

# Precision LVDS 2:1 Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout Buffer and Internal Termination

### SY89474U Evaluation Board

# **General Description**

The SY89474U evaluation board is designed for convenient setup and quick evaluation of the SY89474U. The board is optimized to interface directly to a  $50\Omega$  oscilloscope.

For best AC performance, the board is configured in AC-coupled In and AC-coupled Out configuration. For applications that require a DC-coupled configuration, step-by-step instructions for modifying the board are included.

All data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: <a href="https://www.micrel.com">www.micrel.com</a>.

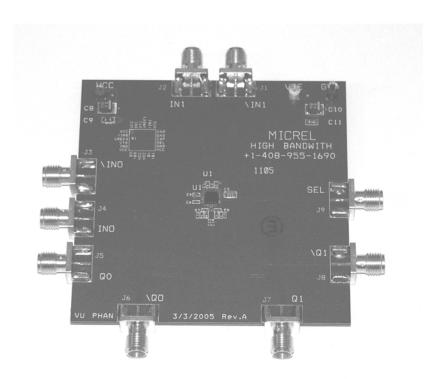
### **Features**

- +2.5V power supply
- AC-coupled configuration for ease-of-use
- I/O interface includes on-board termination
- · Fully assembled and tested
- Can be reconfigured for DC-coupled operation

### **Related Documentation**

 SY89474U, Precision LVDS 2:1 Multiplexer with 1:2 Fanout Buffer and Internal Termination Data Sheet

### **Evaluation Board**



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Micrel, Inc. SY89474U Evaluation Board

# **Evaluation Board Description**

The default configuration for the SY89474U board is AC-coupled. The choice between AC-coupled and DC-coupled configurations offers the user flexibility for specific applications.

### **AC-Coupled Evaluation Board**

AC-coupled configuration is the default set-up for this evaluation board. AC-coupled I/O directly interfaces to a  $50\Omega$  (to GND) scope, and allows the evaluation board to run from a single supply.

The DC-bias levels and AC-coupling capacitors are supplied on-board for each input, making it unnecessary to vary the offset voltage or change any components on the board as the power supply voltage varies over the +2.5V ±5% operating range. The user needs only to supply a minimum input voltage swing and the bias voltage will automatically adjust the input to the correct level as the power supply voltage varies.

### **DC-Coupled Evaluation Board**

For applications that are not suited to AC-coupling, such as clock that can be turned off for extended periods of time, the board can be user-configured for DC-coupled operation.

### SY89474U

DC-coupled operation is be accomplished by modifying the board to use two power supplies in a split-supply configuration. In order to correctly interface LVDS to a  $50\Omega$  (to ground) scope,  $V_{\text{CC}}$  must be  $V_{\text{OCM}}$  above the GND level. Therefore, a 2.5V supply will be split into +1.2V and –1.3V to ensure proper  $V_{\text{CC}}$  to  $V_{\text{EE}}$  voltage difference.

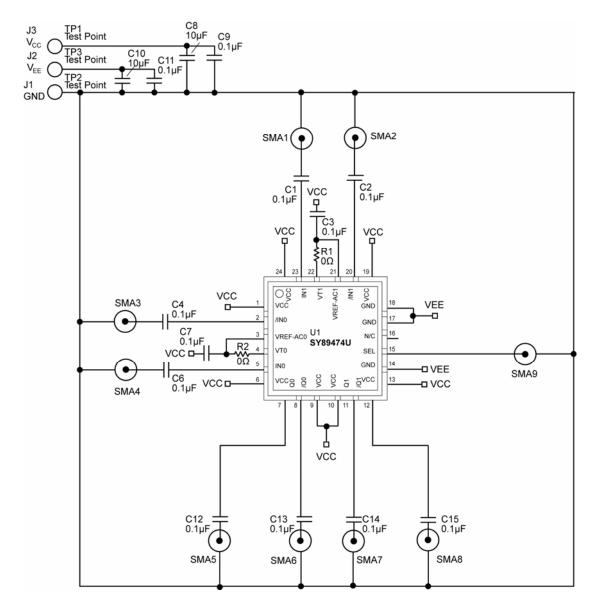
### **Any-Input Interface**

The unique internal input termination sets the input common mode voltage. This enables the input to interface with any differential signal over the supply voltage without modifying the board.

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Micrel, Inc. SY89474U Evaluation Board

# **Evaluation Board**

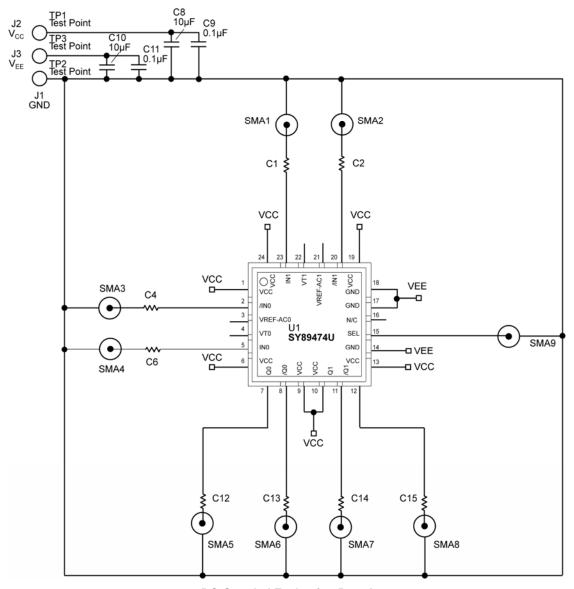


SY89474U AC-Coupled Evaluation Board

I/O	Power Supply	V <sub>cc</sub>	GND	V <sub>EE</sub>
AC-Coupled Input/AC-Coupled Output	2.5V	+2.5V	0V	0V

Table 1. SY89474U AC-Coupled Evaluation Board Power Supply Connections

# **Evaluation Board**



**DC-Coupled Evaluation Board** 

### Note:

When reconfiguring an AC-coupled board into a DC-coupled board, replace capacitors C1, C2, C4, C6, C12, C13, C14, and C15 with a  $0\Omega$ resistor.

I/O	Power Supply	V <sub>cc</sub>	GND	V <sub>EE</sub>
SY89474U DC-Coupled Input/DC-Coupled Output	2.5V	+1.2V	0V	-1.3V

**Table 2. DC-Coupled Evaluation Board Power Supply Connections** 

# **AC-Coupled Evaluation Board Setup**

# Setting up the SY89474U AC-Coupled Evaluation Board

The following steps describe the procedure for setting up the evaluation board:

- 1. Set the voltage setting for a DC supply to either 2.5V and turn off the supply.
- Connect the GND and V<sub>EE</sub> terminal to the negative side of a DC power supply. This is the 0V ground potential.
- Connect the V<sub>CC</sub> terminal to the positive side of the DC power supply.
- 4. Turn on the power supply and verify the power supply current is <160mA.
- 5. Turn off the power supply.
- 6. Using a differential signal source, set the amplitude of each side of the differential pair to be 400mV (800mV measured differentially). Set the offset to be a positive value, the value of this offset is not critical, as the AC-coupled inputs will be automatically biased to the correct offset. Turn off, or disable, the outputs of the signal source.

- 7. Using equal length  $50\Omega$  impedance coaxial cables, connect the signal source to the inputs on the evaluation board (SMA1 and SMA2 or SMA3 and SMA4).
- 8. Using equal length  $50\Omega$  impedance coaxial cables, connect the outputs of the evaluation board (SMA5 and SMA6 or SMA7 and SMA8) to the oscilloscope or other measurement device that has an internal  $50\Omega$  termination. Any of these four outputs that are not connected to a scope or other instrument should be terminated with a  $50\Omega$ -to-ground at the SMA on the board.
- Turn on the power supply and verify the current is <200mA.</li>
- 10. Enable the signal source and monitor the outputs.

# Modifying AC-Coupled Outputs for DC-**Coupled Operation**

### When DC-Coupling is Necessary

For applications where AC-coupling is not appropriate. the board can be reconfigured for DC-coupled operation. An example where DC-coupling is required is if the input data or clock can be disabled. This would result in a DC-signal at the inputs and the on-board biasing resistors (R1 and R2) would apply the same level to both the true and complement inputs. Since these inputs are differential, this would result in an intermediate non-differential state at the inputs and the outputs would be in an indeterminate condition. Reconfiguring the board for DC-coupled operation, and using two power supplies, can avoid this condition.

### Reconfiguring an AC-Coupled Board into a DC-**Coupled Board**

### SY89474U

The following procedure details the steps for converting an AC-coupled board to a DC-coupled board:

- Remove resistors R1-R2.
- 2. Remove capacitors C3 and C7.
- 3. Replace capacitors C1, C2, C4, C6, C12, C13, C14 and C15 with  $0\Omega$  resistors.

# **Setting up the DC-Coupled Evaluation Board** SY89474U

The following steps describe the procedure for setting up the DC-Coupled evaluation board:

- 1. Set the voltage for DC supply number 1 to be 1.2V and connect it to J1 ( $V_{CC}$ ).
- 2. Set the voltage for DC supply number 2 to be -1.3V and connect it to J3 (V<sub>EE</sub>).
- 3. Connect the negative side of power supply 1 to the positive side of power supply 2. This is the 0V ground potential for the board.

- 4. Turn off the power supplies and connect the GND terminal on the board, J2, to the negative side of a DC power supply 1 and the positive side of DC power supply 2.
- 5. Turn on the power supply and verify that the power supply current is <160mA. Using a voltmeter.
- 6. Turn off the power supply.
- 7. Disable the outputs of the differential signal source and set the  $V_{OH}$  = 350mV and the  $V_{OL}$  = 0V.
- 8. Using equal length  $50\Omega$  impedance coaxial cables, connect the outputs of the evaluation board (SMA5 and SMA6 or SMA7 and SMA8) to the oscilloscope or other measurement device that has an internal  $50\Omega$  termination. Any of these four outputs that are not connected to a scope or other instrument should be terminated with a  $50\Omega$  termination-to-ground at the SMA on the board.
- 9. Turn on the power and verify the current is <200mA.
- 10. Enable the signal source and monitor the outputs.

# **Evaluation Board Layout**

### **PC Board Layout**

The evaluation board is constructed with Rogers 4003 material, coplanar in design, fabricated to minimize noise, achieve high bandwidth, and minimize crosstalk.

L1	GND and Signal
L2	GND
L3	Vcc
L4	GND and V <sub>EE</sub>

Table 4. Layer Stack

# **Bill of Materials**

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1-C4, C6- C7, C9, C11, C12-C15	VJ0402Y104KXXAT	Vishay <sup>(1)</sup>	0.1µF, 25V, 10% Ceramic Capacitor, Size 0402, X7R Dielectric	12
C8, C10	293D106X0025C2T	Vishay <sup>(1)</sup>	10μF, 20V, Tantalum Electrolytic Capacitor, Size C	2
R1, R2	CRCW0402000F	Vishay <sup>(1)</sup>	0Ω, 1/16W, Resistor SMD, Size 0402	2
R3, R4, R5, R6	CRCW04028250F	Vishay <sup>(1)</sup>	82Ω, 1/10W, 5% Thick-film Resistor, Size 0402	2
J1	5006K-ND	Keystone Electronics <sup>(2)</sup>	Black Test Point	1
J2	5009K-ND	Keystone Electronics <sup>(2)</sup>	Yellow Test Point	1
J3	5005K-ND	Keystone Electronics <sup>(2)</sup>	Red Test Point	1
SMA1-SMA9	142-0701-851	Johnson <sup>(3)</sup>	Jack Assembly End Launch SMA	9
U1	SY89474U	Micrel <sup>(4)</sup>	Precision LVDS Runt Pulse Eliminator 2:1 MUX with 1:2 Fanout Buffer and Internal Termination	1

# **Additional Components for DC-Coupled Boards**

Item	Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Qty.
C1-C2, C4 C6, C12- C15	, CRCW0402000F	Vishay <sup>(1)</sup>	0Ω, 1/16W, Resistor SMD, Size 0402	8

### Notes:

1. Vishay: <a href="www.vishay.com">www.vishay.com</a>.

2. Keystone Electronics: www.keyelco.com. 3. Johnson: <u>www.johnsoncomponents.com</u>.

4. Micrel, Inc.: www.micrel.com.

# **HBW Support**

Hotline: 408-955-1690

Email Support: <a href="mailto:HBWHelp@micrel.com">HBWHelp@micrel.com</a>

# **Application Hints and Notes**

For application notes on high-speed termination on PECL and LVPECL products, clock synthesizer products, SONET jitter measurement, and other High Bandwidth products, go to Micrel's website at: <a href="http://www.micrel.com/">http://www.micrel.com/</a>. Once in Micrel's website, follow the steps below:

- 1. Click on "Product Info."
- In the Applications Information Box, choose "Application Hints and Application Notes."

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