Atmel AVR4901: ASF - USB Vendor Class Application

AMEL

8-/32-bit Atmel Microcontrollers

Application Note

Features

- USB 2.0 compliance
 - Chapter 9 compliance
 - Full Speed (12Mbit/s), High Speed (480Mbit/s) data rates
- · Control, Bulk, Isochronous and Interrupt transfer types
- · Small stack size frees space for main application
- · Remote wakeup support
- USB bus powered support
- · Real time (O.S. compliance, interrupt driven)
- Support 8-bit and 32-bit AVR[®]

1 Introduction

The aim of this document is to provide an easy way to integrate a USB vendor class application on a new or existing project.



Rev. 8481A-AVR-01/12





2 Abbreviations

ASF: AVR Software Framework

CD: Composite Device: a USB device with more than one interface

CDC: Communication Device Class

FS: USB Full Speed

HID: Human Interface Device

HS: USB High SpeedLS: USB Low SpeedMSC: Mass Storage ClassUDC: USB device ControllerUDD: USB device Descriptor

UDI: USB device InterfaceUSB: Universal Serial Bus

SOF: Start of Frame

3 Overview

This document includes six sections for all types of requirements when building a USB device vendor application:

Vendor class Specification

Provides information to help users with the vendor class specification and when they need such solution

Quick start

Describes how to start a ready to use vendor class device example

• Example description

Describes a vendor class device example

Building a USB device vendor

Describes how to add a USB device vendor interface in a project

• Building a USB vendor class application

Describes how to add a USB vendor class application

Vendor class in a USB composite device

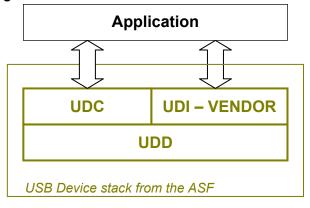
Describes how to integrate a vendor class interface in a composite device project

For all these sections, it is recommended to know the main modules organization of a vendor class application:

- User Application
- USB device Interface VENDOR (UDI-VENDOR)
- USB device Controller (UDC)
- USB device Driver (UDD)

For more advanced information concerning the USB stack implementation, please refer to the Atmel[®] AVR4900 ASF USB Device stack application note.

Figure 3-1. USB vendor class solution architecture.



NOTE

The USB device stack is available in the ASF in the common/services/usb directory.





4 Vendor class specification

The development of a vendor class can be required when the existing class (http://www.usb.org/developers/defined_class) does not correspond to the user specification.

Before starting a vendor class specification, check in Table 4-1 that the native USB classes are not applicable for your USB application.

Table 4-1. Analysis of native classes.

Class	PROS.	CONS.	
HID	 Native driver USB Low Speed mode support Suitable for controlling or monitoring an application 	Interrupt endpoint: low and full speed 64KB/s high speed 2.93MB/s	
CDC	 High transfer rate Simple Host application (terminal) Easy migration for USART based applications 	 Need of *.inf file under Windows[®] Driver not WHQL certified 	
MSC	Native driver	SCSI protocol adapted only for mass storage	
AUDIO	Native driverInteresting to record or send data stream	No handshake data transfer (isochronous)	

When building a vendor class, the main important thing to specify is the transfer modes used by endpoints.

These can be chosen based on the description given in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2. Endpoint type description.

Endpoint type	Description	Use case
Control	Low transfer rateNo need of new endpoint which can reduce application footprint	Configuration of the device
Interrupt	Very low transferFrequency guaranteed	Real time constraints and low bandwidth transfer
Bulk	High transfer rate Transfer guaranteed (ACK)	Large amount of data transfer
Isochronous	Very High transfer rateTransfer not guaranteed	Streaming application

5 Quick start

The USB device vendor examples are available in Atmel AVR Studio[®] 5 and ASF. Hereunder is the procedure to start a USB device vendor class example quickly:

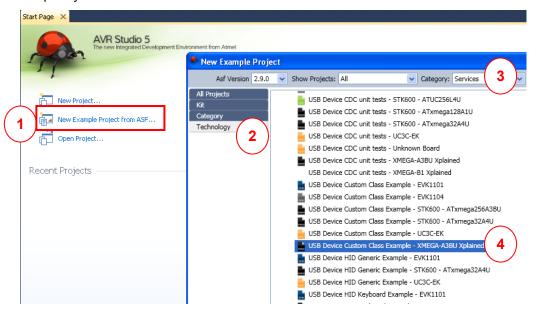
- Connect the board (for example the Atmel AVR XMEGA[®]-A3BU Xplained kit) to the PC using the USB cable.
- 2. Connect the Atmel debugger (hereafter the JTAGICE3) to program the device.

Figure 5-1 Board connection.



3. Start AVR Studio 5 and click on "New Example Project from ASF".

In the New Example Project's list, select "USB Device Vendor Class Example" based on the board you are using. The filter list can be used to find the example quickly.



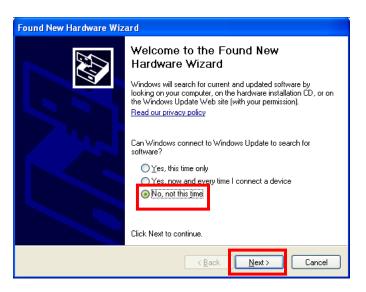




4. Compile, load and execute.

The project does not require any modification and only needs to be compiled, loaded and ran. Connect the Atmel debugger supported by the board and press F5.

When running the application for the first time a Found New Hardware Wizard pops up as showing below, select "No, not this time" and click on "Next":

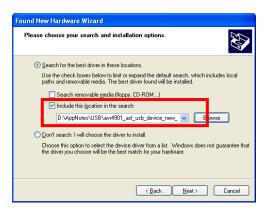


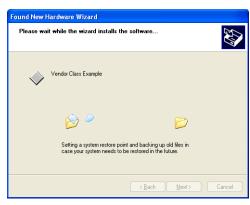
5. Load the driver using the inf file.

NOTE

Since the USB vendor class is not supported by any native driver, user needs to provide a proprietary driver or use a third party solution.

For this example, an open source solution "libusb" is used to support this device. An inf file was generated by the libusb tool. Point to the folder **avr4901/driver/** to install the driver.





Atmel AVR49011

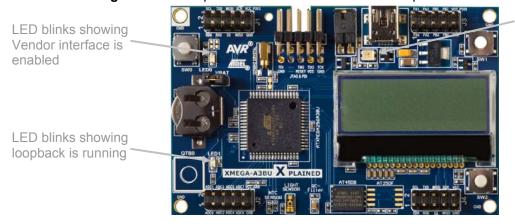
Once the device is correctly installed, lunch the avr_vendor_class_example.exe from the folder avr4901/tool/. This program will perform a loopback in all endpoints. A status is displayed to show the correct execution of the application:

5.1 Hardware behavior

During the application execution the hardware (used board) should behave as below:

- · A LED is on when USB device is in active mode and is off in SUSPEND mode
- A LED blinks showing that vendor class interface is enabled by the USB Host
- A LED is on when the loopback is running

Figure 5-2. Example with the Atmel XMEGA-A3BU Xplained board.

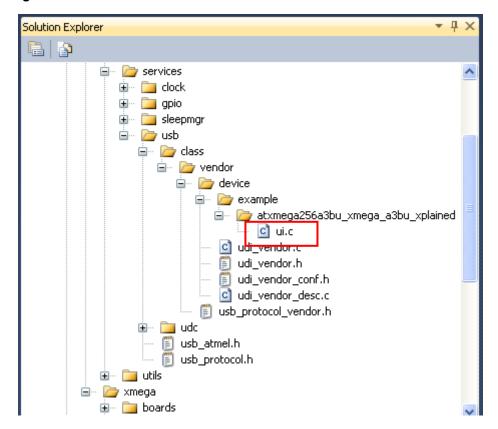


LED on when USB is active



The user interface description (specific to the board) is defined at the end of ui.c source file. This file is available within the "Solution Explorer" under "common/services/usb/class/vendor/device/example/part_number_board/".

Figure 5-3 ui.c file location.



6 Example description

6.1 Example content

The ASF provides a USB device vendor class example for various Atmel AVR products. All these examples share common files and implement the same application.

The Table 6-1 introduces a summary of the main files included in the USB device vendor example. These files are associated to the modules described in Figure 3-1.

Table 6-1. USB device VENDOR example files.

Modules	Files	ASF paths	Description
Application	main.c ui.c conf_usb.h	Examples folder	Main loop. Set up hardware switches and LEDs to show operations. USB device configuration.
UDI VENDOR	udi_vendor.c/h	common/services/usb/class/vendor/device/	Vendor class implementation
	udi_vendor_desc.c udi_vendor_conf.h	common/services/usb/class/vendor/device/	USB Descriptors for an USB device with vendor interface (not applicable for USB composite device)
UDC	udc.c/h udc_desc.h udi.h udd.h	common/services/usb/udc/	USB device Core
	usb_protocol.h usb_atmel.h	common/services/usb/	USB Protocol constants
UDD	usbb_device.c/h usbc_device.c/h usb_device.c/h	avr32/drivers/usbb/ avr32/drivers/usbc/ xmega/drivers/usb/	USB Drivers

6.2 Example behavior

The main.c and ui.c files implement the user interface vendor application. It is based on three steps:

1. Start USB device:

UDI VENDOR ENABLE EXT() // Interface enabled callback

2. Wait the enable of vendor interface via call-back and enable the loopback process:

```
The callback calls:
- udi_vendor_bulk_out_run()// Enable transfer on interrupt OUT endpoint
```

- udi_vendor_interrupt_out_run()//Enable transfer on interrupt OUT endpoint
- udi_vendor_iso_out_run() //Enable transfer on isochronous OUT endpoint

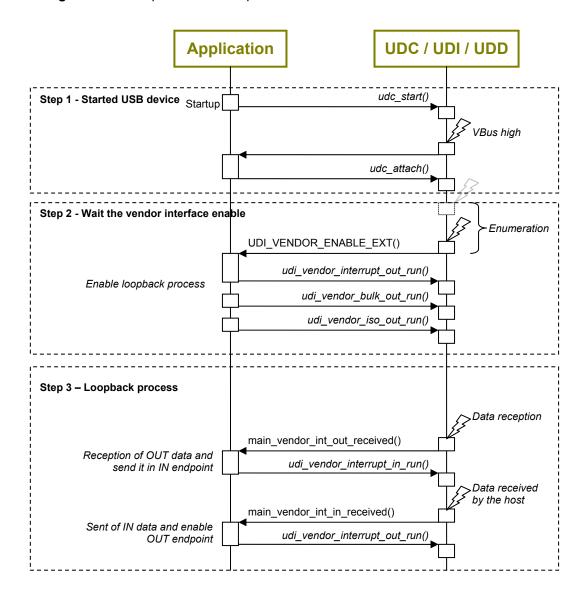




3. Perform loopback in all endpoints (Control, Interrupt, Bulk and Isochronous):

```
// When a OUT data is received, then send this data on IN
void main_vendor_int_out_received(udd_ep_status_t status,
            iram_size_t nb_transfered)
{
    if (UDD_EP_TRANSFER_OK != status) {
            return; // Tranfert aborted, then stop loopback
    ui_loop_back_state(true);
    \ensuremath{//} Send on IN endpoint the data received on endpoint OUT
    udi_vendor_interrupt_in_run(
                    main_buf_loopback,
                    nb transfered,
                    main_vendor_int_in_received);
}
// When a IN data has been sent, then the OUT transfer is enabled again
void main_vendor_int_in_received(udd_ep_status_t status,
            iram_size_t nb_transfered)
    if (UDD EP TRANSFER OK != status) {
            return; // Tranfert aborted, then stop loopback
    ui_loop_back_state(false);
    // Wait a full buffer
    udi_vendor_interrupt_out_run(
                    main_buf_loopback,
                    sizeof(main_buf_loopback),
                    main_vendor_int_out_received);
```

Figure 6-1. Example behavior sequence.







7 Building a USB device vendor

The USB device vendor modules provide a USB vendor interface which can be used to build a USB vendor class application.

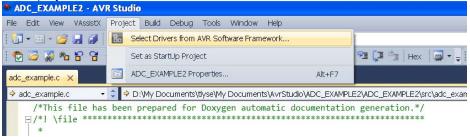
These modules are available in Atmel AVR Studio 5 and can be imported in an AVR Studio 5 project. This section describes how to add a USB device vendor in a project:

- 1. Import USB vendor module.
- 2. Configure personal USB parameters.
- Call USB routines to run USB device.

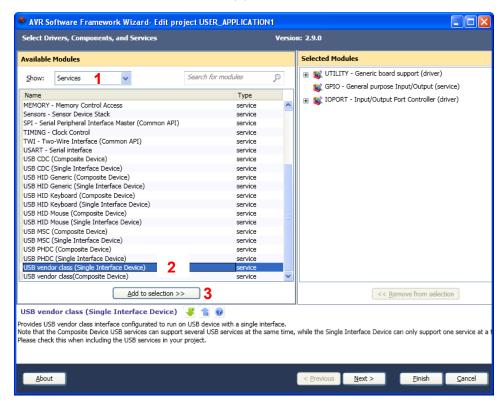
7.1 Import USB module

To import the USB vendor module, follow the instructions below:

- Open or create your project:
- 2. From project menu, choose "Select Drivers from AVR Software Framework".



3. Select Services (1), choose USB vendor class (Single Interface Device) (2), and click on the "Add to selection" button (3).



7.2 USB configuration

All USB stack configurations are stored in the <code>conf_usb.h</code> file in the application module. These configurations are simple and do not require any specific USB knowledge.

There is one configuration section for each USB modules: UDC, UDI and UDD.

The UDC configuration possibilities are described in the Atmel AVR4900: ASF – USB Device Stack application note in the Section 7.1.1: USB device configuration".

The UDD configuration possibilities are described in the Atmel AVR4900: ASF – USB Device Stack application note in the Section 7.1.3: USB drivers' configuration".

The UDI which is the vendor interface require some configuration described in Table 7-1.

Table 7-1. UDI vendor – configuration.

Define name	Туре	Description
UDI_VENDOR_ENABLE_EXT	Call-back function	Call-back function called when vendor interface is enabled
UDI_VENDOR_DISABLE_EXT	Call-back function	Call-back function called when vendor interface is disabled
UDI_VENDOR_SETUP_OUT_RECEIVED	Call-back function	Call-back function called when OUT setup request is received
UDI_VENDOR_SETUP_IN_RECEIVED	Call-back function	Call-back function called when IN setup request is received
UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_INT_FS UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_BULK_FS UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_ISO_FS	constant	Interrupt endpoints size for full speed (up to 64) Bulk endpoints size for full speed (8, 16, 32 or 64) Isochronous size for full speed (up to 1023)
UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_INT_HS UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_BULK_HS UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_ISO_HS	constant	Interrupt endpoints size for full speed (up to 1024) Bulk endpoints size for full speed (8, 16, 32,,512) Isochronous size for full speed (up to 1024)

NOTE

It is important to verify the configuration defined in $conf_clock.h$ file, because the USB hardware requires a specific clock frequency (see comment in $conf_clock.h$ file).

7.3 USB implementation

This section describes source code to add to run a USB device vendor application.

The implementation is made of three steps:

- Start USB device.
- 2. Wait the enable of vendor interface by the Host.
- 3. Transfer data on USB bus.

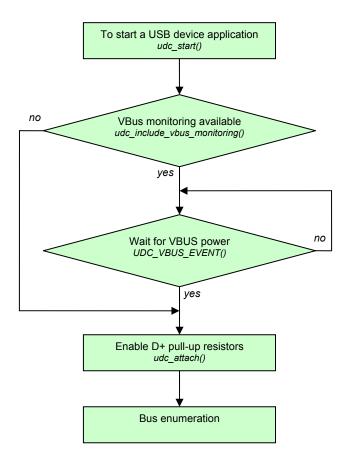
7.3.1 USB device control

Only two function calls are needed to start a USB device application, see Figure 7-1.





Figure 7-1. USB device application sequence.



NOTE

In case of a new project, the USB stack requires to enable interrupts and to initialize the clock and sleepmgr services.

Example:

```
<conf usb.h>
#define UDC VBUS EVENT(b vbus high) \
      vbus_event(b_vbus_high)
<main C file>:
main() {
  // Authorize interrupts
  irq_initialize_vectors();
  cpu irq enable();
  // Initialize the sleep manager service
  sleepmgr_init();
  // Initialize the clock service
  sysclk_init();
  // Enable USB Stack device
  udc_start();
  if (!udc_include_vbus_monitoring()) {
      // VBUS monitoring is not available on this product
```

Atmel AVR49011

```
// thereby VBUS has to be considered as present
    vbus_event (true);
}

vbus_event(b_vbus_high) {
    if (b_vbus_high) {
        // Connect USB device
        udc_attach();
} else{
        // Disconnect USB device
        udc_detach();
}
```

7.3.2 USB interface control

After the device enumeration (detecting and identifying USB devices), the USB Host starts the device configuration. When the USB vendor class interface is accepted, the USB host enables this interface and the UDI_VENDOR_ENABLE_EXT() callback function is called.

When the USB device is unplugged or is reset by USB Host, the USB interface is disabled and the UDI_VENDOR_DISABLE_EXT() callback function is called.

Example:





7.3.3 USB vendor functions

The USB vendor class functions described in Table 7-2 allow to send or to receive data.

Table 7-2. UDI vendor class – data functions.

Declaration	Description	
udi_vendor_interrupt_in_run ()	Start transfer in an IN interrupt endpoint	
udi_vendor_interrupt_out_run ()	Start transfer in an OUT interrupt endpoint	
udi_vendor_bulk_in_run ()	Start transfer in an IN bulk endpoint	
udi_vendor_bulk_out_run ()	Start transfer in an OUT bulk endpoint	
udi_vendor_iso_in_run ()	Start transfer in an IN isochronous endpoint	
udi_vendor_iso_out_run ()	Start transfer in an OUT isochronous endpoint	

7.4 Vendor class and USB Host support

Since the USB vendor class is specified by the user, there is no native support with any operating system. The user has to build an own driver and host application. However some solutions exist to help to build a fast solution. The most popular and free of charge are:

- Libusb: This solution has the advantage to support multi-operating system platforms (Windows, Linux[®], Mac OS[®]) and offers an open source solution. Atmel provide an example using this solution available within the Atmel AVR4901 application note. For further information regarding libusb, please refer to http://www.libusb.org/
- WinUSB: This solution is provided by and dedicated to Windows platforms (native form Windows Vista®). WinUSB does not support isochronous transfer mode. For further information please refer to http://msdn.microsoft.com/enus/library/windows/hardware/ff540196(v=vs.85).aspx

8 Vendor class in a USB composite device

The information required to build a composite device is available in the Atmel AVR4902 ASF - USB Composite Device application note. A familiarity with this application note is mandatory.

This section introduced only the specific information required to build a composite device with a vendor class interface.

8.1 USB configuration

In addition to the USB configuration described in Section 7.2, the following values must be defined in the conf usb.h file:

USB_DEVICE_EP_CTRL_SIZE

Endpoint control size.

This must be:

- 8, 16, 32, or 64 for full speed device (8 is recommended to save RAM)
- 64 for a high speed device

UDI_VENDOR_EP_INTERRUPT_IN

IN interrupt endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_INT_FS is 0).

UDI_VENDOR_EP_INTERRUPT_OUT

OUT interrupt endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_INT_FS is 0).

UDI VENDOR EP BULK IN

IN bulk endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_BULK_FS is 0).

UDI_VENDOR_EP_ BULK_OUT

OUT bulk endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI VENDOR EPS SIZE BULK FS is 0).

UDI_VENDOR_EP_ISO_IN

IN isochronous endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI VENDOR EPS SIZE ISO FS is 0).

UDI_VENDOR_EP_ ISO_OUT

OUT isochronous endpoint number used by the vendor interface (ignored if UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_ISO_FS is 0).

UDI VENDOR IFACE NUMBER

Interface number of the vendor interface.

USB DEVICE MAX EP

Total number of endpoints in the application. This must include the number of endpoints used by vendor interface (0 to 6 depend on UDI_VENDOR_EPS_SIZE_X defines).





8.2 USB descriptor

The USB device Descriptor of composite device, defined in $conf_usb.h$ file, must include a vendor interface:

```
//! Define structure of composite interfaces descriptor
#define UDI_COMPOSITE_DESC_T
                                           \
   udi_vendor_desc_t udi_vendor;
   . . .
//! Fill composite interfaces descriptor for Full Speed
#define UDI_COMPOSITE_DESC_FS \
   .udi_vendor = UDI_VENDOR_DESC_FS, \
   . . .
//! Fill composite interfaces descriptor for High Speed
#define UDI_COMPOSITE_DESC_HS
   .udi_vendor = UDI_VENDOR_DESC_HS, \
   . . .
//! Fill Interface APIs corresponding at interfaces descriptor
#define UDI_COMPOSITE_API \
  &udi_api_vendor, \
```

Atmel AVR49011

9 Table of contents

Atmel AVR4901: ASF - USB Vendor Class Application	on 1
Features	1
1 Introduction	1
2 Abbreviations	2
3 Overview	3
4 Vendor class specification	4
5 Quick start	&
5.1 Hardware behavior	7
6 Example description	9
6.1 Example content	9
6.2 Example behavior	
7 Building a USB device vendor	12
7.1 Import USB module	12
7.2 USB configuration	13
7.3 USB implementation 7.3.1 USB device control 7.3.2 USB interface control 7.3.3 USB vendor functions	
7.4 Vendor class and USB Host support	16
8 Vendor class in a USB composite device	17
8.1 USB configuration	17
8.2 USB descriptor	18
Q Table of contents	10





Atmel Corporation

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 USA

Tel: (+1)(408) 441-0311 **Fax:** (+1)(408) 487-2600

www.atmel.com

Atmel Asia Limited

Unit 01-5 & 16, 19F BEA Tower, Milennium City 5 418 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon HONG KONG

Tel: (+852) 2245-6100 **Fax:** (+852) 2722-1369

Atmel Munich GmbH

Business Campus Parkring 4 D-85748 Garching b. Munich GERMANY

Tel: (+49) 89-31970-0 **Fax:** (+49) 89-3194621

Atmel Japan

16F, Shin Osaki Kangyo Bldg. 1-6-4 Osaki Shinagawa-ku

Tokyo 104-0032 JAPAN

Tel: (+81) 3-6417-0300 **Fax:** (+81) 3-6417-0370

© 2012 Atmel Corporation. All rights reserved.

Atmel[®], Atmel logo and combinations thereof, AVR[®], AVR Studio[®], XMEGA[®], and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Windows[®] and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in U.S. and or other countries. Other terms and product names may be trademarks of others.

Disclaimer: The information in this document is provided in connection with Atmel products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document or in connection with the sale of Atmel products. EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THE ATMEL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALES LOCATED ON THE ATMEL WEBSITE, ATMEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTY RELATING TO ITS PRODUCTS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL ATMEL BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS AND PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR LOSS OF INFORMATION) ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF ATMEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Atmel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice. Atmel does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Unless specifically provided otherwise, Atmel products are not suitable for, and shall not be used in, automotive applications. Atmel products are not intended, authorized, or warranted for use as components in applications intended to support or sustain life.