



AT03789: SAM D10/D11/D20/D21/DA1/R Brown Out Detector (BOD) Driver

APPLICATION NOTE

Introduction

This driver for Atmel[®] | SMART ARM[®]-based microcontrollers provides an interface for the configuration and management of the device's Brown Out Detector (BOD) modules, to detect and respond to under-voltage events and take an appropriate action.

The following peripheral is used by this module:

SYSCTRL (System Control)

The following devices can use this module:

- Atmel | SMART SAM D20/D21
- Atmel | SMART SAM R21
- Atmel | SMART SAM D10/D11
- Atmel | SMART SAM DA1

The outline of this documentation is as follows:

- Prerequisites
- Module Overview
- Special Considerations
- Extra Information
- Examples
- API Overview

Table of Contents

| Int | roduc | tion | | 1 |
|-----|-------------------------|-------------------|---|----|
| 1. | Software License | | | 3 |
| 2. | Prer | Prerequisites | | |
| 3. | Mod | ule Ove | erview | 5 |
| 4. | Spe | cial Cor | nsiderations | 6 |
| 5. | Extra | a Inforn | mation | 7 |
| 6. | Exar | nples | | 8 |
| 7. | API | Overvie | ew | g |
| | 7.1. | Structu 7.1.1. | ure Definitions | |
| | 7.2. | | on Definitions | |
| | 7.3. | 7.2.1. Enume | Configuration and Initializationeration Definitions | 12 |
| | | 7.3.1. | Enum bod | |
| | | 7.3.2. | Enum bod_action | |
| | | 7.3.3. 7.3.4. | Enum bod_mode Enum bod_prescale | |
| o | Evtr | | mation for BOD Driver | |
| Ο. | 8.1. | | /ms | |
| | 8.2. | , | dencies | |
| | 8.3. | • | uericies | |
| | 8.4. | | e History | |
| 9. | Examples for BOD Driver | | 15 | |
| | 9.1. | Quick S | Start Guide for BOD - Basic | 15 |
| | | 9.1.1. | Quick Start | 15 |
| | | 9.1.2. | Use Case | 16 |
| | 9.2. | Applica | ation Use Case for BOD - Application | 16 |
| 10 | . Doc | ument l | Revision History | 17 |



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2. Prerequisites

There are no prerequisites for this module.



3. Module Overview

The SAM devices contain a number of Brown Out Detector (BOD) modules. Each BOD monitors the supply voltage for any dips that go below the set threshold for the module. In case of a BOD detection the BOD will either reset the system or raise a hardware interrupt so that a safe power-down sequence can be attempted.



4. Special Considerations

The time between a BOD interrupt being raised and a failure of the processor to continue executing (in the case of a core power failure) is system specific; care must be taken that all critical BOD detection events can complete within the amount of time available.



5. Extra Information

For extra information, see Extra Information for BOD Driver. This includes:

- Acronyms
- Dependencies
- Errata
- Module History



6. Examples

For a list of examples related to this driver, see Examples for BOD Driver.



7. API Overview

7.1. Structure Definitions

7.1.1. Struct bod_config

Configuration structure for a BOD module.

Table 7-1 Members

| Туре | Name | Description |
|-------------------|----------------|--|
| enum bod_action | action | Action to perform when a low power detection is made |
| bool | hysteresis | If true, enables detection hysteresis |
| uint8_t | level | BOD level to trigger at (see electrical section of device datasheet) |
| enum bod_mode | mode | Sampling configuration mode for the BOD |
| enum bod_prescale | prescaler | Input sampler clock prescaler factor, to reduce the 1KHz clock from the ULP32K to lower the sampling rate of the BOD |
| bool | run_in_standby | If true, the BOD is kept enabled and sampled during device sleep |

7.2. Function Definitions

7.2.1. Configuration and Initialization

7.2.1.1. Function bod_get_config_defaults()

Get default BOD configuration.

The default BOD configuration is:

- Clock prescaler set to divide the input clock by two
- Continuous mode
- Reset on BOD detect
- Hysteresis enabled
- BOD level 0x12
- BOD kept enabled during device sleep

Table 7-2 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|---|
| [out] | conf | BOD configuration struct to set to default settings |



7.2.1.2. Function bod_set_config()

Configure a Brown Out Detector module.

```
enum status_code bod_set_config(
          const enum bod bod_id,
          struct bod_config *const conf)
```

Configures a given BOD module with the settings stored in the given configuration structure.

Table 7-3 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|---|
| [in] | bod_id | BOD module to configure |
| [in] | conf | Configuration settings to use for the specified BOD |

Table 7-4 Return Values

| Return value | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| STATUS_OK | Operation completed successfully |
| STATUS_ERR_INVALID_ARG | An invalid BOD was supplied |
| STATUS_ERR_INVALID_OPTION | The requested BOD level was outside the acceptable range |

7.2.1.3. Function bod_enable()

Enables a configured BOD module.

```
enum status_code bod_enable(
          const enum bod bod_id)
```

Enables the specified BOD module that has been previously configured.

Table 7-5 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| [in] | bod_id | BOD module to enable |

Returns

Error code indicating the status of the enable operation.

Table 7-6 Return Values

| Return value | Description |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| STATUS_OK | If the BOD was successfully enabled |
| STATUS_ERR_INVALID_ARG | An invalid BOD was supplied |



7.2.1.4. Function bod disable()

Disables an enabled BOD module.

```
enum status_code bod_disable(
          const enum bod bod_id)
```

Disables the specified BOD module that was previously enabled.

Table 7-7 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| [in] | bod_id | BOD module to disable |

Returns

Error code indicating the status of the disable operation.

Table 7-8 Return Values

| Return value | Description |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| STATUS_OK | If the BOD was successfully disabled |
| STATUS_ERR_INVALID_ARG | An invalid BOD was supplied |

7.2.1.5. Function bod_is_detected()

Checks if a specified BOD low voltage detection has occurred.

Determines if a specified BOD has detected a voltage lower than its configured threshold.

Table 7-9 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| [in] | bod_id | BOD module to check |

Returns

Detection status of the specified BOD.

Table 7-10 Return Values

| Return value | Description |
|--------------|---|
| true | If the BOD has detected a low voltage condition |
| false | If the BOD has not detected a low voltage condition |

7.2.1.6. Function bod_clear_detected()

Clears the low voltage detection state of a specified BOD.



Clears the low voltage condition of a specified BOD module, so that new low voltage conditions can be detected.

Table 7-11 Parameters

| Data direction | Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| [in] | bod_id | BOD module to clear |

7.3. Enumeration Definitions

7.3.1. Enum bod

List of possible BOD controllers within the device.

Table 7-12 Members

| Enum value | Description |
|------------|----------------------------|
| BOD_BOD33 | BOD33 External I/O voltage |

7.3.2. Enum bod_action

List of possible BOD actions when a BOD module detects a brown out condition.

Table 7-13 Members

| Enum value | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| BOD_ACTION_NONE | A BOD detect will do nothing, and the BOD state can't be polled |
| BOD_ACTION_RESET | A BOD detect will reset the device |
| BOD_ACTION_INTERRUPT | A BOD detect will fire an interrupt |

7.3.3. Enum bod_mode

List of possible BOD module voltage sampling modes.

Table 7-14 Members

| Enum value | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| BOD_MODE_CONTINUOUS | BOD will sample the supply line continuously |
| BOD_MODE_SAMPLED | BOD will use the BOD sampling clock (1KHz) to sample the supply line |

7.3.4. Enum bod_prescale

List of possible BOD controller prescaler values, to reduce the sampling speed of a BOD to lower the power consumption.



Table 7-15 Members

| Enum value | Description | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_2 | Divide input prescaler clock by 2 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_4 | Divide input prescaler clock by 4 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_8 | Divide input prescaler clock by 8 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_16 | Divide input prescaler clock by 16 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_32 | Divide input prescaler clock by 32 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_64 | Divide input prescaler clock by 64 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_128 | Divide input prescaler clock by 128 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_256 | Divide input prescaler clock by 256 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_512 | Divide input prescaler clock by 512 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_1024 | Divide input prescaler clock by 1024 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_2048 | Divide input prescaler clock by 2048 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_4096 | Divide input prescaler clock by 4096 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_8192 | Divide input prescaler clock by 8192 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_16384 | Divide input prescaler clock by 16384 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_32768 | Divide input prescaler clock by 32768 | |
| BOD_PRESCALE_DIV_65536 | Divide input prescaler clock by 65536 | |



8. Extra Information for BOD Driver

8.1. Acronyms

Below is a table listing the acronyms used in this module, along with their intended meanings.

| Acronym | Definition |
|---------|--------------------|
| BOD | Brown Out Detector |

8.2. Dependencies

This driver has the following dependencies:

None

8.3. Errata

There are no errata related to this driver.

8.4. Module History

An overview of the module history is presented in the table below, with details on the enhancements and fixes made to the module since its first release. The current version of this corresponds to the newest version in the table.

| Changelog | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Removed BOD12 reference | |
| Initial Release | |



9. Examples for BOD Driver

This is a list of the available Quick Start guides (QSGs) and example applications for SAM Brown Out Detector (BOD) Driver. QSGs are simple examples with step-by-step instructions to configure and use this driver in a selection of use cases. Note that QSGs can be compiled as a standalone application or be added to the user application.

- · Quick Start Guide for BOD Basic
- Application Use Case for BOD Application

9.1. Quick Start Guide for BOD - Basic

In this use case, the BOD33 will be configured with the following settings:

- Continuous sampling mode
- Prescaler setting of two
- Reset action on low voltage detect

9.1.1. Quick Start

9.1.1.1. Prerequisites

There are no special setup requirements for this use-case.

9.1.1.2. Code

Copy-paste the following setup code to your user application:

```
static void configure_bod33(void)
{
    struct bod_config config_bod33;
    bod_get_config_defaults(&config_bod33);

    bod_set_config(BOD_BOD33, &config_bod33);

    bod_enable(BOD_BOD33);
}
```

Add to user application initialization (typically the start of main()):

```
configure_bod33();
```

9.1.1.3. Workflow

 Create a BOD module configuration struct, which can be filled out to adjust the configuration of a physical BOD peripheral.

```
struct bod_config config_bod33;
```

2. Initialize the BOD configuration struct with the module's default values.

```
bod_get_config_defaults(&config_bod33);
```

Note: This should always be performed before using the configuration struct to ensure that all values are initialized to known default settings.

3. Configure the BOD module with the desired settings.

```
bod_set_config(BOD_BOD33, &config_bod33);
```



4. Enable the BOD module so that it will monitor the power supply voltage.

```
bod_enable(BOD_BOD33);
```

9.1.2. Use Case

9.1.2.1. Code

Copy-paste the following code to your user application:

```
while (true) {
   /* Infinite loop */
}
```

9.1.2.2. Workflow

1. Enter an infinite loop so that the BOD can continue to monitor the supply voltage level.

```
while (true) {
   /* Infinite loop */
}
```

9.2. Application Use Case for BOD - Application

The preferred method of setting BOD33 levels and settings is through the fuses. When it is desirable to set it in software, see the below use case.

In this use case, a new BOD33 level might be set in SW if the clock settings are adjusted up after a battery has charged to a higher level. When the battery discharges, the chip will reset when the battery level is below SW BOD33 level. Now the chip will run at a lower clock rate and the BOD33 level from fuse. The chip should always measure the voltage before adjusting the frequency up.



10. Document Revision History

| Doc. Rev. | Date | Comments |
|-----------|---------|--|
| 42149E | 12/2015 | Added support for SAM DA1 |
| 42149D | 12/2014 | Added support for SAM R21, and SAM D10/D11 |
| 42149C | 01/2014 | Added support for SAM D21 |
| 42149B | 06/2013 | Corrected documentation typos |
| 42149A | 06/2013 | Initial release |







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