











LP2981-N

SNOS773N - MARCH 2000 - REVISED APRIL 2016

LP2981-N Micropower 100-mA Ultralow Dropout Regulator in SOT-23 Package

Features

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 2.1 V to 16 V
- **Ultralow-Dropout Voltage**
- Output Voltage Accuracy 0.75% (A Grade)
- Specified 100-mA Output Current
- < 1-µA Quiescent Current when Shutdown
- Low Ground Pin Current at All Load Currents
- High Peak Current Capability (300 mA Typical)
- Wide Supply Voltage Range (16 V Maximum)
- Fast Dynamic Response to Line and Load
- Low Z_{OUT} Over Wide Frequency Range
- Overtemperature and Overcurrent Protection
- -40°C to 125°C Junction Temperature Range

Applications

- Cellular Phones
- Palmtop and Laptop Computers
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDA)
- Camcorders, Personal Stereos, Cameras

3 Description

The LP2981-N is a 100-mA, fixed-output voltage regulator designed specifically to requirements of battery-powered applications.

Using an optimized Vertically Integrated PNP (VIP) process, the LP2981-N delivers unequaled performance in all specifications critical to batterypowered designs:

Dropout Voltage: Typically 200 mV at 100-mA load, and 7 mV at 1-mA load.

Ground Pin Current: Typically 600 µA at 100-mA load, and 80 µA at 1-mA load.

Sleep Mode: Less than 1-µA quiescent current when ON/OFF pin is pulled low.

Precision Output: 0.75% tolerance output voltages available (A grade).

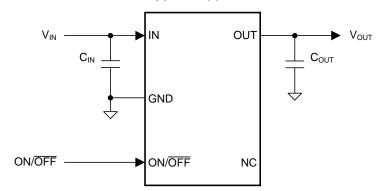
Assorted voltage options, from 2.5 V to 5 V, are available as standard products.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
LP2981-N	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm × 1.60 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application



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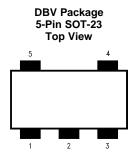
4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Cł	nanges from Revision M (September 2015) to Revision N	Page
<u>.</u>	Changed update typical application drawing and change pin names from Vin, Vout to IN and OUT	1
Cł	nanges from Revision L (June 2015) to Revision M	Page
•	Changed split out ESD values by specific pins	4
<u>•</u>	Changed correct junction-to-case and junction-to-board values (typo from last format update)	5
Cl	nanges from Revision K (April 2013) to Revision L	Page
•	Changed "Nine" to "Assorted"	1
•	Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	
•	Changed text of NC pin description	3
•	Changed thermal value in footnote 3	4
<u>•</u>	Changed thermal values to TI measure	5
Cł	nanges from Revision J (January 2009) to Revision K	Page
	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	19



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION				
NO.	NAME	NAME					
1	IN	1	Input voltage pin				
2	GND	_	Common ground (device substrate)				
3	ON/OFF	1	Logic high enable input				
4	NC	_	DO NOT CONNECT. Device pin 4 is reserved for post packaging test and calibration of the LP2989 VOUT accuracy. Device pin 2 must be left floating. Do not connect to any potential. Do not connect to ground. Any attempt to do pin continuity testing on device pin 2 is discouraged. Continuity test results will be variable depending on the actions of the factory calibration. Aggressive pin continuity testing (high voltage, or high current) on device pin 2 may activate the trim circuitry forcing VOUT to move out of tolerance.				
5	OUT	0	Regulated output voltage				



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)(2)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C
Power dissipation ⁽³⁾	Internall		
Input supply voltage (survival)	-0.3	16	V
Input supply voltage (operating)	2.1	16	V
Shutdown input voltage (survival)	-0.3	16	V
Output voltage (survival) ⁽⁴⁾	-0.3	9	V
I _{OUT} (survival)	Short-circu	it protected	
Input-output voltage (survival) ⁽⁵⁾	-0.3	16	V
Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) If Military/Aerospace-specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.
- (3) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(MAX)}$, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, $R_{\theta JA}$, and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using $P_{(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} T_A) / R_{\theta JA}$. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ for the SOT-23 package is 175.7°C/W. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.
- (4) If used in a dual-supply system where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the LP2980-N output must be diode-clamped to ground.
- (5) The output PNP structure contains a diode between the IN and OUT pins that is normally reverse-biased. Reversing the polarity from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} will turn on this diode (See *Reverse Current Path*).

6.2 ESD Ratings

				VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	Pins 1, 2 and 5	±2000	\/
V _(ESD)	discharge		Pins 3 and 4	±1000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating junction temperature	-40	125	°C
Input supply voltage (operating)	2.1	16	V



6.4 Thermal Information

		LP2981-N	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DBV (SOT-23)	UNIT
		5 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, High-K	175.7	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	78.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	30.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	2.8	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	30.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified: $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $I_L = 1$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 1$ μ F, $V_{ON/OFF} = 2$ V.⁽¹⁾

	DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	LP2981AI-XX ⁽²⁾		LP	2981I-XX ⁽²	2)	UNIT	
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		I _L = 1 mA	-0.75	•	0.75	-1.25		1.25	
ΔV_{O}	Output voltage	1 mA < I _L < 100 mA	-1	·	1	-2		2	%V _{NOM}
7.0	tolerance	1 mA < I_L < 100 mA -40°C ≤ T_J ≤ 125°C	-2.5		2.5	-3.5		3.5	70 V NOM
	Output voltage line	$V_{O(NOM)} + 1 V \le V_{IN} \le 16 V$		0.007	0.014		0.007	0.014	
$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$	Output voltage line regulation	$V_{O(NOM)} + 1 V \le V_{IN} \le 16 V$ -40°C \le T _J \le 125°C			0.032			0.032	%/V
		I _L = 0 mA		1	3		1	3	
		$I_L = 0 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		 	5	·		5	mV
	Dropout voltage (3)	I _L = 1 mA		7	10		7	10	
\/ \/		$I_L = 1 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		·	15			15	
$v_{IN} - v_{O}$		I _L = 25 mA		70	100		70	100	
		$I_L = 25 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			150			150	
		$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}$		200	250		200	250	
		$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			375			375	
		$I_L = 0 \text{ mA}$		65	95		65	95	
		$I_L = 0 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			125			125	
		I _L = 1 mA		80	110		80	110	
		$I_L = 1 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			170			170	
		$I_L = 25 \text{ mA}$		200	300		200	300	
I_{GND}	Ground pin current	$I_L = 25 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			550			550	μΑ
		I _L = 100 mA		600	800		600	800	-
		$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, -40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1500			1500	
		V _{ON/OFF} < 0.3 V		0.01	0.8		0.01	0.8	
		V _{ON/OFF} < 0.15 V -40°C ≤ T _J ≤ 125°C		0.05	2		0.05	2	

⁽¹⁾ Minimum and maximum limits are ensured through test, design, or statistical correlation over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to 125°C, unless otherwise stated. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at T_A = 25°C, and are provided for reference purposes only.

⁽²⁾ Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are ensured through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).

⁽³⁾ Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100 mV below the value measured with a 1-V differential.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified: $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $I_L = 1$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 1$ μ F, $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 2$ V.⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	LP2981AI-XX ⁽²⁾		LP2	981I-XX ⁽²)	UNIT	
		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
ON/OFF input	High = O/P ON		1.4			1.4			
	ON/ OFF input voltage ⁽⁴⁾	High = O/P ON -40°C ≤ T _J ≤ 125°C	1.6			1.6			V
V _{ON/OFF}	voltage (4)	Low = O/P OFF	0.5			0.5			
		Low = O/P OFF -40°C ≤ T _J ≤ 125°C			0.15			0.15	
		$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 0 V$		0.01			0.01		
	ON/OFF input current	$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 0 \text{ V}$ -40°C \le T _J \le 125°C			-1	-1 -1			
I _{ON/OFF}	ON/OFF Input current	$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 5 V$		5			5		μA
		$V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 5 \text{ V}$ -40°C \le T _J \le 125°C			15			15	
I _{O(PK)}	Peak output current	$V_{OUT} \ge V_{O(NOM)} - 5\%$	150	400			150		mA

⁽⁴⁾ The ON/OFF inputs must be properly driven to prevent misoperation. For details, see Operation With ON/OFF Control.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified: $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $I_L = 1$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 1$ μ F, $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}} = 2$ V. $^{(1)}$

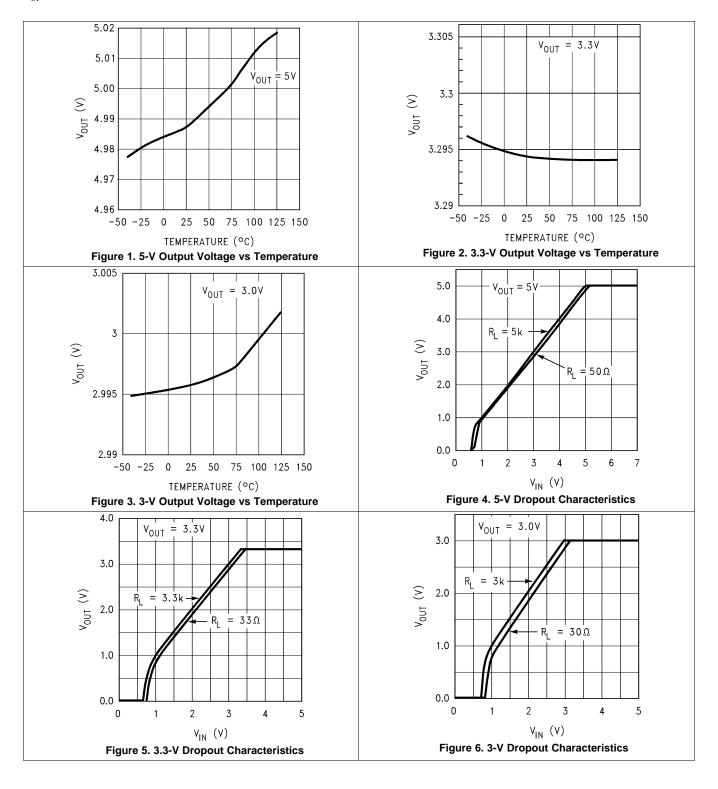
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	LP2981AI-XX ⁽²⁾			LP2981AI-XX ⁽²⁾ LP2981I-XX ⁽²⁾)	LINUT
		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX		MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
e _n	Output noise voltage (RMS)	BW = 300 Hz to 50 kHz C _{OUT} = 10 μF		160			160		μV	
$\Delta V_O/\Delta V_{IN}$	Ripple rejection	f = 1 kHz, C_{OUT} = 10 μ F		63			63		dB	
I _{O(MAX)}	Short-circuit current	$R_L = 0 \Omega \text{ (steady state)}^{(5)}$		150			150		mA	

⁽⁵⁾ See related curve(s) in *Typical Characteristics* section.



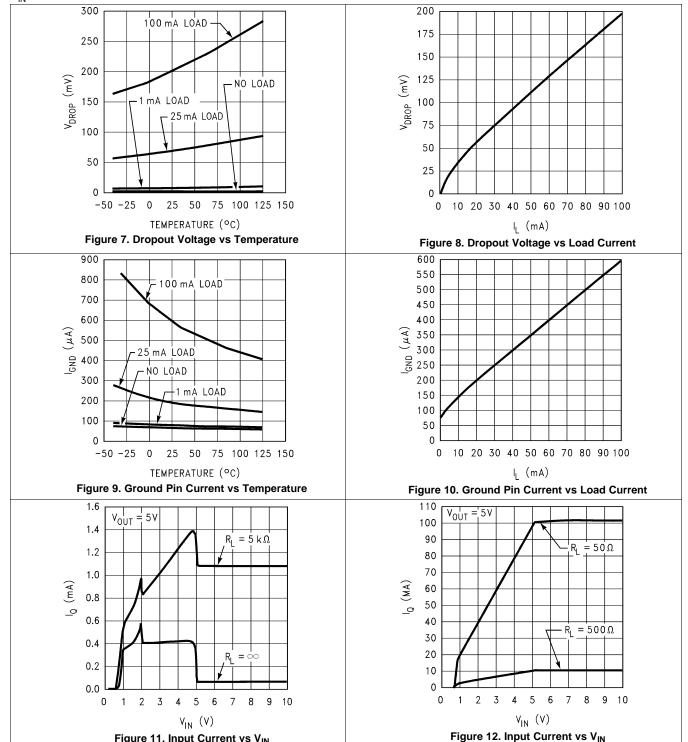
6.6 Typical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ μF , $C_{IN} = 1$ μF all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .





Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ μ F, $C_{IN} = 1$ μ F all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .



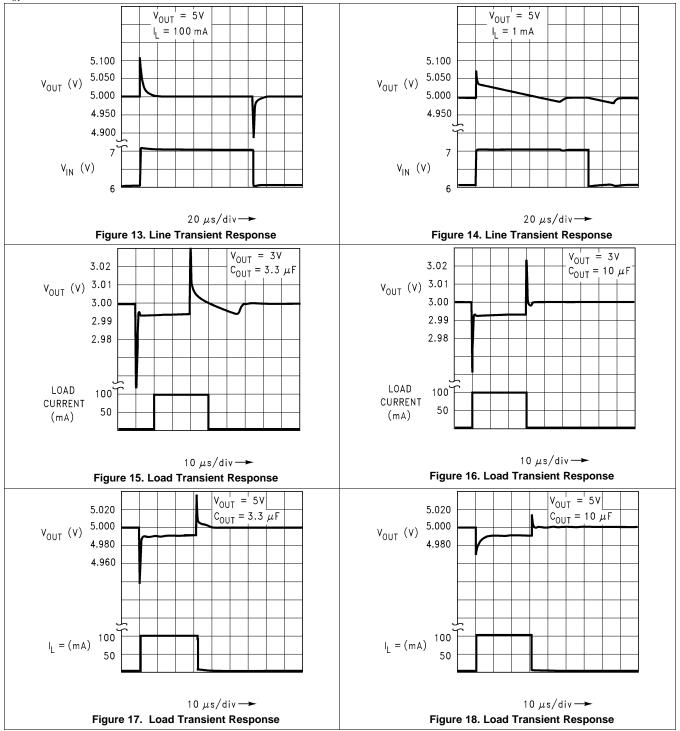
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Figure 11. Input Current vs V_{IN}

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Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ μF , $C_{IN} = 1$ μF all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .

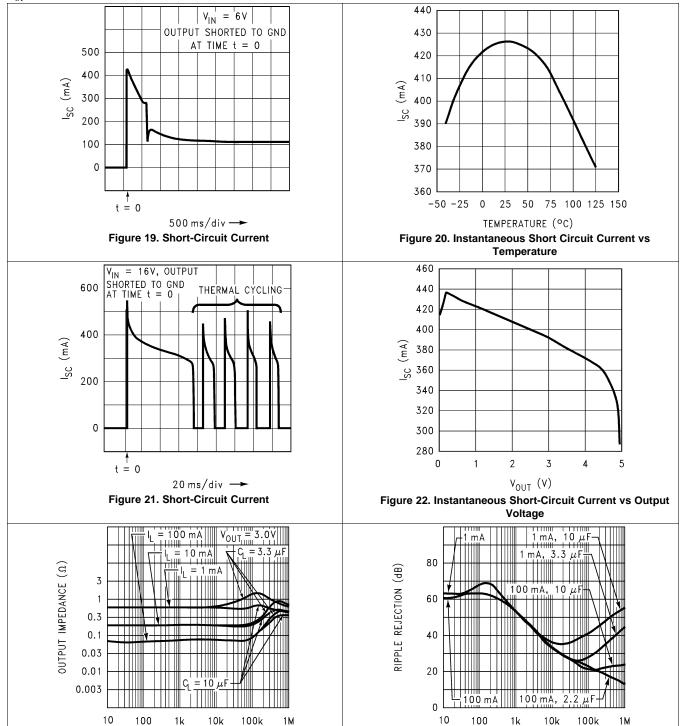


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Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ μF , $C_{IN} = 1$ μF all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .



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FREQUENCY (Hz)

Figure 23. Output Impedance vs Frequency

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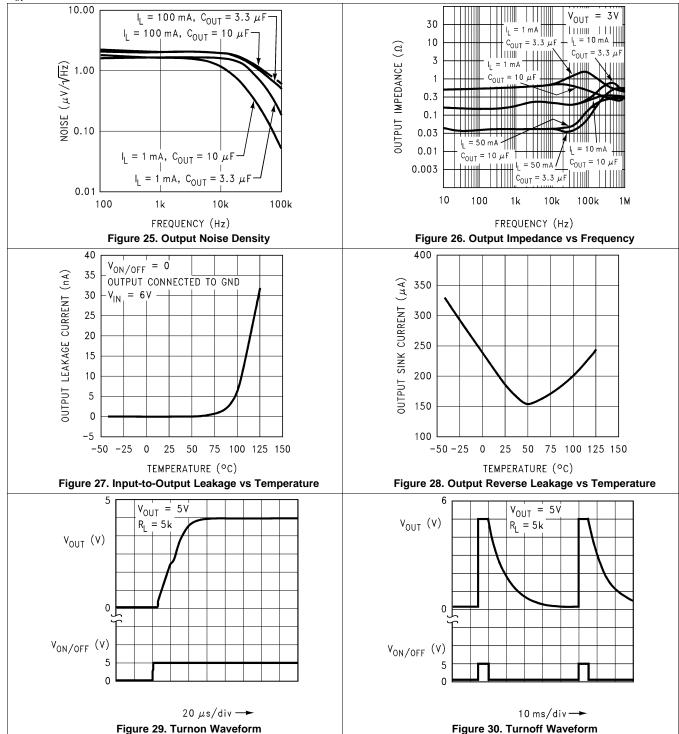
FREQUENCY (Hz)

Figure 24. Ripple Rejection

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ µF, $C_{IN} = 1$ µF all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .

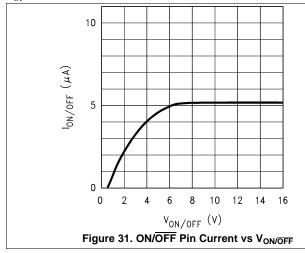


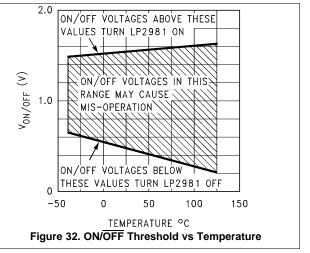
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Unless otherwise specified: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = V_{O(NOM)} + 1$ V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7$ μF , $C_{IN} = 1$ μF all voltage options, ON/\overline{OFF} pin tied to V_{IN} .





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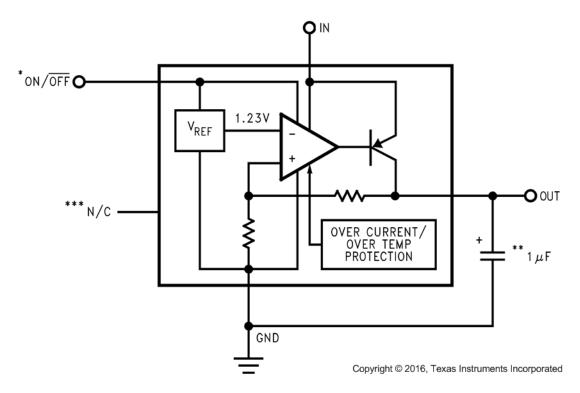
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The LP2981-N is a 100-mA, fixed-output voltage regulator designed specifically to meet the requirements of battery-powered applications. Available in assorted output voltages from 2.5 V to 5 V, the device has an output tolerance of 0.75% for the A grade (1.25% for the non-A version). Using a VIP process, the LP2981-N contains these features to facilitate battery-powered designs:

- Fixed 5-V, 3.6-V, 3.3-V, 3-V, and 2.5-V output versions
- Very high-accuracy 1.23-V reference
- Low-dropout voltage, typical dropout of 200 mV at 100-mA load current and 7 mV at 1-mA load
- Low ground current, typically 600 μA at 100-mA load and 80 μA at 1-mA load
- A sleep mode feature is available, allowing the regulator to consume only 1 μA (typical) when the ON/OFF pin
 is pulled low.
- Overtemperature protection and overcurrent protection circuitry is designed to safeguard the device during unexpected conditions.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Multiple Voltage Options

To meet the different application requirements, the LP2981-N provides multiple fixed output options from 2.5 V to 5 V.

7.3.2 High-Accuracy Output Voltage

With special careful design to minimize all contributions to the output voltage error, the LP2981-N distinguishes itself as a very high-accuracy output voltage micropower LDO. This includes a tight initial tolerance (0.75% typical), extremely good line regulation (0.007%/V typical), and a very low output voltage temperature coefficient, making the part an ideal low-power voltage reference.



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.3 Ultra-Low-Dropout Voltage

Generally speaking, the dropout voltage often refers to the voltage difference between the input and output voltage (VDO = $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$), where the main current pass-FET is fully on in the ohmic region of operation and is characterized by the classic $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the FET. VDO indirectly specifies a minimum input voltage above the nominal programmed output voltage at which the output voltage is expected to remain within its accuracy boundary.

7.3.4 Low Ground Current

LP2981-N uses a vertical PNP process which allows for quiescent currents that are considerably lower than those associated with traditional lateral PNP regulators, typically 600 µA at 100-mA load and 80 µA at 1-mA load.

7.3.5 Sleep Mode

When pulling the ON/OFF pin to low level, LP2981-N will enter sleep mode, and less than 1-µA quiescent current is consumed. This function is designed for the application which needs a sleep mode to effectively enhance battery life cycle.

7.3.6 Short-Circuit Protection (Current Limit)

The internal current-limit circuit is used to protect the LDO against high-load current faults or shorting events. The LDO is not designed to operate in a steady-state current limit. During a current-limit event, the LDO sources constant current. Therefore, the output voltage falls when load impedance decreases. If a current limit occurs and the resulting output voltage is low, excessive power may be dissipated across the LDO resulting in a thermal shutdown of the output. A foldback feature limits the short-circuit current to protect the regulator from damage under all load conditions. If OUT is forced below 0 V before EN goes high and the load current required exceeds the foldback current limit, the device may not start up correctly.

7.3.7 Thermal Protection

The LP2981-N contains a thermal shutdown protection circuit to turn off the output current when excessive heat is dissipated in the LDO. The thermal time-constant of the semiconductor die is fairly short, and thus the output cycles on and off at a high rate when thermal shutdown is reached until the power dissipation is reduced. The internal protection circuitry of the LM2981-N is designed to protect against thermal overload conditions. The circuitry is not intended to replace proper heat sinking. Continuously running the device into thermal shutdown degrades its reliability.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Operation with V_{OUT(TARGET)} + 1 V ≤ V_{IN} < 16 V

The device operates if the input voltage is equal to, or exceeds, $V_{OUT(TARGET)} + 0.6 \text{ V}$. At input voltages below the minimum V_{IN} requirement, the device does not operate correctly and output voltage may not reach target value.

7.4.2 Operation With ON/OFF Control

If the voltage on the ON/OFF pin is less than 0.15 V, the device is disabled, and the shutdown current does not exceed 1 μA. Raising ON/OFF above 1.4 V initiates the start-up sequence of the device.



8 Application and Implementation

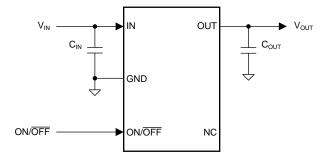
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The LP2981-N is a linear voltage regulator operating from 2.1 V to 16 V on the input and regulates voltages between 2.5 V to 5 V with 0.75% accuracy and 100-mA maximum output current. Efficiency is defined by the ratio of output voltage to input voltage because the LP2981-N is a linear voltage regulator. To achieve high efficiency, the dropout voltage $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ must be as small as possible, thus requiring a very-low-dropout LDO. Successfully implementing an LDO in an application depends on the application requirements. If the requirements are simply input voltage and output voltage, compliance specifications (such as internal power dissipation or stability) must be verified to ensure a solid design. If timing, start-up, noise, power supply rejection ratio (PSRR), or any other transient specification is required, then the design becomes more challenging.

8.2 Typical Application



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Figure 33. LP2981-N Typical Application

8.2.1 Design Requirements

PARAMETER	DESIGN REQUIREMENT
Input voltage	5 V ±10%, provided by the DC-DC converter switching at 1 MHz
Output voltage	3.3 V ±5%
Output current	100 mA (maximum), 1 mA (minimum)
RMS noise, 300 Hz to 50 kHz	< 1 mV _{RMS}
PSRR at 1 kHz	> 40 dB

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 External Capacitors

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the LP2981-N must be carefully selected to assure regulator loop stability.

^{*}ON/OFF input must be actively terminated. Tie to V_{IN} if this function is not to be used.

^{**}Minimum output capacitance is shown to insure stability over full load current range. More capacitance provides superior dynamic performance and additional stability margin (see *Capacitor Characteristics*).

^{***}Do not make connections to this pin.



8.2.2.1.1 Input Capacitor

An input capacitor with a value \geq 1 μ F is required with the LP2981-N (amount of capacitance can be increased without limit).

This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inches from the input pin of the LP2981-N and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor.

8.2.2.1.2 Output Capacitor

The output capacitor must meet both the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and equivalent series resistance (ESR) value. Curves are provided which show the allowable ESR range as a function of load current for various output voltages and capacitor values (refer to Figure 36, Figure 37, Figure 38, and Figure 39).

NOTE

Important: The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature range to ensure stability. Also, capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be considered to ensure the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times.

This capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inches from the OUT pin of the LP2981-N and returned to a clean analog ground.

8.2.2.2 Capacitor Characteristics

8.2.2.2.1 Tantalum

Tantalum capacitors are the best choice for use with the LP2981-N. Most good quality tantalums can be used with the LP2981-N, but check the manufacturer's data sheet to be sure the ESR is in range.

It is important to remember that ESR increases at lower temperatures and a capacitor that is near the upper limit for stability at room temperature can cause instability when it gets cold.

In applications which must operate at very low temperatures, it may be necessary to parallel the output tantalum capacitor with a ceramic capacitor to prevent the ESR from going up too high (see below for important information on ceramic capacitors).

8.2.2.2.2 Ceramic

Ceramic capacitors are not recommended for use at the output of the LP2981-N. This is because the ESR of a ceramic can be low enough to go below the minimum stable value for the LP2981-N. A 2.2- μ F ceramic was measured and found to have an ESR of about 15 m Ω , which is low enough to cause oscillations.

If a ceramic capacitor is used on the output, a 1- Ω resistor should be placed in series with the capacitor.

8.2.2.2.3 Aluminum

Because of large physical size, aluminum electrolytics are not typically used with the LP2981-N. They must meet the same ESR requirements over the operating temperature range, more difficult because of their steep increase at cold temperature.

An aluminum electrolytic can exhibit an ESR increase of as much as 50x when going from 20°C to -40°C. Also, some aluminum electrolytics are not operational below -25°C because the electrolyte can freeze.

8.2.2.3 Reverse Current Path

The internal PNP power transistor used as the pass element in the LP2981-N has an inherent diode connected between the regulator output and input. During normal operation (where the input voltage is higher than the output) this diode is reverse biased (See Figure 34).

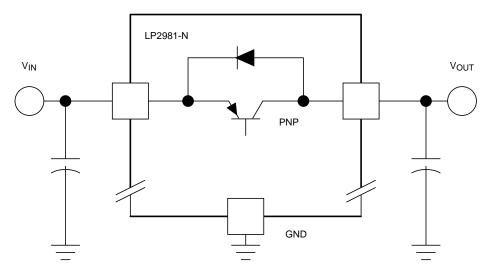


Figure 34. LP2981-N Reverse Current Path

However, if the input voltage is more than a V_{BE} below the output voltage, this diode will turn ON and current will flow into the regulator output. In such cases, a parasitic SCR can latch which will allow a high current to flow into the V_{IN} pin and out the ground pin, which can damage the part.

The internal diode can also be turned on if the input voltage is abruptly stepped down to a voltage which is a V_{BE} below the output voltage.

In any application where the output voltage may be higher than the input voltage, an external Schottky diode must be connected from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} (cathode on V_{IN} , anode on V_{OUT} ; see Figure 35), to limit the reverse voltage across the LP2981-N to 0.3 V (see *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

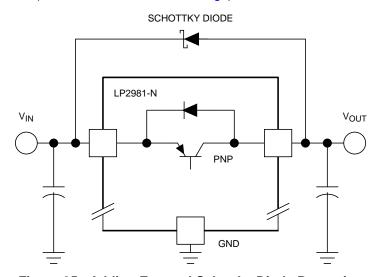


Figure 35. Adding External Schottky Diode Protection

8.2.2.4 ON and OFF Input Operation

The LP2981-N is shut off by pulling the ON/\overline{OFF} input low, and turned on by driving the input high. If this feature is not to be used, the ON/\overline{OFF} input should be tied to V_{IN} to keep the regulator on at all times (the ON/\overline{OFF} input must **not** be left floating).

To ensure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the ON/OFF input must be able to swing above and below the specified turnon/turnoff voltage thresholds which specify an ON or OFF state (see *Electrical Characteristics*).



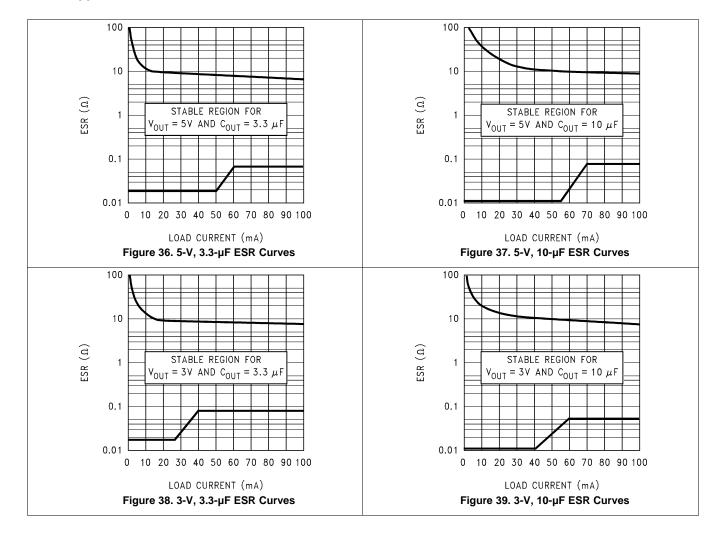
The ON/OFF signal may come from either a totem-pole output, or an open-collector output with pullup resistor to the LP2981-N input voltage or another logic supply. The high-level voltage may exceed the LP2981-N input voltage, but must remain within the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* for the ON/OFF pin.

It is also important that the turnon/turnoff voltage signals applied to the ON/OFF input have a slew rate which is greater than 40 mV/µs.

NOTE

IMPORTANT: The regulator shutdown function will not operate correctly if a slow-moving signal is applied to the ON/OFF input.

8.2.3 Application Curves





9 Power Supply Recommendations

The LP2981-N is designed to operate from an input voltage supply range between 2.1 V and 16 V. The input voltage range provides adequate headroom for the device to have a regulated output. This input supply must be well regulated. If the input supply is noisy, additional input capacitors with low ESR can help improve the output noise performance.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

For best overall performance, place all circuit components on the same side of the circuit board and as near as practical to the respective LDO pin connections. Place ground return connections to the input and output capacitors, and to the LDO ground pin as close to each other as possible, connected by a wide, component-side, copper surface. The use of vias and long traces to create LDO circuit connections is strongly discouraged and negatively affects system performance. This grounding and layout scheme minimizes inductive parasitics, and thereby reduces load-current transients, minimizes noise, and increases circuit stability. A ground reference plane is also recommended and is either embedded in the PCB itself or located on the bottom side of the PCB opposite the components. This reference plane serves to assure accuracy of the output voltage, shield noise, and behaves similar to a thermal plane to spread (or sink) heat from the LDO device. In most applications, this ground plane is necessary to meet thermal requirements.

10.2 Layout Example

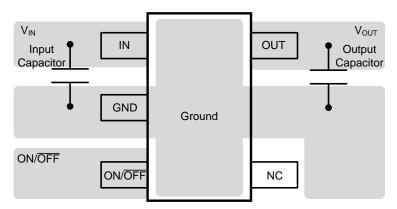


Figure 40. LP2981-N Layout Example



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

TI'S PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION REGARDING THIRD-PARTY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN ENDORSEMENT REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OR A WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, EITHER ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ANY TI PRODUCT OR SERVICE.

11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





10-Sep-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins		Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LP2981AIM5-2.5	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	LOCA	
LP2981AIM5-2.5/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LOCA	Samples
LP2981AIM5-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L05A	Samples
LP2981AIM5-3.3	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L04A	
LP2981AIM5-3.3/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L04A	Samples
LP2981AIM5-3.6	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L0JA	
LP2981AIM5-3.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LOJA	Samples
LP2981AIM5-5.0	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L03A	
LP2981AIM5-5.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L03A	Samples
LP2981AIM5X-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L05A	Samples
LP2981AIM5X-3.3	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L04A	
LP2981AIM5X-3.3/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L04A	Samples
LP2981AIM5X-3.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LOJA	Samples
LP2981AIM5X-5.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L03A	Samples
LP2981IM5-2.5	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L0CB	
LP2981IM5-2.5/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LOCB	Samples
LP2981IM5-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L05B	Samples
LP2981IM5-3.3	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L04B	
LP2981IM5-3.3/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L04B	Samples
LP2981IM5-3.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L0JB	Samples



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Sep-2015

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty		Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LP2981IM5-5.0	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L03B	
LP2981IM5-5.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L03B	Samples
LP2981IM5X-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L05B	Samples
LP2981IM5X-3.3	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L04B	
LP2981IM5X-3.3/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L04B	Samples
LP2981IM5X-3.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L0JB	Samples
LP2981IM5X-5.0	NRND	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	L03B	
LP2981IM5X-5.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	L03B	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Sep-2015

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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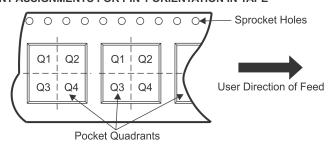
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



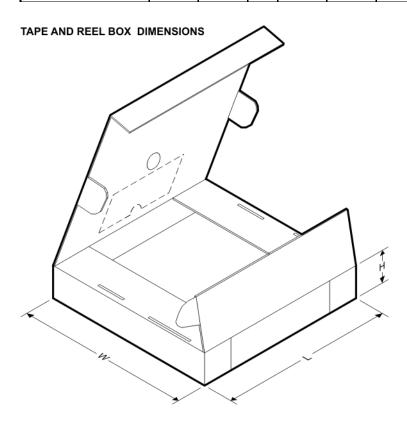
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP2981AIM5-2.5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-2.5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-3.6	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5X-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5X-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5X-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5X-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981AIM5X-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-2.5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-2.5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP2981IM5-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LP2981IM5X-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP2981AIM5-2.5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-2.5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-3.6	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP2981AIM5-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5X-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5X-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5X-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5X-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981AIM5X-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-2.5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-2.5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-3.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-3.3	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-3.3/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-3.6/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-5.0	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LP2981IM5X-5.0/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



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