

# 10-MHz LOW-NOISE LOW-VOLTAGE LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Check for Samples: LMV721, LMV722

#### **FEATURES**

Power-Supply Voltage Range: 2.2 V to 5.5 V

Low Supply Current: 930 μA/Amplifier at 2.2 V

High Unity-Gain Bandwidth: 10 MHz

Rail-to-Rail Output Swing

 600-Ω Load: 120 mV From Either Rail at 2.2 V

- 2-kΩ Load: 50 mV From Either Rail at 2.2 V

 Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground

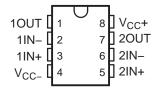
• Input Voltage Noise: 9 nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$  at f = 1 kHz

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Active Filter and Buffers
- Laptops and PDAs
- Battery Powered Electronics

# OUT [ 1 5 ] V<sub>CC+</sub> | 1N+ [ 3 4 ] IN-

# LMV722...D, DGK, OR DRG PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The LMV721 (single) and LMV722 (dual) are low-noise low-voltage low-power operational amplifiers that can be designed into a wide range of applications. The LMV721 and LMV722 have a unity-gain bandwidth of 10 MHz, a slew rate of 5 V/ $\mu$ s, and a quiescent current of 930  $\mu$ A/amplifier at 2.2 V.

The LMV721 and LMV722 are designed to provide optimal performance in low-voltage and low-noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common-mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage are 3.5 mV (over recommended temperature range) for the devices. Their capacitive load capability is also good at low supply voltages. The operating range is from 2.2 V to 5.5 V.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

T <sub>A</sub>		PACKAGE <sup>(</sup>	2)	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING (3)
		SC-70 – DCK	Reel of 3000	LMV721IDCKR	DK
	Single	3C-70 - DCK	Reel of 250	LMV721IDCKT	RK_
		SOT-23 - DBV	Reel of 3000	LMV721IDBVR	RBF_
-40°C to 105°C	Dual	SOIC - D	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDR	M\/7221
		30IC - D	Tube of 75	LMV722ID	MV722I
		VSSOP - DGK	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDGKR	R6_
		QFN – DRG	Reel of 2500	LMV722IDRGR	ZYY

<sup>(1)</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.



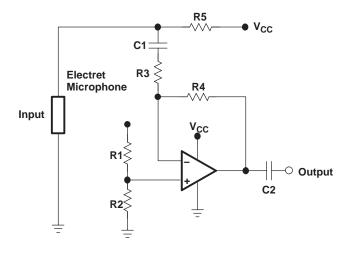
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

<sup>(2)</sup> Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

<sup>(3)</sup> DBV/DCK/DGK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the wafer fab/assembly site.



#### **Typical Application**



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		•	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC+</sub> - V <sub>CC-</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(2)</sup>			6	V
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input voltage (3)		±Supp	ly voltage	V
		D package <sup>(5)</sup>		97	
		DBV package <sup>(5)</sup>		206	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (4)	DCK package <sup>(5)</sup>		252	°C/W
		DGK package <sup>(5)</sup>		172	
		DRG package <sup>(6)</sup>		50.7	
TJ	Operating virtual-junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values (except differential voltages and V<sub>CC</sub> specified for the measurement of I<sub>OS</sub>) are with respect to the network GND.
- (3) Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
- (4) Maximum power dissipation is a function of T<sub>J</sub>(max), θ<sub>JA</sub>, and T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is P<sub>D</sub> = (T<sub>J</sub>(max) T<sub>A</sub>)/θ<sub>JA</sub>. Operating at the absolute maximum T<sub>J</sub> of 150°C can affect reliability.
- (5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.
- (6) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC+} - V_{CC-}$	Supply voltage	2.2	5.5	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating virtual-junction temperature	-40	105	°C

#### **ESD Protection**

	TYP	UNIT
Human-Body Model	2000	V
Machine Model	100	V

Submit Documentation Feedback



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC+}$  = 2.2 V,  $V_{CC-}$  = GND,  $V_{ICR}$  =  $V_{CC+}/2$ ,  $V_{Q}$  =  $V_{CC+}/2$ , and  $R_L$  > 1 M $\Omega$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>J</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V	Input offset voltage		25°C		0.02	3	mV	
V <sub>IO</sub>	input onset voltage		-40°C to 105°C			3.5	IIIV	
$TCV_IO$	Input offset voltage average drift		25°C		0.6		μV/°C	
$I_{IB}$	Input bias current		25°C		260		nA	
$I_{IO}$	Input offset current		25°C		25		nA	
CMMD	Common mode rejection ratio	V = 0.V to 1.2.V	25°C	70	88		٩D	
CMMR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{ICR} = 0 V \text{ to } 1.3 V$	-40°C to 105°C	64			dB	
PSRR	Dower cumply rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 2.2 \text{ V to 5 V},$	25°C	80	90		٩D	
PSKK	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_O = 0$ , $V_{ICR} = 0$	-40°C to 105°C	70			dB	
V	land to a second and the second	CMRR ≥ 50 dB	0500		-0.3		\ <i>I</i>	
$V_{ICR}$	Input common-mode voltage		25°C		1.3		V	
		$R_L = 600 \Omega$ ,	25°C	75	81			
•	Lanca standardo de marca	$V_0 = 0.75 \text{ V to 2 V}$	-40°C to 105°C	70			.ID	
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal voltage gain	$R_1 = 2 k\Omega$	25°C	75	84		dB	
		$V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V to } 2.1 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	70				
		D 000 0 1 1/1 /0	25°C	2.090	2.125			
		$R_L = 600 \Omega \text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$	-40°C to 105°C	2.065				
			25°C		0.071	0.120		
			-40°C to 105°C			0.145		
$V_{O}$	Output swing	5 010 11 15	25°C	2.150	2.177		V	
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$		2.125				
			25°C		0.056	0.080		
			-40°C to 105°C			0.105		
		Sourcing, V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V,	25°C	10	14.9			
		$V_{IN(diff)} = \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	5				
lo	Output current	Sinking, $V_O = 2.2 \text{ V}$ ,	25°C	10	17.6		mA	
		$V_{IN(diff)} = \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	5				
			25°C		0.93	1.3		
		LMV721	-40°C to 105°C			1.5		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current		25°C		1.81	2.4	mA	
		LMV722	-40°C to 105°C			2.6		
SR	Slew rate <sup>(1)</sup>		25°C		4.9		V/μs	
GBW	Gain bandwidth product		25°C		10		MHz	
Φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin		25°C		67.4		0	
G <sub>m</sub>	Gain margin		25°C		-9.8		dB	
V <sub>n</sub>	Input-referred voltage noise	f = 1 kHz	25°C		9		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>	
In	Input-referred current noise	f = 1 kHz	25°C		0.3		pA/√ <del>Hz</del>	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ AV} = 1, \\ R_L = 600 \ \Omega, \ V_O = 500 \ \text{mV}_{pp}$	25°C		0.004		%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Connected as voltage follower with 1-V step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rate.



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC+}$  = 5 V,  $V_{CC-}$  = GND,  $V_{ICR}$  =  $V_{CC+}/2$ ,  $V_{O}$  =  $V_{CC+}/2$ , and  $R_L$  > 1 M $\Omega$  (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>J</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
\/	Input offeet voltege		25°C		-0.08	3	m\/	
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage		-40°C to 105°C			3.5	mV	
$TCV_{IO}$	Input offset voltage average drift		25°C		0.6		μV/°C	
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current		25°C		260		nA	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current		25°C		25		nA	
CMMD	Common mode rejection ratio	\/ 0\/ to 4.4\/	25°C	80	89		٩D	
CMMR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{ICR} = 0 V to 4.1 V$	-40°C to 105°C	75			dB	
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio $V_{CC+} = 2.2 \text{ V to 5 V},$		25°C	70	90		٩D	
FORK	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_O = 0$ , $V_{ICR} = 0$	-40°C to 105°C	64			dB	
V	lanut common mode voltage	CMRR ≥ 50 dB	25%		-0.3		V	
$V_{ICR}$	Input common-mode voltage		25°C		4.1		V	
		$R_L = 600 \Omega$ ,	25°C	80	87			
^	Large signal valtage sain	$V_0^2 = 0.75 \text{ V to } 4.8 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	70			٩D	
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal voltage gain	nal voltage gain $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,		80	94		dB	
		$V_0 = 0.7 \text{ V to } 4.9 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	70				
		2 22 2 1 1/2 12		4.84	4.882			
		$R_L = 600 \Omega \text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$	-40°C to 105°C	4.815				
			25°C		0.134	0.19		
			-40°C to 105°C			0.215	.,	
Vo	Output swing	2 212 11 12	25°C	4.93	4.952		V	
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega \text{ to } V_{CC+}/2$	-40°C to 105°C	4.905				
			25°C		0.076	0.11		
			-40°C to 105°C			0.135		
		Sourcing, $V_O = 0 V$ ,	25°C	20	52.6			
		$V_{IN(diff)} = \pm 0.5 V$	-40°C to 105°C	12				
l <sub>O</sub>	Output current	Sinking, $V_0 = 2.2 \text{ V}$ ,	25°C	15	23.7		mA	
		$V_{IN(diff)} = \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 105°C	8.5				
		110/704	25°C		1.03	1.4		
		LMV721	-40°C to 105°C			1.7		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	111/700	25°C		2.01	2.4	mA	
		LMV722	-40°C to 105°C			2.8		
SR	Slew rate <sup>(1)</sup>		25°C		5.25		V/μs	
GBW	Gain bandwidth product		25°C		10		MHz	
Фт	Phase margin		25°C		72		0	
G <sub>m</sub>	Gain margin		25°C		-11		dB	
V <sub>n</sub>	Input-referred voltage noise	f = 1 kHz	25°C		8.5		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>	
In	Input-referred current noise	f = 1 kHz	25°C		0.2		pA/√ <del>Hz</del>	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	f = 1  kHz,  AV = 1, $R_L = 600 \ \Omega, \text{ V}_O = 500 \ \text{mV}_{pp}$	25°C		0.001		%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Connected as voltage follower with 1-V step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rate.



1.4

1.3

1.2

1.1

1 0.9

0.8

0.7 0.6 0.5

0.4

2

2.5

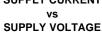
3

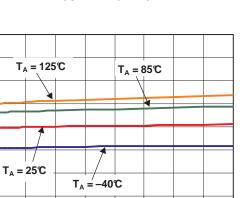
3.5

Icc - Supply Current - mA

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

# **SUPPLY CURRENT**





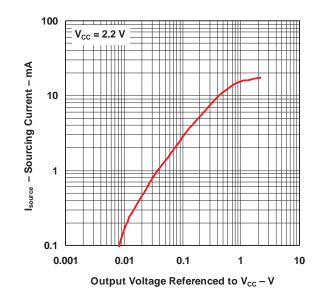
4.5

5

5.5

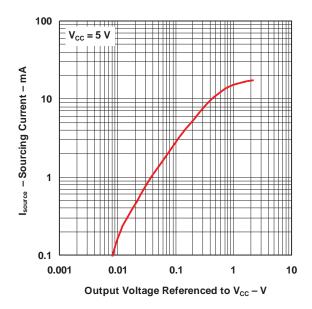
6

**SOURCING CURRENT OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 

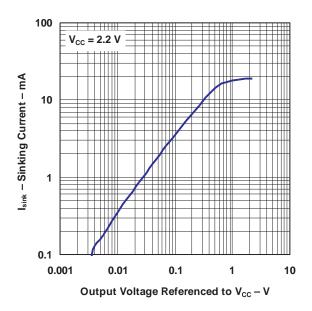


**SOURCING CURRENT OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 

V<sub>cc</sub> - Supply Voltage - V



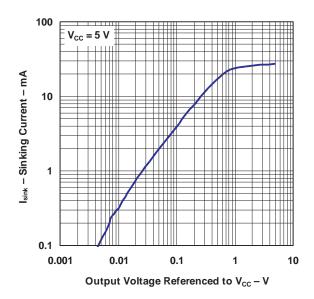
SINKING CURRENT **OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 



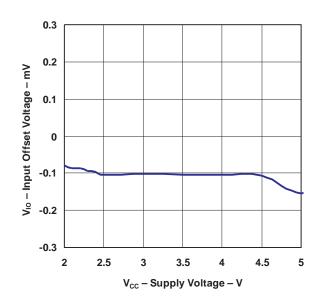


#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

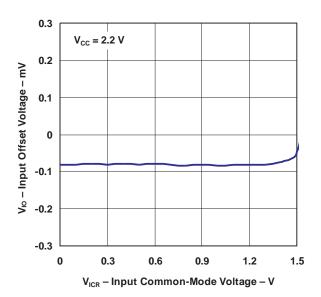
# SINKING CURRENT vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE



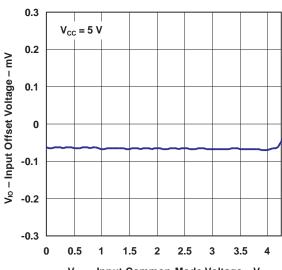
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE



INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
vs
INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



# INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs INPUT COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE



 $V_{ICR}$  – Input Common-Mode Voltage – V

 $V_{CC} = 5 V$ 

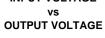
4.5

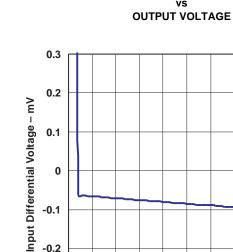
**INPUT VOLTAGE** 



#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**







0.1

0

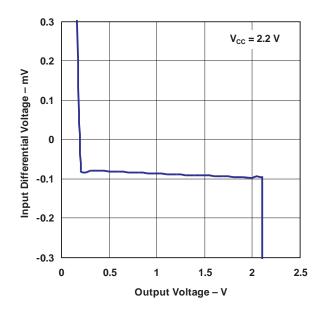
-0.1

-0.2

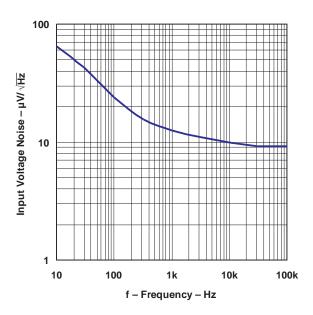
-0.3

0

0.5 1



**INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE FREQUENCY** 

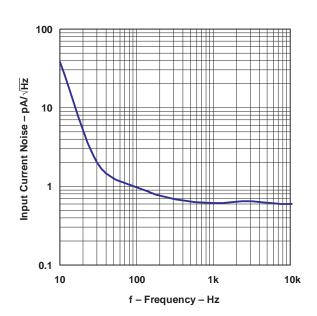


**INPUT CURRENT NOISE FREQUENCY** 

Output Voltage - V

3 3.5

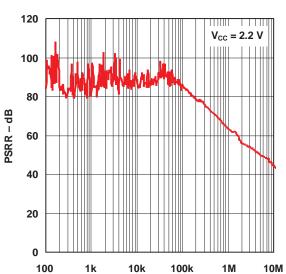
1.5 2 2.5



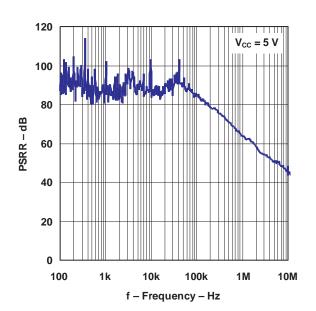


#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**



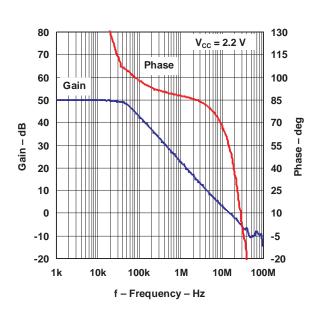


PSRR vs FREQUENCY

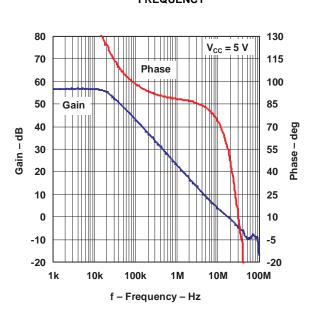


GAIN AND PHASE vs FREQUENCY

f - Frequency - Hz



GAIN AND PHASE vs FREQUENCY



4.4

4.2

4

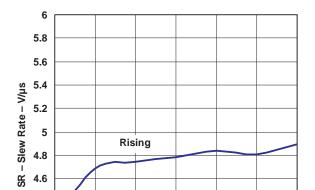
2

2.5



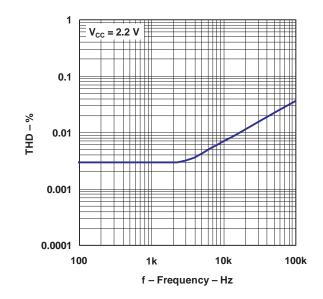
#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

#### SLEW RATE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE



**Falling** 

THD vs FREQUENCY



#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

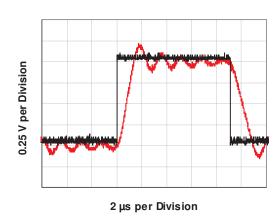
3.5

V<sub>cc</sub> - Supply Voltage - V

4.5

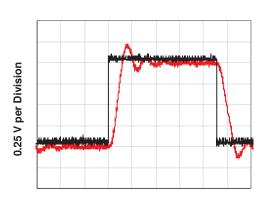
5

$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$$
 = 5 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 2 k $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 21.2 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$$
 = 5 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 2 k $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 21.2 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}$  = 2.1  $\Omega$ 



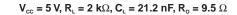
2 µs per Division

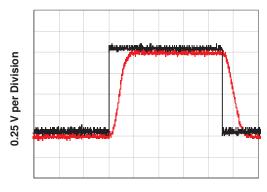
# TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

#### SE RESPONSE PULSE

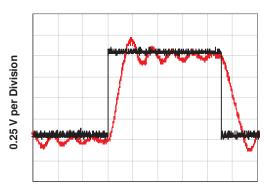




2 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

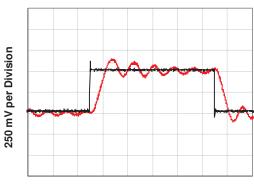
$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$$
 = 5 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 600  $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 21.2 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny O}}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



2 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

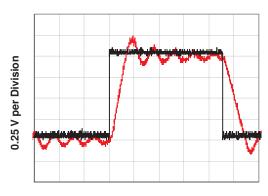
$$V_{cc}$$
 = 2.2 V,  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$  = 2 k $\Omega$ ,  $C_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$  = 2.12 nF,  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle O}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



1 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

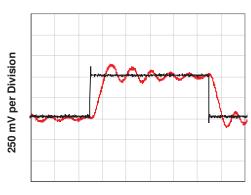
$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\tiny CC}}$$
 = 5 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 10 k $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 21.2 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny O}}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



2 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

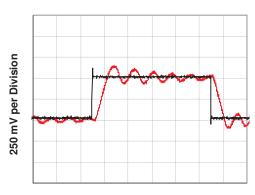
$$V_{cc}$$
 = 2.2 V,  $R_{L}$  = 2  $\Omega$ ,  $C_{L}$  = 2.12 nF,  $R_{o}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



1 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$$
 = 2.2 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 10 k $\Omega$ ,  $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 2.12 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



1 µs per Division



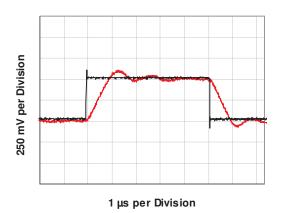
#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

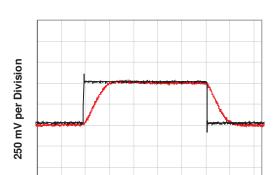
#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

 $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\tiny CC}}$  = 2.2 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 10 k $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 2.12 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny O}}$  = 11.5  $\Omega$ 

 $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$  = 2.2 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 10 k $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 2.12 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}$  = 2.2  $\Omega$ 

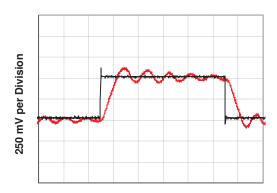




1 µs per Division

#### **PULSE RESPONSE**

$$\mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize cc}}$$
 = 2.2 V,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 600  $\Omega,$   $\mbox{C}_{\mbox{\tiny L}}$  = 1.89 nF,  $\mbox{R}_{\mbox{\scriptsize o}}$  = 0  $\Omega$ 



1 µs per Division



#### **REVISION HISTORY**

CI	hanges from Revision B (August 2010) to Revision C						
•	Changed all temperature parameters from max of 85°C to 105°C	1					
•	Changed supply voltage max value to 6 in Absolute Maximum Ratings table	2					
•	Changed supply voltage MAX value to 5.5 in Recommended Operating Conditions table	2					
•	Changed $A_{VD}$ , $V_O$ test conditons for $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ : 0.75 V to 4.8 V	4					
•	Changed $A_{VD}$ , $V_{O}$ test conditons for $R_{L}$ = 2 k $\Omega$ $\Omega$ : 0.75 V to 4.8 V	4					

16-Aug-2012

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>	Samples (Requires Login)
LMV721IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV721IDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV721IDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV721IDCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV721IDCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV721IDCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722IDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722IDGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LMV722IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

16-Aug-2012

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL. Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

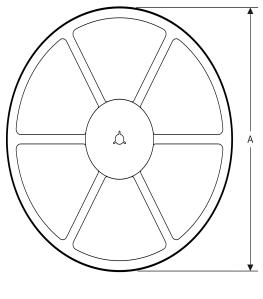
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

16-Aug-2012 www.ti.com

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### **REEL DIMENSIONS**





#### **TAPE DIMENSIONS**



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### \*All dimensions are nominal

All diffierisions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV722IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMV722IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 16-Aug-2012



\*All dimensions are nominal

7 til allifici sions are nominal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMV721IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV721IDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV721IDCKT	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
LMV722IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	370.0	355.0	55.0
LMV722IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

# DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



# DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

#### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

#### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



## D (R-PDSO-G8)

#### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



# D (R-PDSO-G8)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46C and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48B. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components which meet ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. Components which have not been so designated are neither designed nor intended for automotive use; and TI will not be responsible for any failure of such components to meet such requirements.

roducts		Applications
	ti aaaa/adia	A

Pr

Audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive www.ti.com/audio www.ti.com/communications **Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com Communications and Telecom **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com Computers and Peripherals www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps www.dlp.com DSP dsp.ti.com **Energy and Lighting** www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical Logic logic.ti.com Security www.ti.com/security

Power Mgmt power.ti.com Space, Avionics and Defense www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense

Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com Video and Imaging www.ti.com/video

OMAP Mobile Processors www.ti.com/omap TI E2E Community e2e.ti.com

Wireless Connectivity <u>www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</u>

www.ti-rfid.com