

TDA7265

25 +25W STEREO AMPLIFIER WITH MUTE & ST-BY

ADVANCE DATA

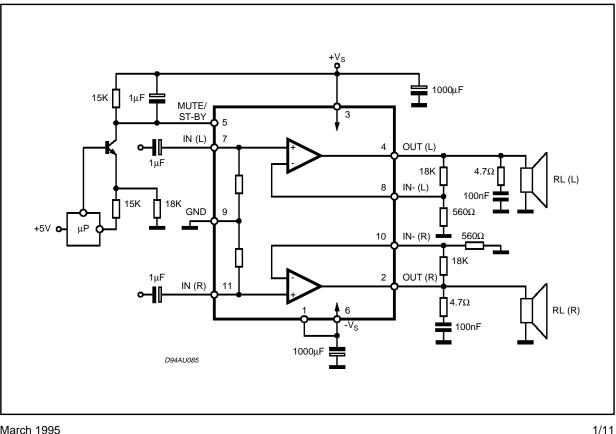
- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE (UP TO ±25V ABS MAX.)
- SPLIT SUPPLY
- **HIGH OUTPUT POWER** 25 + 25W @ THD =10%, R_L = 8Ω, V_S = <u>+</u>20V
- NO POP AT TURN-ON/OFF
- MUTE (POP FREE)
- STAND-BY FEATURE (LOW I_d)
- SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION

DESCRIPTION

The TDA7265 is class AB dual Audio power amplifier assembled in the Multiwatt package, specially designed for high quality sound application as Hi-Fi music centers and stereo TV sets.

Figure 1: Typical Application Circuit





March 1995

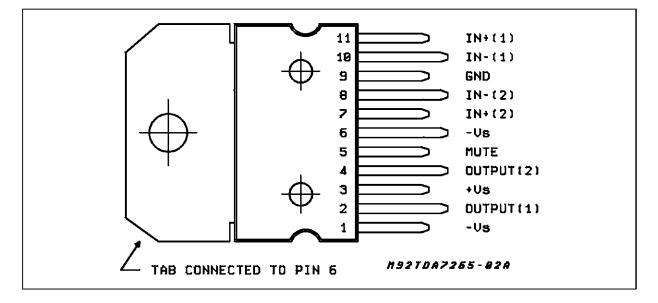
This is advanced information on a new product now in development or undergoing evaluation. Details are subject to change without notice.

TDA7265

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	DC Supply Voltage	±25	V
lo	Output Peak Current (internally limited)	4.5	А
P _{tot}	Power Dissipation T _{case} = 70°C	30	W
T _{op}	Operating Temperature	-20 to 85	°C
T _{stg} , T _j	Storage and Junction Temperature	-40 to +150	°C

PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Description			Unit
R _{th j-case}	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	2	°C/W



Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vs	Supply Range		<u>+</u> 5		<u>+</u> 25	V
lq	Total Quiescent Current			80	130	mA
Vos	Input Offset Voltage		-20		+20	mV
l _b	Output Bias Current			500		nA
Po	Music Output Power (*)	$\begin{array}{l} THD=10\%;R_L=8\Omega\ ;\\ V_S=\pm22.5V \end{array}$		32		W
Po	Output Power	THD = 10% $R_{L} = 8\Omega;$ $V_{S} \pm 16V; R_{L} = 4\Omega$	20	25 25		W W
		$\begin{array}{l} \text{THD} = 1\% \\ \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 8\Omega \ ; \\ \text{V}_{\text{S}} \pm 16\text{V}; \ \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 4\Omega \end{array}$		20 20		W W
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } R_L = & \Omega \ ; \ P_O = 1W; \ f = 1KHz \\ \hline R_L = & \Omega \ ; \\ P_O = 0.1 \ to \ 15W; \\ f = 100Hz \ to \ 15KHz \\ \end{array} $		0.01	0.7	%
		$R_L = 4\Omega$; $P_O = 1W$; $f = 1KHz$		0.02		%
		$R_L = 4\Omega$; $V_S \pm 16V$; $P_O = 0.1$ to 12W; f = 100Hz to 15KHz			1	%
CT	Cross Talk	f = 1KHz f = 10KHz		70 60		dB dB
SR	Slew Rate			10		V/µs
G _{OL}	Open Loop Voltage Gain			80		dB
e _N	Total Input Noise	A Curve f = 20Hz to 22KHz		3 4	8	μV μV
Ri	Input Resistance		15	20		KΩ
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection (each channel)	fr = 100Hz Vr = 0.5V		60		dB
Tj	Thermal Shut-down Junction Temperature			145		°C
MUTE FUN	CTION [ref: +Vs]					
VT _{MUTE}	Mute / Play Threshold		-7	-6	-5	V
A _M	Mute Attenuation		60	70		dB
STAND-BY	FUNCTION [ref: +Vs]					
VT _{ST-BY}	Stand-by / Mute Threshold		-3.5	-2.5	-1.5	V
A _{ST-BY}	Stand-by Attenuation			110		dB
I _{q ST-BY}	Quiescent Current @ Stand-by			3		mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuit, $V_S = \pm 20V$; $R_L = 8\Omega$; $R_S = 50\Omega$; $G_V = 30dB$; f = 1KHz; $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified.)

Note : (*) FULL POWER up to. $V_S = \pm 22.5V$ with $R_L = 8\Omega$ and $V_S = \pm 16V$ with $R_L = 4\Omega$ MUSIC POWER is the maximal power which the amplifier is capable of producing across the rated load resistance (regardless of non linearity) 1 sec after the application of a sinusoidal input signal of frequency 1KHz.



TDA7265

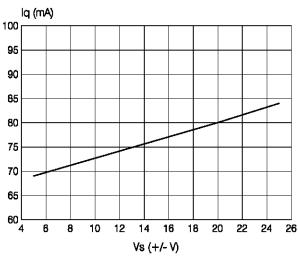
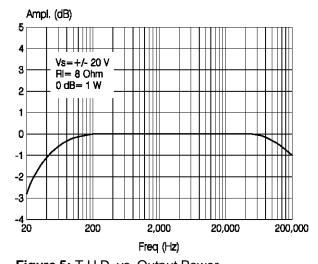
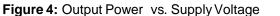


Figure 2: Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 3: Frequency Response





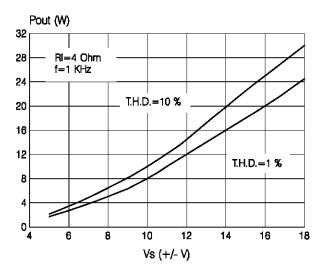
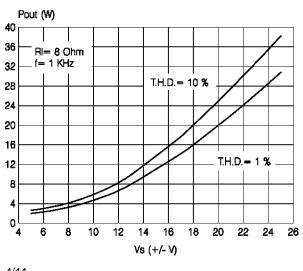
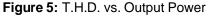


Figure 6: Output Power vs. Supply Voltage





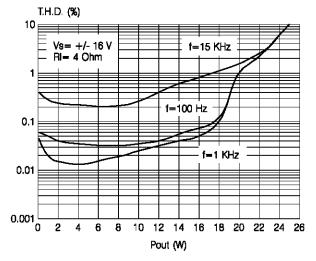
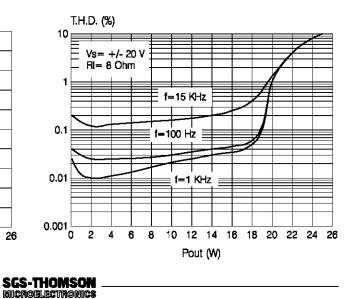


Figure 7: T.H.D. vs. Output Power



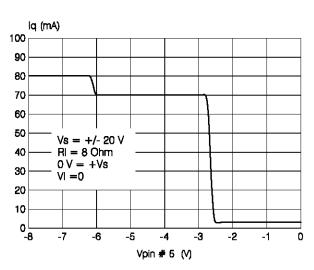
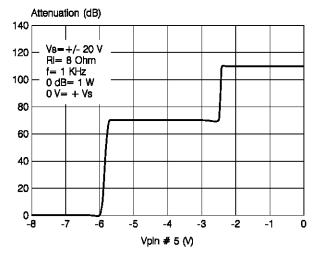


Figure 8: Quiescent Current vs. Pin # 5 Voltage

Figure 9: Attenuation vs. Pin # 5 Voltage





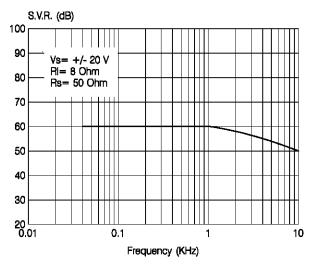
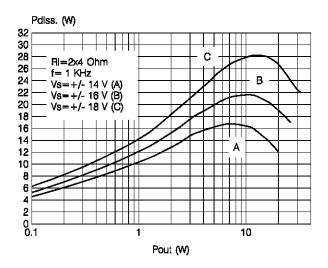
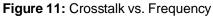


Figure 12: Power Dissipaton vs. Output Power





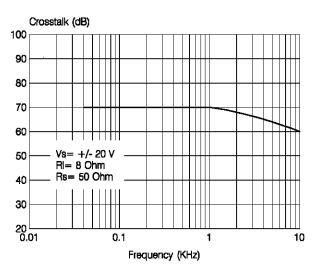
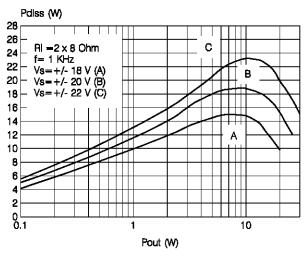


Figure 13: Power Dissipaton vs. Output Power



SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS

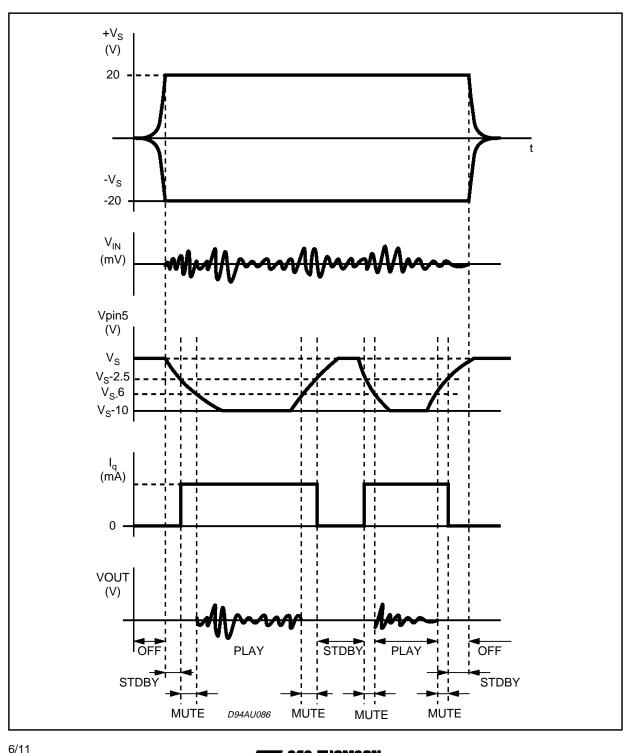
MUTE STAND-BY FUNCTION

The pin 5 (MUTE/STAND-BY) controls the amplifier status by two different thresholds, referred to $+V_S$.

 When V_{pin5} higher than = +Vs - 2.5V the amplifier is in Stand-by mode and the final stage generators are off

Figure 14

- when V_{pin5} is between +Vs 2.5V and +Vs
 6V the final stage current generators are switched on and the amplifier is in mute mode
- when V_{pin5} is lower than +Vs 6V the amplifier is play mode.





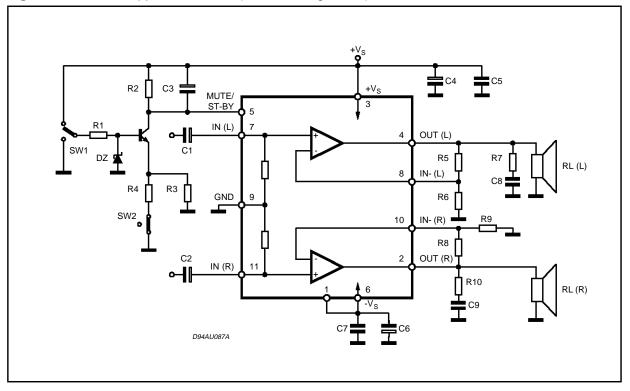
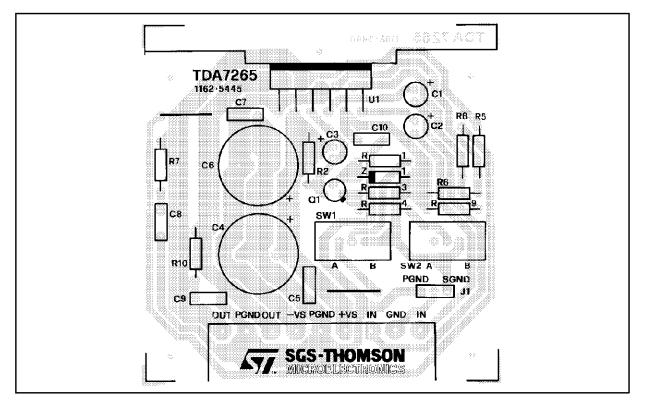


Figure 15: Test and Application Circuit (Stereo Configuration)

Figure 16: PC Board and Components Layout of the figure 15 (1:1 scale)



APPLICATIONS SUGGESTION

(Demo Board Schematic)

The recommended values of the external compo-

nents are those shown are the demo board schematic different values can be used: the following table can help the designer.

COMPONENTS	RECOMMENDED VALUE	PURPOSE	LARGER THAN RECOMMENDED VALUE	SMALLER THAN RECOMMENDED VALUE
R1	10KΩ	Mute Circuit	Increase of Dz Biasing Current	
R2	15KΩ	Mute Circuit	Vpin # 5 Shifted Downward	Vpin # 5 Shifted Upward
R3	18KΩ	Mute Circuit	Vpin # 5 Shifted Upward	Vpin # 5 Shifted Downward
R4	15KΩ	Mute Circuit	Vpin # 5 Shifted Upward	Vpin # 5 Shifted Downward
R5, R8	18KΩ	Closed Loop Gain	Increase of Gain	
R6, R9	560Ω	Setting (*)	Decrease of Gain	
R7, R10	4.7Ω	Frequency Stability	Danger of Oscillations	Danger of Oscillations
C1, C2	1µF	Input DC Decoupling		Higher Low Frequency Cutoff
C3	1µF	St-By/Mute Time Constant	Larger On/Off Time	Smaller On/Off Time
C4, C6	1000μF	Supply Voltage Bypass		Danger of Oscillations
C5, C7	0.1µF	Supply Voltage Bypass		Danger of Oscillations
C8, C9	0.1µF	Frequency Stability		
Dz	5.1V	Mute Circuit		

(*) Closed loop gain has to be => 25dB

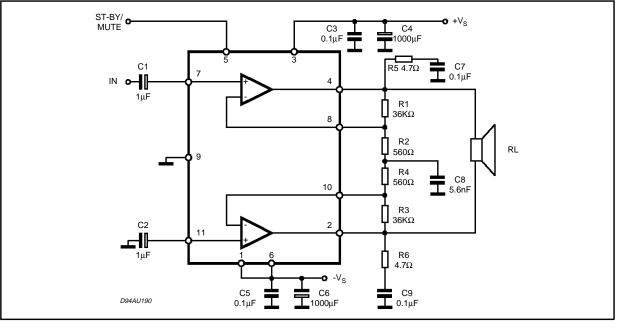
BRIDGE APPLICATION

Another application suggestion concerns the BRIDGE configuration, where the two power amplifiers are connected as shown by the schematic diagram of figure. 17.

This application shows, however, some operative

Figure 17: Bridge Application Circuit

limits due to dissipation and current capability of the output stage. For this reason, we reccomend to use the TDA7265 in bridge with the supply voltage equal/lower than $\pm 16V$ when the load is 8Ω ; with higher loads (i.e. 16Ω), the amplifier can work correctly in the whole supply voltage range.





BRIDGE APPLICATION (continued)

The detected characteristics of T.H.D. vs Pout and Frequency Response are shown in fig.18 and fig.19.

With R1=8 Ω , Vs=+/-16V the maximum output power obtainable is 50W at T.D.H.=10%.

The quiescent current remains unchanged with

f=15KHz

f=1KHz

Pout(W)

Figure 18: Distortion vs. Output Power

T.H.D. (%)

Vs=+/-16V

RL=8 Ohm

10

15 20 25 30 36 40 45 50 55

10 _F

1

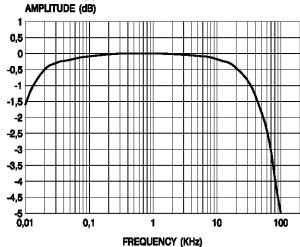
0,1

0,01

0 5

respect to the stereo configuration (~80mA as typical at Vs=+/-16V).

The last point to take into consideration concerns the short-circuit protection. As for the stereo application, the TDA7265 is fully protected against any kind of short-circuit (between Out/Gnd, Out/+Vs and Out/-Vs).

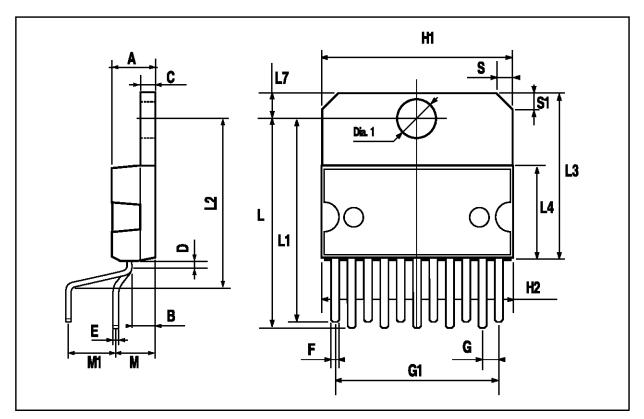






DIM.	mm			inch			
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
A			5			0.197	
В			2.65			0.104	
С			1.6			0.063	
D		1			0.039		
E	0.49		0.55	0.019		0.022	
F	0.88		0.95	0.035		0.037	
G	1.57	1.7	1.83	0.062	0.067	0.072	
G1	16.87	17	17.13	0.664	0.669	0.674	
H1	19.6			0.772			
H2			20.2			0.795	
L	21.5		22.3	0.846		0.878	
L1	21.4		22.2	0.843		0.874	
L2	17.4		18.1	0.685		0.713	
L3	17.25	17.5	17.75	0.679	0.689	0.699	
L4	10.3	10.7	10.9	0.406	0.421	0.429	
L7	2.65		2.9	0.104		0.114	
М	4.1	4.3	4.5	0.161	0.169	0.177	
M1	4.88	5.08	5.3	0.192	0.200	0.209	
S	1.9		2.6	0.075		0.102	
S1	1.9		2.6	0.075		0.102	
Dia1	3.65		3.85	0.144		0.152	

MULTIWATT11 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA



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