

SY89847U

1.5 GHz Precision LVDS 1:5 Fanout with 2:1 MUX and Fail Safe Input with Internal Termination

Features

- Selects Between Two Sources and Provides 5 Precision LVDS Copies
- Fail Safe Input Prevents Outputs from Oscillating when Input is Invalid
- Guaranteed AC Performance over Temperature and Supply Voltage:
 - DC-to >1.5 GHz Throughput
 - <1000 ps Propagation Delay (IN-to-Q)
 - <210 ps Rise/Fall Times
- · Ultra-Low Jitter Design:
 - <1 ps_{RMS} Random Jitter
 - <1 ps_{RMS} Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter
 - <10 pspp Total Jitter (Clock)
 - <0.7 ps_{RMS} MUX Crosstalk Induced Jitter
- Unique, Patented MUX Input Isolation Design Minimizes Adjacent Channel Crosstalk
- Unique, Patented Internal Termination and V_T Pin Accepts DC- and AC-Coupled Inputs (CML, PECL, LVDS)
- Wide Input Voltage Range V_{CC} to GND
- 2.5V ±5% Supply Voltage
- -40°C to +85°C Industrial Temperature Range
- Available in 32-Pin (5 mm x 5 mm) QFN Package

Applications

- · Fail Safe Clock Protection
- Ultra-Low Jitter LVDS Clock Distribution
- · Rack-Based Telecom/Datacom

Markets

- LAN/WAN
- Enterprise Servers
- ATE
- · Test and Measurement

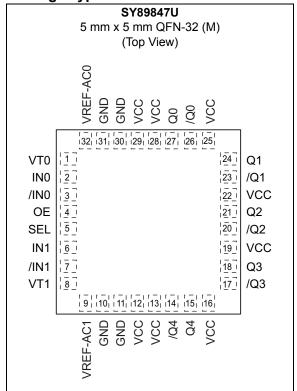
General Description

The SY89847U is a 2.5V, 1:5 LVDS fanout buffer with a 2:1 differential input multiplexer (MUX). A unique fail safe input (FSI) protection prevents metastable output conditions when the selected input clock fails to a DC voltage (voltage between the pins of the differential input drops significantly below 100 mV).

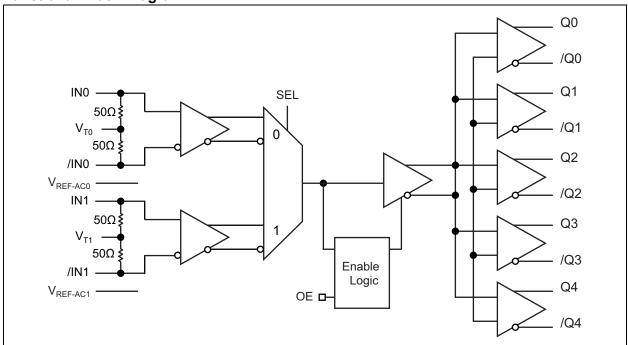
The differential input includes Microchip's unique, 3-pin internal termination architecture that can interface to any differential signal (AC- or DC-coupled) as small as 100 mV (200 mV_{PP}) without any level shifting or termination resistor networks in the signal path. The outputs are LVDS compatible with very fast rise/fall times guaranteed to be less than 210 ps.

The SY89847U operates from a 2.5V $\pm 5\%$ supply and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C. The SY89847U is part of Microchip's high-speed, Precision Edge[®] product line.

Package Type



Functional Block Diagram



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})Input Voltage (V _{IN})	-0.5V to +4.0V
LVPECL Output Current (I _{OUT})	
Continuous	
Surge	100 mA
Current (V _T)	
Source or Sink on V _T Pin	±100 mA
Input Current	
Source or Sink Current on IN, /IN	±50 mA
Current (V _{REF})	
Source or Sink Current on V _{REF-AC} (Note 1)	±0.5 mA
Operating Ratings ††	
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	+2.375V to +2.625V

[†] Notice: Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

^{††} Notice: The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.

Note 1: Due to the limited drive capability, use for input of the same package only.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Power Supply	V _{CC}	2.375	2.5	2.625	٧	_
Power Supply Current	I _{CC}	1	90	130	mA	No load, max. V _{CC}
Input Resistance (IN-to-V _T)	R _{IN}	45	50	55	Ω	
Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)	R _{DIFF_IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
Input High Voltage (IN, /IN)	V _{IH}	0.1	_	V _{CC}	V	_
Input Low Voltage (IN, /IN)	V_{IL}	0	1	V _{IH} – 0.1	٧	_
Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)	V _{IN}	0.1	1	1.0	٧	Note 2, See Figure 5-6
Different Input Voltage Swing IN, /IN	V _{DIFF_IN}	0.2	_	2.0	V	See Figure 5-7
Input Voltage Threshold that Triggers FSI	V _{IN_FSI}		30	100	mV	_
Output Reference Voltage	V _{REF-AC}	V _{CC} – 1.3	V _{CC} – 1.2	V _{CC} – 1.1	٧	I _{VREF-AC} = ±0.5 mA
Voltage from Input to V _T	V_{T_IN}			1.28	>	_

Note 1: The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

LVDS OUTPUTS DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: V_{CC} = +2.5V ±5%, R_L = 100 Ω across the outputs; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Condition			
Output Voltage Swing (Q, /Q)	V _{OUT}	250	325	_	mV	See Figure 5-6			
Differential Output Voltage Swing Q, /Q	V _{DIFF_OUT}	500	650	_	mV	See Figure 5-7			
Output Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q)	V _{OCM}	1.125	1.20	1.275	V	See Figure 7-1			
Change in Common Mode Voltage (Q, /Q)	ΔV _{OCM}	-50	_	50	mV	See Figure 7-2			

Note 1: The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

^{2:} $V_{IN(MAX)}$ is specified when V_T is floating.

LVTTL/CMOS DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: V_{CC} = 2.5V ±5%; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Condition
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0	_	_	V	_
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	_	_	8.0	V	_
Input High Current	I _{IH}	-125	_	30	μA	_
Input Low Current	I _{IL}	-300	_	_	μA	

Note 1: The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: V_{CC} = 2.5V ±5%, R_L = 100 Ω across the outputs, Input $t_r/t_f \le 300$ ps; T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Condition	
Maximum Operating	f	1.5	2.0		GHz	V _{OUT} ≥ 200 mV, V _{IN} ≥ 200 mV	
Frequency	f_{MAX}	1.0	1.5		GHZ	$V_{OUT} \ge 200 \text{ mV}, V_{IN} \ge 100 \text{ mV}$	
Differential Propagation Delay IN-to-Q		600	820	1100		Note 2, 100 mV < V _{IN} ≤ 200 mV	
Differential Propagation Delay IN-to-Q	t _{pd}	500	720	1000	ps	Note 2, IN-to-Q, 200 mV < V _{IN} ≤ 800 mV	
Differential Propagation Delay SEL-to-Q		400	600	800		$V_{TH} = V_{CC}/2$	
Set-Up Time OE-to-IN	t _S	300	_	_	ps	Note 3	
Hold Time IN-to-OE	t _H	800	_	_	ps	Note 3	
Differential Propagation Delay Temperature Coefficient	t _{pd} tempco	_	256	_	fs/°C	_	
Output-to-Output Skew		_	5	20		Note 4	
Input-to-Input Skew	t _{SKEW}	_	5	15	ps	Note 5	
Part-to-Part Skew			_	300		Note 6	
Clock Random Jitter		_	_	1	ps _{RMS}	Note 7	
Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter		_	_	1	ps _{RMS}	Note 8	
Total Jitter	t_{JITTER}	_	_	10	ps _{PP}	Note 9	
Crosstalk-Induced Jitter		_	_	0.7	ps _{RMS}	Note 10	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED) (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: V_{CC} = 2.5V ±5%, R_L = 100 Ω across the outputs, Input $t_r/t_f \le 300$ ps;

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Condition
Output Rise/Fall Time (20% - 80%)	t _r /t _f	70	120	210	ps	At full output swing.
Duty Cycle		47		53	%	V _{IN} >200 mV
Duty Cycle	_	45	_	55	70	100 mV ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 200 mV

- Note 1: High-frequency AC parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.
 - 2: Propagation delay is measured with input t_r, t_f ≤300 ps (20% to 80%). The propagation delay is a function of the rise and fall times at IN. See Typical Performance Curves for details. t_{pd} varies with input t_r/t_f.
 - **3:** Set-up and hold times apply to synchronous applications that intend to enable/disable before the next clock cycle. For asynchronous applications, set-up and hold do not apply.
 - 4: Output-to-Output skew is measured between two different outputs under identical transitions.
 - 5: Input-to-Input skew is the time difference between the two inputs to one output, under identical input transitions.
 - **6:** Part-to-Part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs.
 - 7: Random Jitter is measured with a K28.7 character pattern, measured at <f_{MAX}.
 - 8: Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter definition: the variation of periods between adjacent cycles, $T_n T_{n-1}$ where T is the time between rising edges of the output signal.
 - **9:** Total Jitter definition: with an ideal clock input of frequency < f_{MAX}, no more than one output edge in 10¹² output edges will deviate by more than the specified peak-to-peak jitter value.
 - **10:** Crosstalk is measured at the output while applying two similar differential clock frequencies that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the inputs.

TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Temperature Ranges								
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_A	-40	_	+85	°C	_		
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T _J	_	_	+125	°C	_		
Lead Temperature	_	_	_	+260	°C	Soldering, 20 sec.		
Storage Temperature Range	T _S	-65	_	+150	°C	_		
Package Thermal Resistances (Note 1)								
Thermal Resistance, 5x5 QFN-32Ld	θ_{JA}	_	50	_	°C/W	Still-air		
Thermal Resistance, 5x5 QFN-32L0	ψ_{JB}	_	31	_	°C/W	Junction-to-board		

Note 1: Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. ψ_{JB} and θ_{JA} values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air number, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

 V_{CC} = 2.5V, GND = 0V, $t_r/t_f \le 300$ ps, V_{IN} = 100 mV, R_L = 100 Ω across the outputs, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise stated.

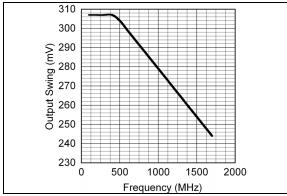


FIGURE 2-1: Frequency Response.

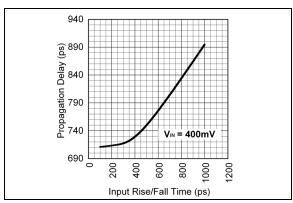


FIGURE 2-4: Propagation Delay vs. Input Rise/Fall Time.

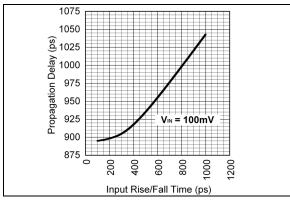


FIGURE 2-2: Propagation Delay vs. Input Rise/Fall Time.

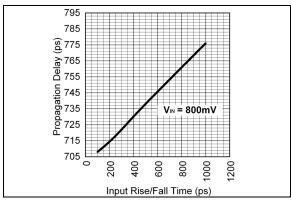


FIGURE 2-5: Propagation Delay vs. Input Rise/Fall Time.

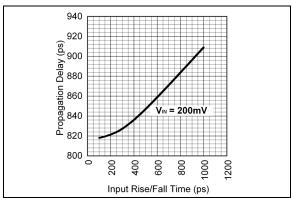


FIGURE 2-3: Propagation Delay vs. Input Rise/Fall Time.

 V_{CC} = 2.5V, GND = 0V, V_{IN} = 250 mV, R_L = 100 Ω across the outputs, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise stated.

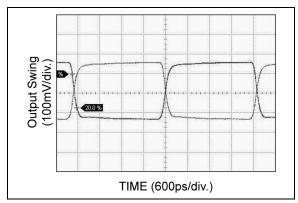


FIGURE 2-6: 200 MHz Clock.

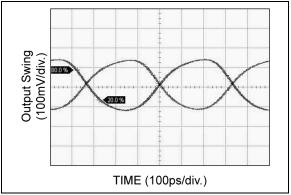


FIGURE 2-9: 1.5 GHz Clock.

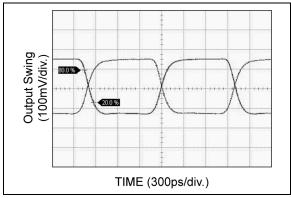


FIGURE 2-7: 500 MHz Clock.

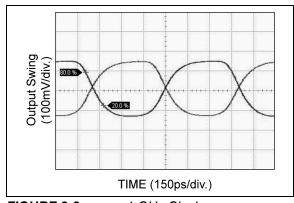


FIGURE 2-8: 1 GHz Clock.

3.0 ADDITIVE PHASE NOISE PLOT

Additive jitter is defined as the RMS Jitter of the device added to the input signal and is calculated in Equation 3-1.

EQUATION 3-1:

$$DeviceAdditiveJitter = \sqrt{OutputRMSJitter^2 - InputRMSJitter^2}$$

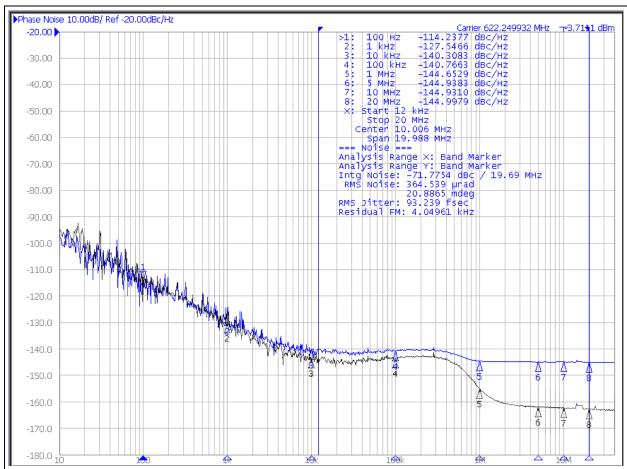


FIGURE 3-1: Integrated Phase Noise Plot of SY89847U (Device) and the Source (Input Signal).

From the plot shown in Figure 3-1, the device additive jitter can be calculated as follows.

EQUATION 3-2:

Calculated Additive Jitter =
$$\sqrt{93.23^2 - 22.84^2} = 90.39 fs$$

4.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Pin Number	Symbol	Description
1, 8	VT0, VT1	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of a differential input pair terminates to the VT pin. The VT pin provides a center-tap for each input (IN, /IN) to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See the Input Interface Applications section.
2, 3 6, 7	INO, /INO IN1, /IN1	Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. These inputs accept AC- or DC-coupled signals as small as 100 mV. The input pairs internally terminate to a VT pin through 50Ω . Each input has level shifting resistors of 3.72 k Ω to VCC. This allows a wide input voltage range from VCC to GND. See Figure 5-8, Simplified Differential Input Stage for details. Note that these inputs will default to a valid (either high or low) state if left open. See the Input Interface Applications section.
10, 11, 30, 31	GND, Exposed Pad	Ground. Exposed pad must be connected to a ground plane that is the same potential as the ground pins.
4	OE	Single-Ended Input: This TTL/CMOS input disables and enables the Q0-Q4 outputs. It is internally connected to a 25 k Ω pull-up resistor and will default to a logic high state if left open. When disabled, Q goes low and /Q goes high. OE being synchronous, outputs will be enabled/disabled following a rising and a falling edge of the input clock. $V_{TH} = V_{CC}/2$.
5	SEL	Single-Ended Input: This single-ended TTL/CMOS-compatible input selects the inputs to the multiplexer. Note that this input is internally connected to a 25 k Ω pull-up resistor and will default to logic high state if left open. $V_{TH} = V_{CC}/2$.
9, 32	VREF-AC1 VREF-AC0	Reference Voltage: These outputs bias to $V_{CC}-1.2V$. They are used for AC-coupling inputs IN and /IN. Connect VREF-AC directly to the corresponding VT pin. Bypass with 0.01 μ F low ESR capacitor to VCC. Due to limited drive capability, the VREF-AC pin is only intended to drive its respective VT pin. Maximum sink/source current is ± 0.5 mA. See the Input Interface Applications section.
12, 13, 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, 29	VCC	Positive Power Supply: Bypass with 0.1 μ F 0.01 μ F low ESR capacitors as close to the VCC pins as possible.
27, 26 24, 23 21, 20 18, 17 15, 14	Q0, /Q0 Q1, /Q1 Q2, /Q2 Q3, /Q3 Q4, /Q4	LVDS Differential Output Pairs: Differential copies of the selected input signal. The output swing is typically 325 mV. Used and unused outputs must be terminated with 100Ω across the pair (Q, /Q). These differential LVDS outputs are a logic function of the IN0, IN1, and SEL inputs. See Table 4-2.

TABLE 4-2: TRUTH TABLE

		Outputs				
IN0	/INO	IN1	/IN1	SEL	q	/Q
0	1	Х	Х	0	0	1
1	0	X	X	0	1	0
Х	Х	0	1	1	0	1
X	Х	1	0	1	1	0

5.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

5.1 Clock Select (SEL)

SEL is an asynchronous TTL/CMOS compatible input that selects one of the two input signals. Internal 25 k Ω pull-up resistor defaults the input to logic high if left open. Input switching threshold is V_{CC}/2. Refer to Figure 5-1.

5.2 Output Enable (OE)

OE is a synchronous TTL/CMOS compatible input that enables/disables the outputs based on the input to this pin. The enable function is synchronous so that the clock outputs will be enabled or disabled following a rising and a falling edge of the input clock. Refer to Figure 5-2. Internal 25 k Ω pull-up resistor defaults the input to logic high if left open. Input switching threshold is $V_{CC}/2$.

5.3 Fail-Safe Input (FSI)

The input includes a special fail-safe circuit to sense the amplitude of the input signal and to latch the outputs when there is no input signal present, or when the amplitude of the input signal drops sufficiently below 100 mV $_{PK}$ (200 mV $_{PP}$), typically 30 mV $_{PK}$. Refer to Figure 5-4.

5.4 Input Clock Failure Case

If the input clock fails to a floating, static, or extremely low signal swing such that the voltage swing across the input pair is significantly less than 100 mV, FSI function will eliminate a metastable condition and latch the outputs to the last valid state. No ringing and no undetermined state will occur at the output under these conditions. The output recovers to normal operation once the input signal returns to a valid state with a typical swing greater than 30 mV.

Note that the FSI function will not prevent duty cycle distortion in case of a slowly deteriorating (but still toggling) input signal. Due to the FSI function, the propagation delay will depend on rise and fall time of the input signal and on its amplitude. Refer to the Typical Performance Curves for detailed information.

Timing Diagrams

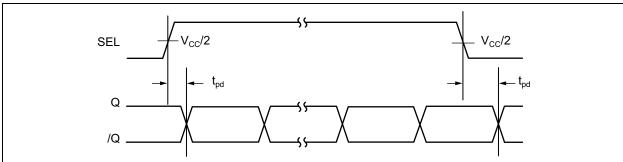


FIGURE 5-1: SEL-to-Q Delay.

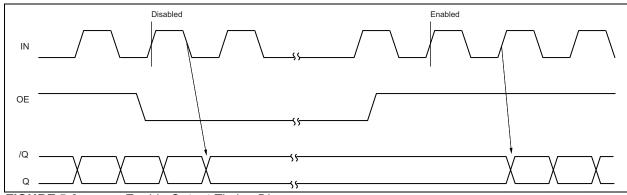


FIGURE 5-2: Enable Output Timing Diagram.

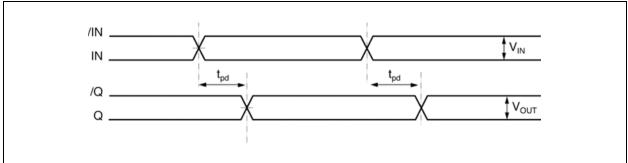


FIGURE 5-3: Propagation Delay.

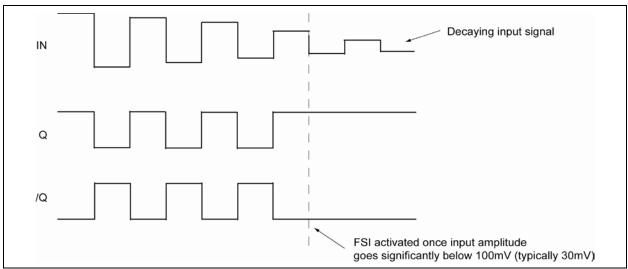


FIGURE 5-4: Fail-Safe Feature.

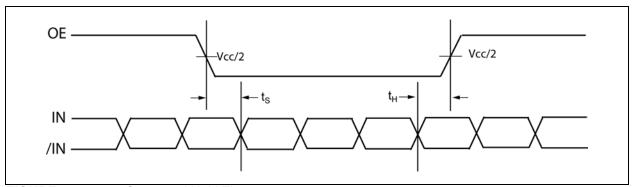


FIGURE 5-5: Setup and Hold Time.

Single-Ended and Differential Swings

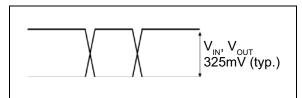


FIGURE 5-6: Single-Ended Voltage Swing.

650mV (typ.) V_{DIFF_IN}, V_{DIFF_OUT}

FIGURE 5-7: Differential Voltage Swing.

Input Stage

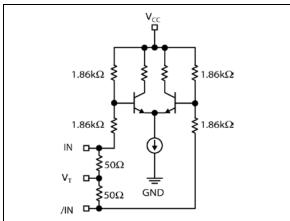


FIGURE 5-8: Simplified Differential Input Stage.

6.0 INPUT INTERFACE APPLICATIONS

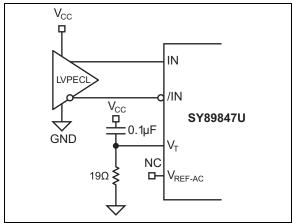


FIGURE 6-1: LVPECL Interface (DC-Coupled).

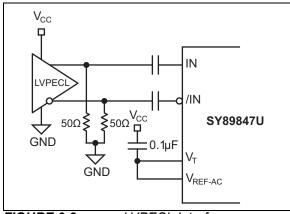
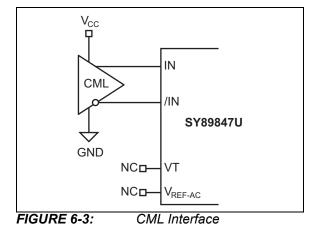


FIGURE 6-2: LVPECL Interface (AC-Coupled).



V_{CC}
IN
IN
V_{CC}
SY89847U
V_T
V_{REF-AC}

FIGURE 6-4: CML Interface (AC-Coupled).

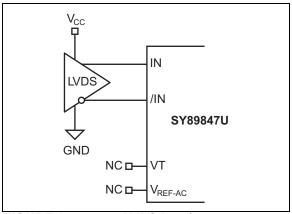


FIGURE 6-5: LVDS Interface (DC-Coupled).

(DC-Coupled).

7.0 LVDS OUTPUT INTERFACE APPLICATIONS

LVDS specifies a small swing of 325 mV, typical, on a nominal 1.2V common mode above ground. The common mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in the ground between and LVDS driver and receiver. Also, change in common mode voltage, as a function of data input, is kept to a minimum, to keep EMI low.

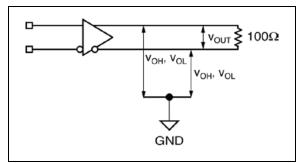


FIGURE 7-1: LVDS Differential Measurement.

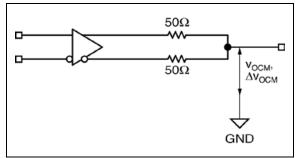


FIGURE 7-2: LVDS Common Mode Measurement.

8.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

8.1 Package Marking Information

32-Pin QFN*



Example



Legend: XX...X Product code or customer-specific information
Year code (last digit of calendar year)
Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)

YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

(e3) Pb-free JEDEC[®] designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

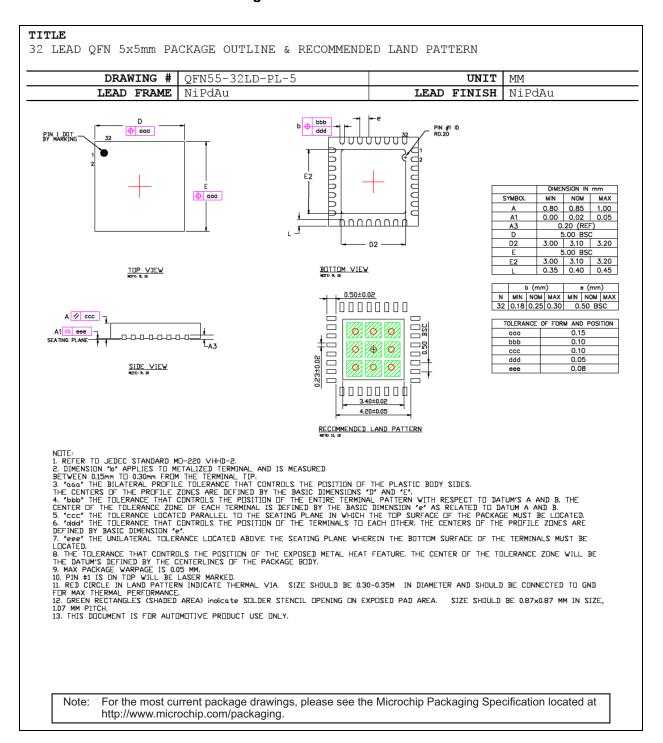
This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

•, ▲, ▼ Pin one index is identified by a dot, delta up, or delta down (triangle mark).

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information. Package may or may not include the corporate logo.

Underbar (_) and/or Overbar (¯) symbol may not be to scale.

32-Lead 5 mm x 5 mm QFN Package Outline and Recommended Land Pattern



SY89847U

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (October 2018)

- Converted Micrel document SY89847U to Microchip data sheet template DS20006101A.
- Minor text changes throughout.

SY89847U

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, contact your local Microchip representative or sales office.

PART NO.	X	v	v	- <u>XX</u>	Example	es:	
Device	Ţ	A ackage	Temperature Range	Tape and Reel	a) SY898	47UMG:	SY89847, 2.5V/3.3V Input Voltage, 5 mm x 5 mm 32-Lead QFN, –40°C to +85°C Temperature Range, 60/Tube
Device:	SY89847:			1:5 Fanout Buffer fe Input with Internal	b) SY898	47UMG-TR:	SY89847, 2.5V/3.3V Input Voltage, 5 mm x 5 mm 32-Lead QFN, -40°C to +85°C Temperature Range, 1,000/Reel
Input Voltage:	U =	2.5V/3.3\	/		Note 1:		el identifier only appears in the
Package:	M =	5 mm x	5 mm QFN-32			identifier is us is not printed	number description. This sed for ordering purposes and on the device package. Check rochip Sales Office for package
Temperature Range:	G =	–40°C to	85°C (NiPdAu Lea	d-Free)			th the Tape and Reel option.
Special Processing:	<black> = TR =</black>	60/Tube 1,000/Re					

SY89847U

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- · Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
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