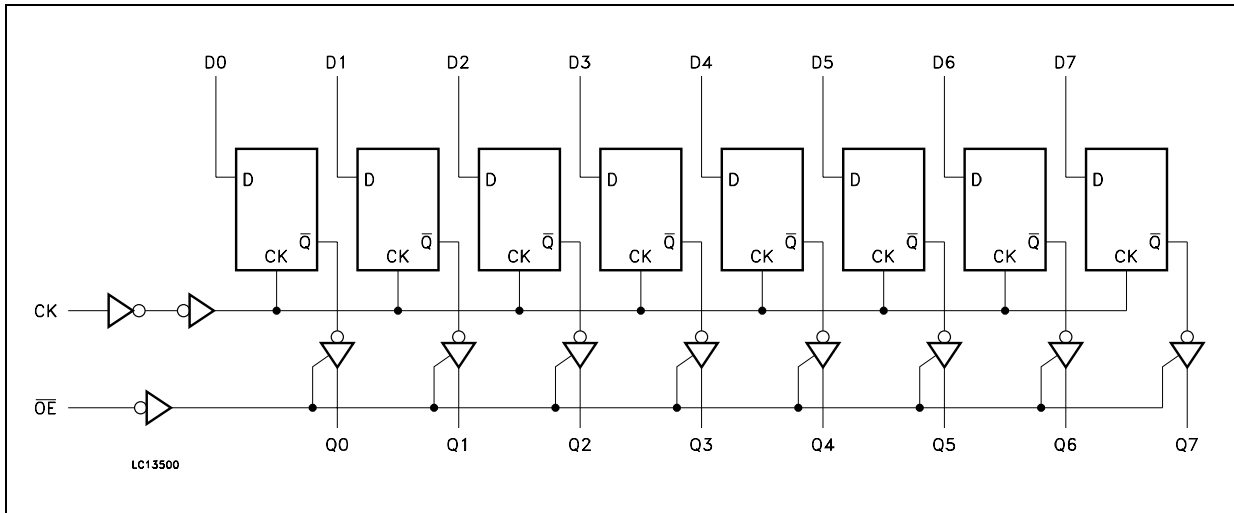
PIN No	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	$\overline{OE}$	3 State Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	D0 to D7	Data Inputs
12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19	Q7 to Q0	3 State Outputs
11	CK	Clock Input (LOW to HIGH, edge triggered)
10	GND	Ground (0V)
20	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage

## TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUT
$\overline{OE}$	CK	D	Q
H	X	X	Z
L		X	NO CHANGE
L		L	L
L		H	H

X: Don't Care  
Z: High Impedance

## LOGIC DIAGRAM



This logic diagram has not be used to estimate propagation delays

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7	V
$V_I$	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IK}$	DC Input Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_{OK}$	DC Output Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_O$	DC Output Current	$\pm 35$	mA
$I_{CC}$ or $I_{GND}$	DC $V_{CC}$ or Ground Current	$\pm 70$	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	500(*)	mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
$T_L$	Lead Temperature (10 sec)	300	°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied

(\*) 500mW at 65 °C; derate to 300mW by 10mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	2 to 6	V	
$V_I$	Input Voltage	0 to $V_{CC}$	V	
$V_O$	Output Voltage	0 to $V_{CC}$	V	
$T_{op}$	Operating Temperature	-55 to 125	°C	
$t_r, t_f$	Input Rise and Fall Time	$V_{CC} = 2.0V$	0 to 1000	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5V$	0 to 500	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0V$	0 to 400	ns