

AVR125: ADC of tinyAVR® in Single Ended Mode

Introduction

Microchip tinyAVR® devices have a successive approximation Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) capable of conversion rates up to 15 ksps with a resolution of 10 bits. It features a flexible multiplexer, which allows the ADC to measure the voltage at multiple single ended inputs and at internal channels from the device. Single ended input channels are referred to ground.

This application note describes the basic functionality of the ADC in Microchip tinyAVR devices in single ended mode with code examples on Microchip ATtiny88 to get started. The code examples are written using assembly and C language by using Atmel Studio 7. The code is available in Atmel START.

Note: For specific details about features and functionality of ADC modules, refer to the specific device data sheet.

Features

- Up to 10 bits resolution
- Up to 15 ksps
- Auto triggered and single conversion mode
- Optional left adjustment for ADC result readout
- Driver source code included for:
 - ATtiny88 ADC in single conversion mode
 - ATtiny88 ADC in free running mode
 - ATtiny88 ADC for temperature measurement
 - ATtiny88 ADC for bandgap measurement

Application Note

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1. Module Overview

This chapter provides an overview of the functionality and basic configuration options of the ADC. ATtiny88 describes the basic steps to configure and run the ADC module with register description details.

1.1 ADC Operation

To make use of the ADC, the Power Reduction ADC bit in the Power Reduction register (PRR.PRADC) must be written to '0'. The ADC module must be disabled before PRR.PRADC can be written to '0'. The ADC module converts the analog input voltage to a 10-bit digital value. The minimum value represents GND and the maximum value denotes the reference voltage used. The reference voltage is chosen by the Reference Selection bit group in the ADC Multiplexer Selection register (ADMUX.REFS).

The analog input channel for conversion is selected by writing the appropriate value to the Analog Channel Selection bit group in ADMUX (ADMUX.MUX). This includes the ADC input pins along with internal voltage from the temperature sensor, GND, and the fixed bandgap reference voltage. To enable the ADC, the ADC Enable bit in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSR.ADEN) must be written to '1'. The channels selected for conversion will not go into effect until ADCSR.ADEN is written to '1'. Before entering Sleep mode, the ADC module can be disabled by writing ADCSR.ADEN to '0'. This reduces the power consumption caused by ADC.

Note: Refer to the device data sheet for details on voltage references and input channels available for the different tinyAVR devices.

The 10-bit digital value after conversion is stored in ADCH and ADCL. ADCH holds the higher byte and ADCL holds the lower byte. Optionally, left adjustment of the result can be done by setting the ADLAR bit in the ADMUX register if necessary. If ADLAR is enabled and the application needs only 8-bit accuracy then ADCH alone can be read. Otherwise, ADCL must be read first followed by ADCH, to ensure that the content of the Data Registers belongs to the same conversion. Access to ADC is blocked once ADCL is read. It is re-enabled only after ADCH is read.

The ADC module has one interrupt, which is triggered once a conversion is complete. If an interrupt occurs between reading ADCL and ADCH, it will get triggered and the result will be lost.

The figure below shows the block diagram of the ADC in the devices.

Note: Dependent on the feature set of the different devices, there might be some variations to the block diagram. Refer to the device data sheet for further information.

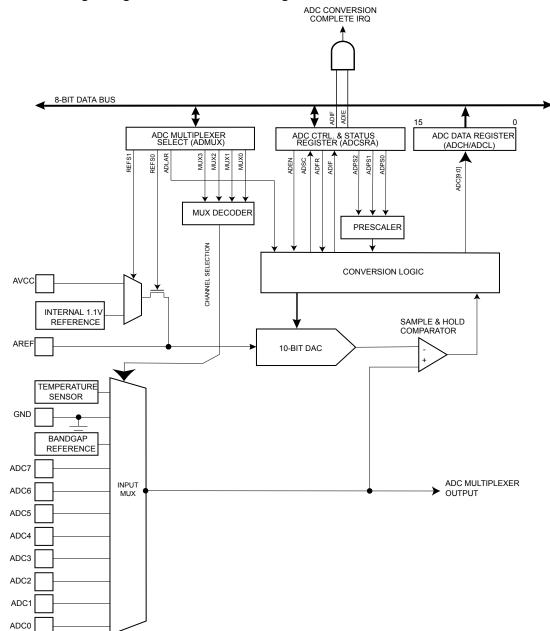


Figure 1-1. Analog to Digital Converter Block Diagram

1.2 **Input Source**

The input sources for the ADC are the analog voltage inputs that the ADC can measure and convert. Two types of measurements can be selected:

- Single-ended input
- Internal input

Note: Internal input is not applicable for tinyAVR devices. Refer to the device data sheet for further details.

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1.2.1 Single-Ended Input

For single-ended measurements all analog input pins can be used as inputs. All single-ended channels are referred to GND. The analog input voltages cannot be higher than the reference voltage selected for ADC.

1.2.2 Internal Inputs

Two internal analog signals can be selected as input and measured by the ADC:

- Temperature sensor
- Bandgap voltage

The voltage output from an internal temperature reference can be measured with the ADC, and the voltage output will give an ADC result presenting the current temperature in the microcontroller.

The bandgap voltage is an accurate voltage reference inside the microcontroller that is the source for other internal voltage references.

1.3 Starting a Conversion

In single conversion mode, for starting a conversion, the ADC Start Conversion bit in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSRA.ADSC) must be written to '1'. This bit remains set until the conversion is completed. Once the conversion is completed the hardware will clear ADCSRA.ADSC.

In the auto triggered mode, the conversion is automatically triggered by various sources. To enable auto triggering, the ADC Auto Trigger Enable bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADATE) must be written to '1'. The trigger source is selected by writing the ADC Trigger Select bit group in the ADC Control and Status B register (ADCSRB.ADTS) accordingly. The auto triggering mode provides a method of starting conversions at fixed intervals, which are configurable, based on the trigger source.

The ADC Interrupt Flag bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADIF) will be set even if the specific interrupt or global interrupts are disabled. Thus a conversion can be triggered using ADCSRA.ADIF without causing an interrupt. Then the ADC operates in a free-running mode, in which the next conversion is triggered once the previous conversion completes and sets ADCSRA.ADIF.

Note: In the auto triggered mode, ADCSRA.ADIF must be manually cleared for the next event to generate an interrupt. For free-running mode, the ADC will perform successive conversions independent of whether ADCSRA.ADIF is cleared or not. The first conversion must be started by writing ADCSRA.ADSC to '1'.

1.4 ADC Clock and Conversion Timing

The ADC can prescale the system clock to provide an ADC clock that is between 50 kHz and 200 kHz to get maximum resolution. If an ADC resolution less than 10 bits is required, the ADC clock frequency can be higher than 200 kHz, but it is not recommended to use an ADC clock with a frequency higher than 1 MHz. At 1 MHz we can expect maximum 8 bits of resolution.

The prescaler value is selected by writing the ADC Prescaler Select bit group in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSRA.ADPS) accordingly. When initiating a single-ended conversion by writing the ADC Start Conversion bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADSC), the conversion starts at the following rising edge of the ADC clock cycle.

The timing for ADC clock and conversion varies slightly for ATtiny88.

ATtiny88:

- 1. If an ADC resolution less than 10 bits is required, then the ADC clock frequency can be higher than 200 kHz.
- 2. A normal conversion takes 13 ADC clock cycles. The first conversion after the ADC is switched on (ADEN in ADCSRA is set) takes 25 ADC clock cycles in order to initialize the analog circuitry.

1.5 Changing Channel or Reference Selection

The Analog Channel Selection and Reference Selection bit groups in the ADC Multiplexer Selection register (ADMUX.MUX and ADMUX.REFS) are buffered through a temporary register to which the CPU has random access.

If auto trigger mode is used, then ADMUX can be safely updated:

- when the ADC Auto Trigger bit or ADC Enable bit in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSRA.ADATE or ADCSRA.ADEN) is cleared
- or, during conversion, minimum one ADC clock cycle after the trigger event
- or, after a conversion, before the ADC Interrupt Flag bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADIF) used as trigger source is cleared

By doing this, the new settings will affect the next ADC conversion.

In single conversion mode, the channel must be selected before starting the conversion. It is recommended to wait until the conversion completes before changing the channel, which will take effect one clock cycle after writing the ADC Start Conversion bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADSC) to '1'.

In free-running mode, the channel must be selected before starting the conversion. However, it is recommended to wait until the first conversion is completed before changing the channel, which will take effect one clock cycle after writing the ADC Start Conversion bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADSC) to '1'. But, since the next conversion has already started automatically, the changes will be reflected in the next following conversion.

1.6 ADC Noise Canceler

The ADC of the tinyAVR has a noise canceler that enables conversion during sleep mode, which reduces the noise induced from the CPU core and other peripherals. This feature is available in the ADC Noise Reduction and Idle mode. To use this feature:

- Ensure that ADC is enabled and not busy converting. Single conversion mode must be selected and the ADC conversion complete interrupt must be enabled.
- Enter ADC noise reduction or idle mode. The ADC will start a conversion once the CPU has been halted.
- If no other interrupts occur before the ADC conversion completes, the ADC interrupt will wake-up
 the CPU and execute the ADC conversion complete interrupt routine. If another interrupt wakes up
 the CPU before the ADC conversion is complete, that interrupt will be executed, and an ADC
 conversion complete interrupt request will be generated when the ADC conversion completes. The
 CPU will remain in active mode until a new sleep command is executed.

1.7 Conversion Result

Once the ADC completes a conversion, the ADC Interrupt Flag bit in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSRA.ADIF) will be set to '1' and the 10-bit result will be available in the ADCH and ADCL registers.

For single conversion, the result is:

$$ADC = \frac{V_{IN}.1024}{V_{REF}}$$

where V_{IN} represents the analog input voltage and V_{REF} represents the selected reference voltage. '0x000' represents GND and '0x3FF' represents the selected reference voltage minus one LSB.

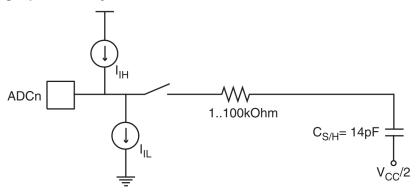
1.8 **Analog Input Circuitry**

The analog input circuitry for single-ended channels is shown in the figure below. An analog source applied to the ADC input pin is subjected to pin capacitance and input leakage of that pin, even if it is not selected as input for the ADC. When a particular channel is selected, it should drive the sample and hold (S/H) capacitor through the series resistance, which is the combined resistance of the input path.

The ADC module is optimized for analog signals with an output impedance of 10 k Ω or less. It is important to ensure that the source impedance is either 10 k Ω or less because the sampling time will be negligible for such a source.

If the source impedance is higher than 10 k Ω then the time to charge the capacitor will increase and the result will not be accurate. For example, if the voltage divider used at the ADC uses a resistor network, make sure that the source impedance is less than 10 k Ω . Low impedance must be used for slowly varying signals since this minimizes the time for charge transfer. Frequency components higher than the Nyquist frequency (f_{ADC/2}) must be removed with a low-pass filter, in order to avoid distortion from unpredictable signal convolution. Refer to the device data sheet for impedance value.

Figure 1-2. Analog Input Circuitry



1.9 **Best Practices for Improving ADC Performance**

The performance of an ADC depends on the quality of the input signals and power supplies. The following points should be taken into consideration for improving the accuracy of ADC measurements: Note: Some points mentioned below might not be applicable for all tinyAVRs based on their feature set. Refer to the device data sheet for further information.

- Understand the ADC, its features, and how they are intended to be used
- Understand the application requirements
- Ensure that the source impedance is not too high compared to the sampling rate used. If the source impedance is too high, the internal sampling capacitor will not be charged to the correct level and the result will be inaccurate.

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- It is important to take great care of the analog signal paths like analog reference (VREF) and
 analog power supply (AVCC). Use filtering if the analog power supply is connected to a digital
 power supply. That is, the AVCC pin on the device should be connected to the digital supply pin
 (VCC) via an LC network. For more information about this LC network, refer to the respective
 device data sheet.
- Keep analog signal paths as short as possible. It is also important that the impedance of the PCB tracks is not too high, as it will result in a longer charging period for the sample/hold capacitor of the ADC.
- Ensure that the analog tracks run over the analog ground plane
- Avoid having the analog signal path close to digital signal paths with high switching noise, such as communication lines and clock signals
- Consider decoupling of the analog signal between signal input and ground for single-ended inputs
- Avoid toggling of port pins while the ADC conversion is in progress in order to prevent the switching noise affecting the accuracy. The ADC is most sensitive to switching of the I/O pins powered by AVCC (PORTC).
- Disable digital input on the corresponding ADC channel to minimize the power consumption
- Switch off all unused peripherals by writing the corresponding bit in the Power Reduction register (PRR) to '1'
- Use the ADC noise reduction mode to get more accurate results
- Wait until the ADC, reference, or sources are stabilized before sampling, as some sources (for example, bandgap) need time to stabilize after they are enabled
- Before triggering an ADC conversion, wait until the ADC completes any ongoing conversions. Ensure that enough time is given for the reference and input source to be stabilized. For example, the bandgap voltage needs a certain amount of time to stabilize when it is selected as ADC input.
- Apply offset and gain calibration to the measurement
- Use oversampling to increase resolution and eliminate random noise
- AVCC must not differ more than ±0.3V from VCC
- The reference voltage can be made more immune to noise by connecting a capacitor between the AREF pin and ground
- For differential signals, the decoupling has to be between the positive and negative inputs. The
 decoupling capacitor value depends on the input signal. If the signals are switching fast, the
 decoupling capacitor must be lower.
- Whenever the input MUX setting or reference voltage selection is modified, it is recommended to discard the first conversion result
- When switching to a differential channel (with gain settings), the first conversion result may have a poor accuracy due to the required settling time for the automatic offset cancellation circuitry. Thus, it is better to discard the first sample result.
- Linear interpolation methods such as one-point (offset) calibration and two-points (offset and gain) calibration method can be used based on the application's needs

2. **Getting Started**

This chapter walks you through the basic steps for getting started with simple ADC conversion and experimenting with its MUX settings. The necessary registers are described along with relevant bit settings.

Note: This section covers only manual polling of status bits.

2.1 ATtiny88

This section walks you through the basic steps for getting up and running with simple conversion and experimenting with MUX settings for ATtiny88 devices. The necessary registers are described along with relevant bit settings.

General Instructions to Test the Code on STK600

- Place the ATtiny88 device onto the STK®600 using the specific routing card and/or socket card
- Try accessing the device from the menu Tools → Device Programming in Atmel Studio
- The voltage from AREF1 can be used as input to the ADC. Adjust the AREF1 voltage via the menu Tools \rightarrow Device Programming \rightarrow Board settings in Atmel Studio.
- Connect AREF1 on the STK600 to the ADC input channel ADC0 (PC0) used in the examples
- On the STK600, connect PB0 to LED0. Also, connect PB1 to LED1. These pins are used in the following examples to give visual indication. Also connect PB5 to the SW0 switch.

2.1.1 **Single Conversion Mode**

Task: Single Conversion on ADC channel 0.

In this program, the ADC module is initialized with a single conversion in the adc single conversion() routine. The adc single conversion() routine has to be called whenever the application needs an ADC conversion.

- 1. Set the MUX bit fields (MUX3:0) in the ADC's MUX register (ADMUX) equal to 0000 to select ADC Channel 0.
- Set the Voltage Reference bit fields (REFS1:0) in ADMUX equal to 00 to select Internal 1.1V reference.
- 3. Set the ADC Enable bit (ADEN) in ADC Control and Status Register A (ADCSRA) to enable the ADC module.
- 4. Set the ADC Pre-scalar bit fields (ADPS2:0) in ADCSRA equal to 100 to prescale the system clock by 16.
- 5. Set the Start Conversion bit (ADSC) in ADCSRA to start a single conversion.
- 6. Poll (wait) for the Interrupt Flag (ADIF) bit in the ADCSRA register to be set, indicating that the conversion is completed.
- 7. After the ADIF bit becomes high, read the ADC data register pair (ADCL/ADCH) to get the 10-bit ADC result.

2.1.1.1 **Test Steps**

- 1. Build the project and load the hex file into the device.
- Make the arrangements on STK600 as described in the beginning of the section.
- 3. Adjust the voltage applied to PC0 and check whether the LED indication is updated depending on the voltage.

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4. If the voltage on PC0 is higher than ~0.5V, the LED0 connected to PB0 will remain OFF. Otherwise the LED0 remains ON. The LED1 connected to PB1 is always twinkling, indicating the project is running.

2.1.2 Free Running mode

Task: Free running conversion on ADC channel 0. Use of conversion complete interrupt.

In this program, the ADC module is initialized and runs in free running mode in the adc_free_run_mode() routine. As the ADC conversion complete interrupt is enabled, the Interrupt Service Routine for this interrupt will be triggered as soon as a conversion is completed. In Free Running mode, a new conversion will be started immediately after a conversion completes. The ADSC bit remains high during a conversion. The time between two consecutive ADC samples depends on the ADC conversion time.

- 1. Select ADC channel 0 by writing the Analog Channel Selection bit group in the ADC Multiplexer Selection register (ADMUX.MUX) to '0b0000'.
- 2. Select internal reference to 1.1V by writing the Reference Selection bit in ADMUX (ADMUX.REFS0) to '0'.
- 3. Enable the ADC module by writing the ADC Enable bit in the ADC Control and Status A register (ADCSRA.ADEN) to '1'.
- 4. Select system clock prescaling to 16 by writing the ADC Prescaler Select bit group in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADPS) to '0b100'.
- 5. Enable auto triggering by writing the ADC Auto Trigger Enable bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADATE) to '1'.
- 6. Enable free running mode by writing the ADC Auto Trigger Source bit group in the ADC Control and Status B register (ADCSRB.ADTS) to '0b000'.
- 7. Start the first conversion by writing the ADC Start Conversion bit in ADCSRA (ADCSRA.ADSC) to
- 8. Optionally, wait for the Interrupt Flag bit in the ADCSRA register to be set, indicating that a new conversion is finished.
- 9. After the conversion is over (ADIF bit becomes high) the CPU executes the ADC interrupt service routine where the ADC data register pair (ADCL/ADCH) is read to get the 10-bit ADC result.

Note: It is not necessary to wait for the interrupt flag when using free-running mode. However, to make sure of a fresh conversion, wait for the flag to set, clear it and then read the result.

Test Steps

Refer to Test Steps.

2.1.3 Temperature Measurement

Task: Compare the measured temperature from Internal Temperature Sensor (ADC8) with temperature vs. sensor output voltage defined in Table Temperature vs. Sensor Output Voltage (Typical Case) of the ATtiny88 datasheet.

This can be done either in single conversion mode, or free running mode if a continuous temperature monitoring is required.

The steps to be followed are the same as mentioned in Single Conversion Mode and Free Running mode, with one exception:

 Select ADC channel 8 by writing the Analog Channel Selection bit group in the ADC Multiplexer Selection register (ADMUX.MUX) to '0b1000'

Test Steps

- 1. Build the project and load the hex file into the device.
- 2. Make the arrangements on STK600 as described in the beginning of the section.
- 3. Compare the measured temperature from the internal temperature sensor, with temperature vs. sensor output voltage defined in Table 17-2 of the data sheet.
- 4. If the measured temperature from the internal temperature sensor is less than the temperature vs. sensor output voltage defined in Table 17-2, the LED0 connected to PB0 will be ON, otherwise OFF. LED1 connected to PB1 is always twinkling, indicating the project is running.

2.1.4 **Bandgap Measurement**

Task: Measure bandgap reference from Internal bandgap reference channel

In this program the initialize () routine is used to initialize the ADC module, and the SetREF2VCC() is used to configure Voltage Reference to V_{CC} . MeasureGND() and MeasureCurrentBGsingle() respectively, are used to do dummy GND measurement and to measure the internal bandgap reference voltage.

- 1. Initialize the ADC module as mentioned in Temperature Measurement.
- 2. Set the Voltage Reference bit fields (REFS1:0) in ADMUX equal to 01 to select AVCC as ADC voltage reference.
- 3. Set the ADC Interrupt Enable bit (ADIE) in ADCSRA equal to 1 to enable the ADC interrupt.
- 4. If the switch connected to PB5 is pressed, configure the ADC to measure GND by setting MUX bit fields (MUX3:0) equal to 1111. This is done to discharge the capacitor of ADC.
- 5. While measuring the ground the ADC interrupt and auto trigger (free running) mode are disabled.
- 6. Set the Start Conversion bit (ADSC) in ADCSRA to start the conversion.
- 7. After the conversion is done (ADIF bit becomes high), read the ADC data register pair (ADCL/ ADCH) to get the 10-bit ADC result value.
- 8. Configure the MUX bit field (MUX3:0) equal to 1110 to select the bandgap reference voltage as ADC input. It should be measured after a 70 µs delay, because of the start-up time for the Bandgap reference.
- 9. Polling method is used for checking conversion complete. Auto triggering mode is disabled.
- 10. Set the Start Conversion bit (ADSC) in ADCSRA to start the conversion.
- 11. After ADIF bit becomes high, read the ADC data register pair (ADCL/ADCH) to get the 10-bit ADC result.

Test Steps

- 1. Connect PB5 to switch SW0 on STK600.
- 2. Open the project in Atmel Studio 7. Press Alt+F5 to start debugging.
- 3. If debugWIRE is not already enabled, Atmel Studio will prompt to enable debugWIRE.
- 4. After it goes to debug mode, set a breakpoint at the end of the measure bandgap function.
- 5. Run the code, press switch SW0, and shortly release it.
- 6. At this point, the execution will hit the breakpoint set inside the measure bandgap function.
- 7. Add the bg val variable to watch window to see the ADC reading. The ADC result register can also be checked via the I/O view (using the menu **Debug** \rightarrow **Windows** \rightarrow **I/O**).

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3. Get Source Code from Atmel | START

The example code is available through Atmel | START, which is a web-based tool that enables configuration of application code through a Graphical User Interface (GUI). The code can be downloaded for both Atmel Studio 7.0 and IAR Embedded Workbench[®] via the direct example code-link(s) below, or the *BROWSE EXAMPLES* button on the Atmel | START front page.

Atmel | START web page: http://start.atmel.com/

Example Code

- AVR125 ADC ATtiny88 single conversion mode:
 - http://start.atmel.com/#example/Atmel%3Aavr125_adc_tiny88%3A1.0.0%3A%3AApplication %3AAVR125 ADC tiny88 single conversion mode%3A
- AVR125 ADC ATtiny88 free run mode:
 - http://start.atmel.com/#example/Atmel%3Aavr125_adc_tiny88%3A1.0.0%3A%3AApplication %3AAVR125 ADC tiny88 free run mode%3A
- AVR125 ADC ATtiny88 bandgap measure:
 - http://start.atmel.com/#example/Atmel%3Aavr125_adc_tiny88%3A1.0.0%3A%3AApplication %3AAVR125_ADC_tiny88_bandgap_measure%3A
- AVR125 ADC ATtiny88 temperature measure:
 - http://start.atmel.com/#example/Atmel%3Aavr125_adc_tiny88%3A1.0.0%3A%3AApplication %3AAVR125_ADC_tiny88_temperature_measure%3A

Press *User guide* in Atmel | START for details and information about example projects. The *User guide* button can be found in the example browser, and by clicking the project name in the dashboard view within the Atmel | START project configurator.

Atmel Studio

Download the code as an .atzip file for Atmel Studio from the example browser in Atmel | START, by clicking *DOWNLOAD SELECTED EXAMPLE*. To download the file from within Atmel | START, click *EXPORT PROJECT* followed by *DOWNLOAD PACK*.

Double-click the downloaded .atzip file and the project will be imported to Atmel Studio 7.0.

IAR Embedded Workbench

For information on how to import the project in IAR Embedded Workbench, open the Atmel | START User guide, select *Using Atmel Start Output in External Tools*, and *IAR Embedded Workbench*. A link to the Atmel | START user guide can be found by clicking *About* from the Atmel | START front page or *Help And Support* within the project configurator, both located in the upper right corner of the page.

4. Recommended Reading

- AVR042: AVR Hardware Design Considerations This application note covers most of the problems encountered with power supply design and other physical design problems
- AVR121: Enhancing ADC resolution by oversampling This application note explains the method
 called "Oversampling and Decimation" and which conditions need to be fulfilled to make this
 method work properly to achieve a higher resolution without using an external ADC
- AVR122: Calibration of the tinyAVR's internal temperature reference This application note
 describes how to calibrate and compensate the temperature measurements from the
 ATtiny25/45/85. It can also be used on other Microchip AVR® microcontrollers with internal
 temperature sensors.
- ATTINY104-XNANO The ATTINY104-XNANO Xplained Nano evaluation kit is a hardware platform for evaluating ATtiny102/ATtiny104 microcontrollers.

5. Revision History

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
A	08/2017	Converted to Microchip format and replaced the Atmel document number 8352B.
		Code released through Atmel START.
		Update the SDL after adding in rephrased code in Atmel START.
		SDL cleaned-up.
		ATtiny104 not supported yet by Atmel START and is skipped to add code in Atmel START.
8352B	06/2016	Updated to include ATtiny104 device.
8352A	01/2012	Initial document release.

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- Technical Support

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Technical support is available through the web site at: http://www.microchip.com/support

Microchip Devices Code Protection Feature

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- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.

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